

4-596 (REV. 11-20-73)

U. S. Department of Justice

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FEDERAL BUREAU

of

INVESTIGATION

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SERIALS X-25

65- HQ-53615

SECTION 1

SECTION 1
SERIALS X-25



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George H. H. H.

WCRP

BEN F. GARLAND
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
HUNTINGBURG, IND.

August 24, 1945.

Honorable Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Intelligence
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

When I write to you, I always get results. I have hesitated about communicating the thoughts herein contained to anyone, having thought seriously of writing straight to President Truman in this regard.

To make myself clear, I must say that I have never believed wholeheartedly in spiritualism, or shall I say prescience? However, I, like, no doubt many others at times, have had varied and amazing experiences bordering on the supernatural. What follows is not the thoughts of a drinker or one under opiates though it may be the a delusion of a dream. Yet, I would not wish to imply that I had dreamed of these matters, neither having had dream or human knowledge of any sort.

I conclude that Hitler lives; that his name is now Gerhardt Weithaupt; that he resides at Innesbruk in Germany, being in the company of his personal physician, one Dr. Jodl. My further conclusion is that he or they are at the house of one Frau Frieda Haaf. My thoughts have been some on Ingoldstadt but more on the former name as the residence.

If I were personally present with you, I could tell you no more than is set out above, all of which may be rank foolishness, but which is nevertheless written to you in all sincerity with my humble suggestion that Mr. Purvis check into this while he is in Germany.

Regardless, of your opinion of this letter or of the results therefrom, please keep the same confidential, as being a lawyer of twenty-two years experience, I do not want to be laughing stock or held subject to ridicule.

With kindest personal regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Ben F. Garland

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. A. Tamm ✓
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin ✓
Mr. Ladd ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy ✓
Mr. Carson ✓
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY SP-5 JAP/ATC
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11/12/99 SPICKETTSS

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Regd/omw
2 copies furnished
W. H. R. - Sept
8/29/45
W. H. R.

EX-27

10-65-53615-25

BEN F. GARRISON
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
HUNTINGBURG, IND.

August 24, 1945.

Honorable Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Intelligence
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

When I write to you, I always feel I have hesitated about communicating the thoughts here to anyone, having thought seriously of writing a President Truman in this regard.

I am a very old man, I must say, but I have believed wholeheartedly in spiritualism, or shall I say psychism, for many years. I like, no doubt many others at times, have had various and amazing experiences bordering on the supernatural. That is not the thoughts of a drinker or one under opiate, though it may be the a delusion of a dream. Yet, I would not wish to let that I had dreamed of these matters, neither having had any human knowledge of any sort.

I conclude that Hitler lives, that he is now a changed man, that he resides at Innsbruck, Austria, one of the mountains of the Alps, and that he or they are at the house of the President's friends. I have been told on information that he is now a changed man, that he resides at Innsbruck, Austria, one of the mountains of the Alps, and that he or they are at the house of the President's friends.

I am personally present with you, I could see and hear you, all of which may be true, but I am nevertheless written to you in all of the above. I am nevertheless written to you in all of the above.

Regardless of your opinion of this letter, I am nevertheless written to you in all of the above. I am nevertheless written to you in all of the above.

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August 29, 1945

80
65-53615-25
Mr. Ben F. Garland
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
Huntingburg, Indiana

Dear Mr. Garland:

I have received your letter of August 24, 1945, relative to your thoughts on the present location of Adolf Hitler. Since this matter is of primary interest to the War Department, I have taken the liberty of making the information you have furnished available to that agency.

Your interest in making this information available is indeed appreciated. If in the future you have information of interest to this Bureau, it is suggested that you communicate with the Special Agent in Charge, Federal Bureau of Investigation, 327 Federal Building, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

DE-INDEXED
DATE: 11-23-56
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

52 SEP 17 1945

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DATE 11-26-91 BY 156588/ptc

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

WASHINGTON

August 30, 1945

In-reply refer to
FC

The Department of State transmits to the following
the attached information in the hope that it will be of
value:

Military Intelligence Division

Office of Naval Intelligence

✓ Federal Bureau of Investigation

~~Office of Strategic Services~~

Argentina - For. Funds - G
Chile - Esp. - G
Argentina - Esp. - G

Enclosure:

Copy of despatch no. 6148 from Montevideo
dated July 31, 1945, subject: "Theory Advanced
by German Political Refugee as to Possibility
of Hitler's Presence in Argentina or Southern
Chile".

EX-12
RECORDED

65-52615-24

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29 SEP 5 1945

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Montevideo, Uruguay
July 31, 1945

CONFIDENTIAL

No. 6148

Subject: Theory advanced by German political refugees as to possibility of Hitler's presence in Argentina or Southern Chile.

The Honorable
The Secretary of State,
Washington.

Sir:

I have the honor to report for possible consideration the investigation of theory advanced by Hans Joachim Goebbels, German political refugee residing in Montevideo, as to the possibility of Hitler's having been landed by a German submarine in Argentina or on the southern coast of Chile.

Goebbels claims to be the nephew of Marshall Von Hindenburg and to have belonged to the so-called "Custodian" group founded in Germany in 1934, which he says was destroyed when Marshall Von Hindenburg and others were executed in July, 1944. Goebbels claims that he was imprisoned for two years by the Gestapo under the charge of high treason and that the Reich but that he managed to escape from prison in 1937 through the intercession of some German generals and that the stories which have circulated here about his being a long spy-master - and even an agent - can be disproved by certain records existing in Germany. (For further information about Goebbels and his alleged connections please see postal intercepts record nos. LOH/SE/7611/44, LOH/SE/7804/44, LOH/AL/3139/44, and LO-64945.) In the past Goebbels has submitted information to the Embassy which has been found to be on the sensational side and generally unreliable. Although the Embassy has a low opinion of his integrity and although Goebbels claims that the letter he allegedly received from the Countess Helene cannot now be produced since it must have been among various documents of his which were recently stolen for "some Allied Embassy" by a German named Hans Gohlisch, it has been felt best to submit his story for what it may be worth in view of his apparently friendly relations in the past with some of the persons involved and the possibility that the American authorities in Germany can check his information through interrogations of the same.

The information furnished by Goebbels is the following. He claims that he received a letter a long time ago from the Countess Helene Stollberg, Castle Escherode, near, an acquaintance of his, who had previously furnished him inside

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ENCLOSURE

information

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U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

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information about the Nazis. Judging from its postmark he gathers this letter must have been carried on one of the last planes out of Germany to Spain and then sent to Portugal and Argentina, from which last country it finally reached him. In her letter the Countess Stolberg allegedly reported that in February of this year a meeting was held in her father's castle, Ascherode, near Weimar, to discuss arrangements for "the flight of some Germans to Argentina" and that those attending included: her brother-in-law, Baron Hanno ~~VON HALEN~~ of Vaduz, Lichtenstein, described by Bonsack as "Hitler's principal agent for South America who is being sought by the American authorities"; Baron Wilco ~~VON KUNIGSHEIMER~~, Hayrode Castle, near Grossbothen Harz, an intimate friend of Von Halen's, a relative of the Stolbergs and a cousin of General ~~VON DER BECKE~~, Argentine chief-of-staff; and finally the Countess ~~REMBURG~~, another resident of Weimar (Ackerwand 4) and a relative of the well-known Count ~~LUXBURG~~ in Argentina, who first acquired notoriety as German Minister in that country during the last world war. To complete the picture Bonsack adds that from his personal knowledge Baron Von Halen effected the transfer of considerable capital from Germany to Argentina through Count Luxburg during the years preceding the war and the presence of the Countess Luxburg at the meeting in question seems to Bonsack clearly to reveal Count Luxburg's participation in the present scheme as well. Also according to papers allegedly found by the Countess Stolberg in Von Halen's safe, Von Halen has been in touch with Baron ~~KUNIGSHEIMER~~ and ~~VON KUNIGSHEIMER~~ in Chile as well as with Count Luxburg, General Von Der Becke and Dr. ~~MEYNER~~, former German Chargé d'Affaires in Argentina.

Also Bonsack claims to have received confirmatory information regarding Hitler's presumed flight to Argentina from a diplomat attached to the German Embassy in Rome. Bonsack has declared that he cannot divulge the identity of the diplomat in question but stated that he is related by marriage to the ex-minister Baron ~~VON MARTH~~.

Bonsack claims to have also received information from Switzerland and Sweden, and from a friend of his in Kiel, Carl ~~VON BROTHA~~, son of the Admiral, regarding the possible flight of Hitler, but he considers the information too vague to discuss in detail.

Bonsack declares that he subsequently received word from his ex-fiancee that a stranger had arrived in great mystery at her brother-in-law's castle in Vaduz the last day of April.

Bonsack's theory is based on the foregoing information plus the additional set of circumstances set forth below:

- I. The dismissal of Air Marshall Goering three days before Germany's surrender. A press communique declared that he was dying of a heart attack but it now appears that Goering is still very much alive. Bonsack claims that Goering must have been dismissed because he knew of

Hitler's

-3-

Hitler's plan to flee and it was feared Goering might tell. Bousack points out that Goering was replaced by Ritter ~~WON~~ ~~GRAIN~~, a Nazi fanatic, who committed suicide in Hamburg following the surrender.

II. The designation of BOENITZ as Hitler's successor at the very moment when the stranger previously referred to, and who Bousack feels might have been Hitler, was entering the principality of Lichtenstein. Boenitz' designation in Bousack's opinion, was the least indicated but absolutely necessary to provide for Hitler's flight in a submarine.

III. The report "which must be in the possession of the American Embassy in Madrid", since it was referred to in the press around May 8, regarding the landing of a German plane there from which a single person descended in the greatest mystery to be received by "a high (Spanish) functionary". This plane arrived before the plane bringing LIVAL to Spain.

IV. The submarine U-530 appeared in Argentina, according to Bousack, in exactly the right time (i.e. eight weeks) it would require to cross the Atlantic with necessary stops from Portugal after May 11. According to Bousack the declaration of the Captain that he had been navigating four months does not jibe with the facts.

V. The Captain must have known of Germany's surrender to the Allies and the fact that he did not give himself up sooner at some neutral country nearer than Argentina is a clear indication to Bousack that he was carrying out the orders of his superiors. Bousack continues that any claim the captain might make that his radio was out of order would not hold since he would have had to return to Germany to have had it repaired and at that time would have learned of the true state of affairs. In this connection Bousack declares that at the radio station of Flensburg the Allies may establish beyond question that the captain of the U-530 was in constant touch by wireless with that base following Germany's surrender.

VI. The Allied authorities have declared that four German submarines had not been accounted for. The U-530 has now appeared, another must have been sunk near the Argentine coast by its own crew, part of whom were picked up by the U-530, thereby accounting for the unusually large number found aboard the latter, and two others have allegedly been seen along a deserted part of the Argentine coast. The crew of the U-530 were selected according to Bousack from the graduates of the so-called "ordonnances" for the Nazi elite and therefore can never be expected to talk.

VIII. There has appeared in the press a report that some Argentine citizens have observed the disembarkation of persons in a rubber boat.

The conclusion reached by Bousack is obvious. He

feels

1/ feels it to be quite possible that Hitler has been landed either by the U-530 or by one of the other two submarines referred to, along some deserted part of the Argentine coast or along the southern part of the Chilean coast where Baron Hitler is said to own immense properties. When shown the attached A.R. despatch which appeared in the local press containing statements made by Admirals Loberg and Goff regarding the movements of the U-530, Bonnich stated that he felt more convinced than ever that its trip to Argentina "from Norwegian waters" was made in disregard of the surrender terms and at the instance of superior orders. Further, he feels that while the U-530 gave itself up, it might have done so deliberately to draw attention away from the other two submarines referred to, one of which might have had Hitler aboard.

Bonnich feels that his theory could be proved or disproved through the questioning by our authorities of the following persons in Germany:

Countess ~~X~~Luxburg, Scherwand 4, Weimar, Thuringia;

Baron Wilco von Kluechtzner, Rittergut Haynrode bei Grossbodungen Harz, Weimar;

Count Martin Stolberg, father of Countess "Vicky" Stolberg, Rittergut Ascherode bei Grossbodungen Harz, Weimar;

Dr. ~~X~~FRICK, former Minister of Interior of the Reich, who at one time was a subordinate of Von Kluechtzner and who has been a close friend of the latter;

Mary GOLLING, wife of Marshal Goring, who was another friend of the Von Kluechtznors;

Dr. Hans REISSER;

Admiral Doenitz;

ROSSBERG, ex-German military attaché in Rio de Janeiro, who could shed a great deal of light on Von Hitler's activities if the former has not succeeded in escaping to Swiss territory;

Colonel L. L. L., ex-aide of General L. L. of Bolivia, who acted in Barcelona as an agent for General L. L. Bonnich feels that Hitler might have had a hand in making arrangements for Hitler's passage through Spain.

The Countess "Vicky" Stolberg would seem to the Embassy to be the most indicated person to be interviewed to check Bonnich's report. Bonnich has said that if the American authorities should interview her they take extreme care to protect her and the information she volunteers since her life and friends are still unaware of the information furnished about them and their friends. Sincerely

Finally Bonsdek claims that for many years he has made a study of people's hands and that as a result of three interviews he had with Hitler in 1932 and 1933 he could recognize Hitler's hands anywhere no matter how well disguised he might be.

As stated the Embassy is forwarding the information without assuming any responsibility for its accuracy. If the suggested interrogations in Germany would not be too difficult to arrange it would be appreciated if the Embassy might be informed of their outcome.

Respectfully yours,

For the Ambassador:

Reginald Bragonier
Second Secretary

Enclosure:

1. A.P. Despatch which appeared in the local press containing statements made by Admiral ~~Eberhard~~ ~~Godt~~ and ~~Helmut~~ regarding the movements of the U-530

820.02

RB:mt

Original and hectograph to Department

Copies to Embassies in Buenos Aires and Santiago, Chile

referred to
 Decree No. 6143 of
 July 1, 1948, from the
 American Embassy at
 Montevideo, Uruguay

COPY

La Habana, Julio 21, 1948

COPY ENVIADO AL VIJER DEL U-530

Niel 30. (a.f.) -- El almirante Reinhard Gode, jefe de operaciones de la flota submarina alemana, reveló que el submarino U-530 partió de Kiel el 5 de marzo, hacia un puerto noruego, sin que Hitler ni Eva Braun estuvieran a bordo, y calificó de "tres horas fantásticas" a las versiones según las cuales éstos habían sido desembarcados en la Argentina desde submarinos alemanes.

Ciertamente habría sido informado si el U-530 hubiese estado destinado a alguna misión especial, declaró Gode en sus primeras manifestaciones a la prensa desde la capitulación de Alemania. El 5 de marzo salió de Kiel hacia un puerto noruego.

Las declaraciones del almirante Gode, fueron corroboradas por el almirante Helmut, ex comandante del crucero "Hipper" y jefe de las unidades periscopas de combate. El capitán Kurt Langor, hasta hace ocho meses comandante del U-530 declaró que ese submarino hacía agua por las juntas y que no se lo consideraba seguro. Posiblemente si Hitler y Eva Braun iban a huir de Alemania en un submarino, ello no se habría realizado en el U-530, dijo. Es un submarino poco afortunado. Su proa fué destronada por un buque estancue norteamericano en las navidades de 1943, cuando fué atacado frente a las costas al norte del Canal de Panamá. Fué muy afortunado al poder regresar a su base. El U-530 fué construido en 1943 y es un suborrible viejo y gastado. Es extraordinario que luego podría llegar hasta la Argentina.

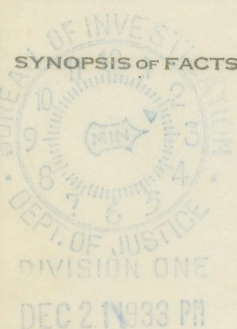
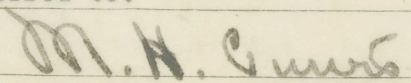
at

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

FILE NO. 62-1722

REPORT MADE AT: CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	DATE WHEN MADE: 12/19/33	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 12/16 & 18/33	REPORT MADE BY: H. H. REINECKE MG
TITLE: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS			CHARACTER OF CASE: PLAN TO ASSASSINATE CHANCELLOR HITLER
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:  <p>Shortly before October 13, 1933, a man called on German Consul Yaeger, now in Germany, at Chicago, and refusing to give his name or address, said he would for an immediate \$1,000 cash consideration divulge details of a plot being hatched among educated Jews of Chicago to send an emissary to Germany to kill Chancellor Hitler, with an additional \$4,000 to be paid if the plot were frustrated as a result of his information. On October 20th this same individual, giving the name of M. Kimball, called at German Embassy, Washington, D. C., with same story and demands; later calling the Embassy by phone and demanding \$50,000, saying he was going to New York to see German Consul, where he later called by phone, but never put in his appearance. No description, address, or connections of Kimball available in Chicago.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">R.U.C.</p>			
DETAILS: REFERENCE: Letter from Washington Field office, dated 11/29/33, and enclosures, and Division letter dated 12/11/33.			
DETAILS: AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.			
Agent contacted German Consul General Dr. Nuhring, 520 North Michigan Avenue, relative to this matter, who stated that he believed it was his assistant, Dr. Tannenberg, who dealt with the individual referred to.			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: 	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	RECORDED AND INDEXED: 65-53615-22 DEC 21 1933	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Division-3 Washington Field-2 Chicago-2 Copy to Mr. Keenan 12/21/33 - JMS		CHECKED OFF: DEC 22 1933 JACKETED:	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ROUTED TO:		FILE JMS	

- 2 -

Dr. Tannenberg stated that it was not he who had been contacted by the individual in question, but that it had been Consul Yaeger, who is now in Germany. Dr. Tannenberg called the consul file on the matter and from a report by Consul Yaeger contained therein, gave the following information. This report is dated October 13, 1933, and purports to relate the circumstances which probably occurred some time within a week prior to that date.

A man called on the Consul at 520 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, and refusing to give his name or address, stated that he would for an immediate cash payment of \$1,000 give the details of a plot which was being concocted in Chicago to kill Chancellor Hitler, and that he should receive an additional \$4,000 in case the plot was frustrated by information given by him. This individual stated that he had come to Chicago in July of 1933, and had been asked to be initiated into an organization of educated Jews who were arranging to send an individual to Germany to kill Chancellor Hitler. This individual stated that he knew the name of the individual who was to go to Germany as well as the individuals involved in the plot. He said that the man who was to go to Germany was from Chicago and of Jewish extraction, although he did not appear to be a Jew; that he was to go to Germany by way of London at which latter place he was to receive further instructions by which he would be able to get into the presence of Chancellor Hitler in his office where the murder was to be committed; that he was willing to sacrifice himself for the purpose of solving the Jewish problem in Germany, provided his mother and brothers were taken care of after he had been arrested or killed.

Consul Yaeger's report continues that he was somewhat skeptical of the man's ability to deliver the information he promised.

The consul file in Chicago also reflected that on October 20, 1933, this individual, giving the name of M. Kimball, appeared at the German Embassy in Washington, and related substantially the same story, making the same demands. The following day he called the Embassy by telephone, increasing his demand to \$50,000. The German Embassy, according to the report in the Consul file in Chicago, endeavored to make arrangements for this individual to call on the German Consul at New York City so that the proper authorities could take up their investigation from that point. However, he did not personally call at the Consul's office in New York, but did communicate by telephone on one or two occasions.

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- 3 -

As seen from the above, there is no description, address or information concerning connections of this individual available in Chicago.

Mr. Tannenberg was supplied with the address and telephone number of the Chicago Division office, and he stated that should he receive any additional information or calls from this individual he would communicate with it by telephone.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN

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R
Am

August 28. 1945

F.B.I.
Washington, D.C.

Gentlemen:

I truly believe that you will find
Adolph ^(D)Hitler and his Eva (perhaps even with a child,
in Japan
as reported by the papers) hidden/and perhaps disguised
as Japs. The disguise would naturally be there and what
better country has he had to hide in up to now. Some of
your agents better put on their most penetrating glasses.

Very truly yours,

Ruth Duncan
Ruth Duncan
Atherton Hotel
Chicago, Ill.

No! not really!

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EX-62

165-53615-22
F B I
29 AUG 30 1945

204
70 AUG 31 1945

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

JCS:EOD

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

FROM : J. C. STRICKLAND

SUBJECT: NORMAN M. STEINMAN
FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTER

DATE: August 21, 1945

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 SPK/pt
#86-0710
11/12/99 SP KAT/SS

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

ASAC Carl Hennrich, Washington Field Office, called and advised that the Bureau sent the Washington Field Office a letter dated April 3, 1945, containing instructions to contact Norman M. Steinman, who is supposed to have information to the effect that Adolf Hitler is hiding in Argentina. Mr. Steinman was located and he refused to give his source of information. However, he stated that he would recontact his source and determine if the individual would agree to having his name disclosed. Shortly thereafter the Military Intelligence requested a name check of the Washington Field Office on Norman Steinman and it was determined that they were in receipt of the same information and were making an investigation. The Washington Field Office informed Major Simpson that the matter was one within their jurisdiction. During the evening of August 20, 1945, Steinman returned to the Washington Field Office and advised that he had been contacted by Lieutenant Cordell, Military Intelligence, who had threatened him and he had absolutely refused to furnish the Military Intelligence with any information. He stated that in view of the action of the Military Intelligence, he desired to furnish all information in his possession to the Bureau.

Steinman stated that his source of information is Dr. Browne Landowne of Winter Park, Florida. He advised that Dr. Landowne is connected with the Landowne Foundation, Orlando, Florida. Dr. Landowne advised him that he has flown considerably in Argentina and that he was recently at a ranch at the base of the Andes Mountains, where he observed some Germans and it is at this particular point that he claims Hitler is residing with some of his henchmen.

This matter is being referred to Mr. Carson, and it is recommended that Dr. Landowne be interviewed for complete information.

RECORDED & INDEXED

85

EX-22

165-53615-21
FBI
31 AUG 24 1945

SAC - Hammer,
Museum advised
to locate and
interview Dr. Landowne.
at once. 8-26-45
JCS.

53 AUG 30 1945

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F. B. I.
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

that Dr. Landowne was interviewed for complete information.

men.

particular point was that Dr. Landowne is residing with some of his household of the Andes Mountain where he observed some Germans and it is at this point considerably to Argentina and that he was recently at a ranch at the base of Landowne Foundation, Orlando, Florida. Dr. Landowne advised him that he has of Winter Park, Florida. He advised that Dr. Landowne is connected with the

Steinman stated that his source of information is Dr. Browne Landowne he desired to furnish all information in his possession to the Bureau.

formation. He stated that in view of the action of the Military Intelligence, he had absolutely refused to furnish the Military Intelligence with any information by Lieutenant Cordell, Military Intelligence, who had threatened him and returned to the Washington Field Office and advised that he had been contacted within their jurisdiction. During the evening of August 20, 1945, Steinman The Washington Field Office informed Major Simpson that the matter was one were in receipt of the same information and were making an investigation. Washington Field Office on Norman Steinman and it was determined that they shortly thereafter the Military Intelligence requested a name check of the and determine if the individual would agree to having his name disclosed, source of information. However, he stated that he would recontact his source in Argentina. Mr. Steinman was located and he refused to give him imposed to have information to the effect that Adolf Hitler is hiding 1945, containing instructions to contact Norman M. Steinman, who is that the Bureau sent the Washington Field Office a letter dated April 3, 1945, Carl Steinman, Washington Field Office, called and advised

SUBJECT: NORMAN M. STEINMAN
FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTER

FROM: J. C. STRICKLAND

TO: MR. D. M. LADD
JCS:POB

DATE: August 21, 1945

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Mumford _____
 Mr. Jones _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 JSP/ptc

86-0710

11/12/99 SP102K/JS

FROM BUENOS AIRES 8-13-45 NR 176 6:03 PM EWT

Adolf
 REPORTS HITLER IN ARGENTINA. NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS TO DATE. SUGGEST
 DAILY CABLE SUMMARY BE DISCONTINUED WITH UNDERSTANDING IMPORTANT
 DEVELOPMENTS WILL BE SUBMITTED BY CABLE. *cm*

RECEIVED 8-13-45 7:06 PM EWT

SE 36

RECORDED

165-53615-20
 35 AUG 17 1945

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated
 outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in
 order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

58 AUG 27 1945 65

RECEIVED-CARSON
F.B.I.
S. DEPT. OF JUS.

RECEIVED-CARSON
F.B.I.
S. DEPT. OF JUS.

AUG 15 9 38 AM '41

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

2E 3E

RECORDED COPY

FBI RADIOGRAM

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn
- Mr. Nease
- Mr. Gandy

August. 18 / 1945

DR. C. H. EHRKE - 701 NORTH PINE DRIVE - BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Mr. Hoover:

Chief of. F. B. I.

Washington

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 ~~SP~~ RTO
#86-6910
11/12/99 SP 10K/JS

Dear Sir;

I enclosed you find a clipping of a Newspaper. I think it was possible that this Sue carried Hitler and some of his nearest over to our country, the safest place in the world for him for hiding, because no one would think, he would be so fresh to try it, but this coward is clever like a fox.

Well this is only my opinion, If I had to arrange it and had the necessary Money on hand, it would be possible to buy a great Estate on the Atlantic Coast, have it well guarded like the Rockefeller Estate in Tarrytown, He could live there

affected
ENC 1/2
LHB/nd 8/25/45

RECORDED
INDEXED
15-5365-17
19 AUG 22 1945

with trust full Servants undisturbed,
 have his Face changed through plastic Surgery.

A friend of mine Mr. Cochrane a Officer
 of. F. B. I. in New York knows me very well,
 I have given him some Name and
 addresses of Nazis.

I live since May 43 here in Beverly Hills,
 always glad to help and serve my
 adopted County.

Mrs. Ehrke and myself we still believe
 this crazy Paperhanger is still alive, he
 is a coward to take his own life

Yours very Sincerely
 F. B. I.
 U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

NAT. SECURITY SN

Aug 24 10 12 AM '45
 Mrs. Ehrke

RECEIVED

Handed to Mrs.
 8-23-45
 Mrs.

Handed to Mrs.
 AUG 23 1945
 AUG 23 1945
 5:35 PM
 36

102 Days Late, German Sub Surrenders to Argentina

MAR DEL PLATA, Argentina, Aug. 17.—(AP)—A German submarine surrendered here today to Argentine naval authorities.

The 600-ton craft carried the number U-977 and a complement of 32, including four officers, one

of whom was Commander Heinz Schasser. The craft was similar to the U-530 which surrendered to Argentine authorities on July 10.

The navy ministry said the submarine was sighted by patrol boats off this Argentine submarine base at 9:20 this morning—

102 days after Germany signed the unconditional surrender.

The submarine was towed to the base by a minesweeper, escorted by an Argentine submarine.

The German crew immediately debarked and was placed under armed guard.

65-53615-19

of the world.

3. More powerful atomic bombs, "destructive beyond the wildest nightmares of the imagination."

4. New defense weapons, such as a target-seeking rocket which will automatically strike and destroy the super-sonic planes or guided missiles.

5. Improved air-ground communication systems which will make possible "intricate maneuvers either by pilotless planes or pilotless missiles."

6. Better techniques of launching, landing and supply airborne forces who can be dropped anywhere in the world "within a

Oppose M'Arthur as Japan Boss

LONDON, Aug. 17.—(AP)

—A Tass broadcast from Moscow today said the Soviet government had suggested the appointment of an Allied supreme commander to receive the capitulation of Japan and agreed to the appointment of General MacArthur in consultation with the U. S. Government.

The Tass statement was in the form of a denial of a report by Edward R. Murrow, C. B. S. cor-

#62-0710
11-24-91
BY 1525809/12

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65-53615-19

RECORDED

August 25, 1945

EX-8

Dr. C. H. Ehrke
701 North Alpine Drive
Beverly Hills, California

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-26-91 BY 1325 SP/MT

Dear Doctor Ehrke:

86-0710

11/12/99

SPICLK/JS

I received your letter of August 18, 1945, with enclosure, and I appreciate your interest and consideration in making this information available to me. You may be sure it will be afforded appropriate consideration by this Bureau.

In the event you should receive additional information which you believe to be of interest to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, please feel free to communicate directly with the Special Agent in Charge of our Los Angeles Field Office whose address is 900 Security Building, Los Angeles 13, California.

Sincerely yours,

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAILED 15

★ AUG 25 1945 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

John Edgar Hoover
Director

50 SEP 4 1945

175

Airmail

Hon.

Mr. Hoover

Chief of Bureau of Investigation.

Washington D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-26-91 BY 1585 BAP/ST

#86-0710

initials

SP12K155

Declassified Authority NND 32386

DR. C. H. EHRKE - 701 NORTH ALPINE DRIVE - BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/12/99 BY SP1CLK/SS

65-53615-19

ENCLOSURE

A PICTURE STORY OF HITLER'S RISE TO POWER, AND SATELLITES IN AND OUTSIDE OF GERMANY WHO HELPED HIM

With his press agent-in-chief, Dr. Paul Goebbels.
The New York TimesReading the funeral oration of the German Republic after his selection as Reichschancellor in 1933
The New York TimesAxis partners—Hitler and Mussolini in Italy in 1940.
The New York TimesPolish Invasion Climax of 6 Months
Of German Bullying and ThreatsBrowbeating Over Corridor and Danzig
Began in March, 1939, Followed by Charges
of 'Oppression' of Reich Nationals

The Polish crisis, which served as the immediate prelude to the second World War, began to manifest itself not long after Hitler's seizure of Czechoslovakia, following the annexation of the Sudeten territory in September, 1938.

The Poles had a non-aggression treaty with Hitler, concluded by the Fuehrer with Marshal Pilsudski, the Polish dictator, on Jan. 26, 1934, under which both nations were obligated not to go to war over any dispute that might arise between them. The treaty was for ten years.

The signing of this treaty brought a cooling in the relations between Poland and her old ally, France. Polish policy thereupon sought to balance itself between Germany and France, with Poland governed by the obvious desire to keep out of any embroilments between the two.

On Sept. 23, 1938, Hitler declared in a speech in Berlin that "Germany had no further territorial ambitions in Europe."

With the ostensible aim of reassuring Poland, he added that his 1934 nonaggression pact with Warsaw would "bring about lasting and continuous pacification." In November he again stressed this idea, and in January, 1939, he praised the Pact of Warsaw in an address before the Reichstag. In that month Foreign Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop returned Beck's visit by going to Warsaw. But the end of the idyll was approaching.

In March Hitler seized Bohemia and Moravia after reducing Slovakia to the role of a vassal of Berlin, and the campaign against Poland began.

Abuse of Germans Alleged

The "heat" was first turned on the Danzig issue. In accordance with the practice the Nazis had used so effectively in Austria and in the Sudeten region, they launched a campaign of propaganda charging mistreatment of Germans by Poles in territory held by Germany before 1918. At the same time a drive was inaugurated for the annexation of Danzig, the municipal administration of which had in the meantime come under Nazi rule, with Poland, however, still retaining the rights she held there under the Danzig statute, which became clear that Hitler was about to embark upon a new adventure, in violation of the statement he had made as late as Sept. 12, 1938, when he declared, referring to his treaty with Pilsudski:

"When in Poland a great statesman and patriot was ready to conclude a pact with us we immediately accepted the treaty recognizing our respective frontiers as inviolable. This treaty has done more for peace than all the chattering in Geneva put together."

Frontiers Became 'Unbearable'

In 1939 the frontiers, which Hitler had declared "inviolable" less than a year before, became "unbearable."

From March, 1939, the relations between Germany and Poland began to deteriorate rapidly. The situation in Danzig grew tense. The controlled German press set up a hue and cry about Polish "oppression." On April 28, 1939, Hitler addressed a memorandum to Warsaw announcing the abrupt abrogation of the 1934 nonaggression treaty. There was no provision in the pact for such unilateral action.

Soon Nazi armed bands began to seep into Danzig as preparations were begun by both sides for armed action. For five months Poland lived in a state of semi-mobilization, and by the time the crisis reached an acute stage in August millions of men had been mobilized on both sides. The German press intensified its campaign against Polish "atrocities," demanding the unconditional surrender of Danzig and of the Polish Corridor, where the inhabitants had for centuries been 90 per cent Polish.

The subsequent events that led to the advance of the German into Poland.

troops into Poland on Sept. 1, 1939, and the ensuing declarations of war by England and France against Germany in defense of Poland and, as later events showed, also in defense of Russia, developed as follows:

On Aug. 8 Hitler summoned to Berchtesgaden Albert Forster, Danzig Nazi leader, for final instructions.

On Aug. 11 Italian Foreign Minister Ciano met Hitler at Berchtesgaden, where, it is believed, the Fuehrer informed him of his determination to march on Poland if she remained unyielding.

On Aug. 15 officials in Berlin let it be known that "any attempt to minimize the significance of the Italo-German conversations will be a fatal illusion."

On Aug. 16 Hitler received the Hungarian Foreign Minister, and in a long conversation insisted upon unconditional surrender of Danzig and a corridor through the Corridor to connect Germany with East Prussia.

On Aug. 18 German troops occupied Slovakia, a move interpreted as part of the military plan for the encirclement of Poland.

On Aug. 19 mobilization of the Slovak Army was announced to be incorporated in the German forces.

On Aug. 20 came the announcement of the conclusion of a commercial pact between Germany and Soviet Russia.

On Aug. 21 Berlin sprang its great coup with the announcement that Germany and Soviet Russia had concluded a nonaggression treaty.

Poland Left Alone in East

On Aug. 23 Foreign Minister von Ribbentrop arrived in Moscow to sign the treaty. It was signed within twelve hours. Poland was left alone to fight her battle in the east. By the treaty Soviet Russia obligated herself not to come to the assistance of Poland in the event of war with Germany. Hitler intensified his pressure on Warsaw.

On Aug. 24 Hitler conferred in Berlin with Sir Neville Henderson and "left no doubt in the mind of the British Ambassador that the obligations assumed by the British Government (to come to the defense of Poland) could not induce Germany to renounce the defense of her vital interests." Hitler let it be known that his army was ready for action. It was also reported, two days later, that Hitler had told Henderson that Britain must abandon her alliance with Poland.

On Aug. 25 Hitler took another step toward the annexation of Danzig by proclaiming Forster his Staatsalter. War seemed imminent.

On Aug. 27 Hitler addressed a "man-to-man" letter to Premier Edouard Daladier of France in which he assured the Premier of his love for peace but insisted upon his "minimum demands," Danzig and the Corridor. The same day Berlin announced the cancellation of the Nuremberg Nazi party "peace congress," set for early in September, and rushed completion of German mobilization.

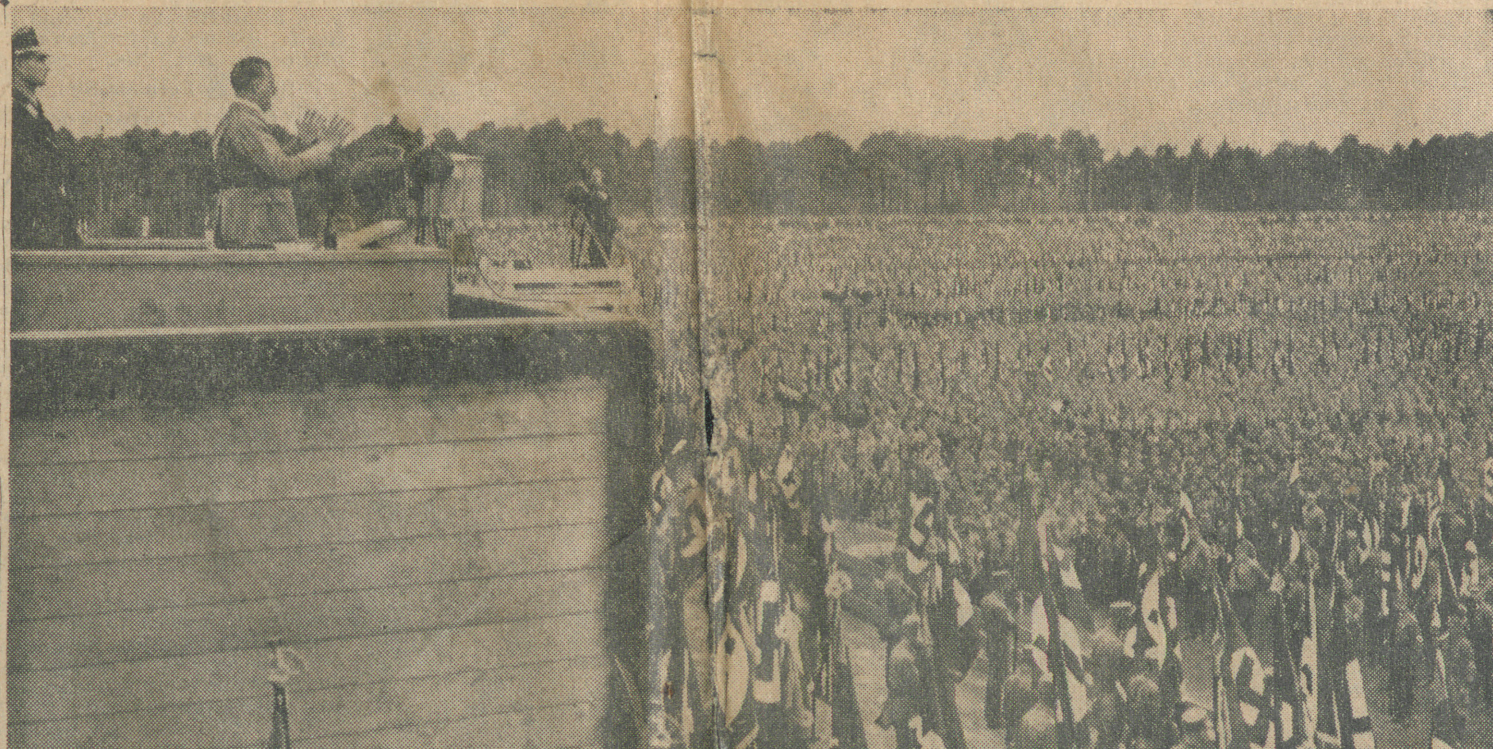
On Aug. 28 Great Britain informed Hitler through Sir Neville Henderson that she was determined to stand by her obligations to defend Poland, but at the same time urged direct negotiations between Warsaw and Berlin. France likewise reiterated her determination to defend Poland.

On Aug. 29 Hitler replied to London, insisting upon the satisfaction of Germany's "minimum demands" before any negotiations could take place.

Great Britain Stands Pat

On Aug. 30 Great Britain reiterated her position and again appealed for negotiations. Hitler's answer was an order setting up a council for the "defense of the realm."

On Sept. 1 German troops moved into Poland.

Gatherings such as these were not uncommon as Hitler from time to time ordered his followers out to hear an address by him. Here he is speaking to 160,000 Nazis on the great Zeppelin meadow in Nuremberg on Sept. 2, 1933.
The New York TimesAfter the first real success of the National Socialist Party at polls in 1930. Hitler meets the 107 members of his party, elected to the Reichstag, to outline their program for the future.
The New York TimesBROKEN PROMISES
FILL HITLER RECORDPledges Repeatedly Flouted
as Fuehrer Pursued His
Career of Conquest

Hitler's record of broken promises stands out as one of the conspicuous features of his career.

When he first came into power the question of most immediate concern to Europe was that of the Saar Basin, the part of Germany held by France and administered by the League of Nations in accordance with the Versailles Treaty for fifteen years. After that period the people of the Saar were to vote on whether they desired to return to Germany, become part of France or remain under the League.

Speaking in the Reichstag on Jan. 30, 1934, on the Saar issue, which was becoming acute because of the approaching plebiscite, Hitler said:

"After the solution of this question, the German Government is willing and determined to accept in its innermost soul, as well as external formulation, the Pact of Locarno."

March Into Rhineland

On March 1, 1935, after the plebiscite, in which Germany received more than 90 per cent of the votes, sovereignty over the region was returned to Germany. One year later German troops marched into the Rhineland zone created by the Treaty of Versailles and guaranteed against remilitarization by the Locarno pact entered into voluntarily by Germany in 1925.

To reassure Europe as to purpose in marching into the Rhineland, Hitler declared: "I have removed the question of the everlasting European revisionism from the atmosphere."

He gave this assurance in a speech in the Reichstag: "I believe I can regard the struggle for German equality as over. We have territorial demands to make in Europe."

Speaking again in the Reichstag on May 21, 1935, Hitler said: "Germany has neither the intention to mix in international affairs nor to unite with Austria."

On Jan. 30, 1937, he buttressed this promise by saying: "We declare I wish to announce the era of so-called surprises has been concluded."

Within a little more than a year these declarations were shattered by the march into Austria and the annexation of the country in the Anschluss.

A week after German troops drove into Austria Hitler declared: "The eternal dream of the German people has been fulfilled. Germany wants only peace. She does not want to add to the sorrows of nations."

Conquest After Conquest

The conquest of Austria barely two months old when the question of Czechoslovakia by mobilizing and arming to invade her. On October 1, 1938, the Czechs counteracted their own mobilization, and appeared to hold back Hitler. But in September, 1938, the question of the annexation of the Sudeten country to Germany, after instigating, as he had, a state of civil war in

region as an excuse for intervention.

This crisis ended in the Munich pact of Sept. 30, 1938, by which Germany obtained the Sudeten and other German regions of Czechoslovakia.

His favorite costume consisted of black trousers, khaki coat and neat tie. His only decoration was the Iron Cross he won in the First World War. He disliked jewelry but had a passion for being neat.

Hitler never went shopping and had all the things he wanted to purchase sent to him at the Chancellery.

He suffered from insomnia, and for this reason had no regular hours for going to bed or rising. Luncheon was always promptly at 2 P. M., however. He entertained modestly, the guests usually being party officials and leaders from the provinces. He did not expect his guests to eat his favorite food, meat and fish dishes. Hitler disliked festive banquets but enjoyed eating out frequently, particularly when in Munich, where he had several haunts. He loved onion soup, prepared according to his own recipe.

When in Nuremberg, attending the spectacular Nazi party congresses, he stayed in a modest apartment at the Deutscher Hof, a second-rate hotel. He shrewdly eschewed personal extravagance as politically unwise.

He was fond of films and liked to give private showings of favorite screen productions before guests at the Chancellery after dinner. He enjoyed looking at newsreels of himself and entertained his guests also with some foreign films. On such occasions he would seat himself on the floor in the dark and appeared to be having a good time.

Although he became the idol of many millions he had no talent for real friendship or intimacy. He had few women friends. His feminine associates, too, were chosen for

FUEHRER ASCETIC
IN PERSONAL LIFE

Celibate and a Vegetarian, He
Neither Smoked Tobacco
Nor Drank Liquor

Adolf Hitler was an ascetic, a celibate and a vegetarian and he neither smoked nor drank. From his early youth he was an ascetic. At the age of 16 he suffered from lung trouble and his passionate ambition to become a great historic figure impelled him to take good care of himself. Careful diet was his deliberately chosen method.

He led a simple life even after he had attained to the dizzy heights of Fuehrer and Chancellor. He had three residences: the official residence in the Chancellery's Palace in Munich and his chalet near Berchtesgaden.

In Berlin he maintained only five servants—carefully chosen from among old party comrades. One of these, Brigadier Schreck, was his chauffeur. The others included his chef, picked for the post because he knew how to cook Hitler's favorite vegetarian dishes and could be relied upon to guard against poisoning; his major-domo and aide-de-camp.

The Fuehrer liked to drive fast in an open automobile and was an aviation enthusiast. When driving he preferred to sit in front with the chauffeur.

Had a Passion for Neatness

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Although he became the idol of many millions he had no talent for real friendship or intimacy. He had few women friends. His feminine associates, too, were chosen for

political purposes. His only passion was politics.

Women of the people did not rally to him until after he had achieved a large degree of prominence. He never became a hero to his valet because he did not have any. Long before housemaids flocked to his support, his feminine supporters were women of the upper class. But he could be very charming to women when he chose and, after achieving power, even learned the art of kissing their hands in the salon manner. He was not without humor but of a rather heavy sort.

Although he had acquired considerable poise, he was violent in argument.

Hitler made what may be called his social debut in the earlier days of his career in the drawing room of Frau Katherine Handstaengl in Munich, but his greatest woman friend was Frau Victoria von Dirksen, widow of a millionaire who built the Berlin subway. She spent a large portion of her husband's fortune in helping to finance Hitler's propaganda. Although in later years she fell out with the party, he continued to regard her as a favorite and for a long time regularly took tea with her at her Berlin home every fortnight.

As a youth Hitler developed a passion for Wagnerian music. In Munich, where he laid the foundations of his movement, he met Frau Winifred Wagner, widow of Siegfried Wagner, the composer's son. Frau Wagner became an enthusiastic Hitlerite and this, together with Hitler's devotion to Wagner, made them fast friends.

At one time there were reports that they would marry, but these were denied. Perhaps because of these reports Hitler drew away from her. To Frau Wagner, however, he owed much of his early financial aid. She was not wealthy, but because of her social position she was able to raise considerable sums for the Nazi movement when Hitler most needed money.

Another woman who had his favor was Leni Riefenstahl, a former movie actress, whom he entrusted with the task of editing the propaganda film "The Triumph of Will," the photographing of the 1935 Olympic Games in Berlin and various Nazi meetings and spectacles.

English Women His Friends

There were also two English women who were his friends, the daughters of Lord Redesdale—the Hon. Diana Freeman-Mitford, a supporter of Sir Oswald Mosley's Blackshirts in England, and the Hon. Unity Freeman-Mitford. The latter was Hitler's favorite and they often lunched together in Munich.

Frau Viorica Ursuleac, a member of the Berlin Opera, also enjoyed Hitler's friendship.

Hitler liked well-dressed women and admired French styles. On one occasion he scooped a movement launched by Frau Joseph Goebbels, wife of the Minister of Propaganda

and Enlightenment, for a boycott on French dress models.

Hitler detested evening clothes and wore full dress only on rare visits to the opera.

Though merciless to political opponents, he was kind to animals. A militarist, he was sickened by the sight of blood. A Wagnerian mystic, he loved spectacles of heroics and death. He was simple, Spartan and vain to the point of megalomania. While he took good care of his loyal lieutenants he had no real loyalty to anyone, and in his party he knew how to thwart opposition by setting friends against one another. His enemies he suppressed ruthlessly.

While endowed with vast energy, he was a procrastinator in minor matters and was given to hasty decisions on important things. He talked with great rapidity. An interviewer usually found that it was himself who was being interviewed. While pretending to listen to advice, Hitler always made his own decisions.

He read little, although he possessed a library of 6,000 volumes. His outbursts of furious energy would be preceded by long periods of inaction. When roused to anger he became dangerous even for his close associates. He brooked no contradiction. His neurostenia frequently drove him to tears and hysterics.

Hitler was truly devoted to music not only as an art but as a tonic for his nerves. His favorites were Schubert, Beethoven and Wagner.

One of the many disappointments of his youth was his rejection by the Vienna Academy when he applied for admittance to study architecture. He found satisfaction for this rebuff as leader of the Nazi party when he supervised the plans for the Brown House in Munich, party headquarters. He also interfered much in the designing of new museums and the appreciation of things beautiful he liked to make gifts of expensive bound books and objects of art.

When the Chancellery's Palace in Berlin was being redecorated for him he superintended the work in several domestic rooms and paid special attention to the installation of Nordic mythological tapestries depicting Wotan creating the world.

Munich His Favorite City

His Munich flat, which he redecorated in 1935 in his favorite baroque blue, white and gold, was in an unfashionable section of the Prinzregentenstrasse. To this flat he would retire when he wanted privacy. Munich was his favorite city, not only because of its architectural beauty but because it was there that his career was launched. The apartment was run by a half-sister, Frau Angela Rauba, who, until her marriage to a Professor Martin Hammitzsch, also supervised Haus Wachenfeld, Hitler's mountain retreat at Berchtesgaden, overlooking a magnificent vista in the Bavarian Alps, at a point from which the Fuehrer could look across into his native Austria.

LFB:rol

65-53615-18

August 25, 1945

RECORDED

EX-8

Mr. L. Earle LeMont
790 Washington Street
Bath, Maine

Dear Mr. LeMont:

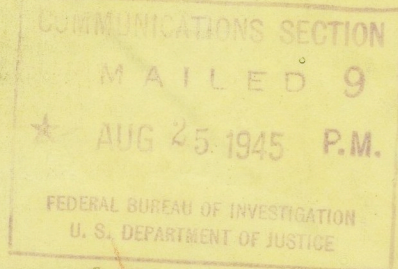
I have received your letter of August 21, 1945, and appreciate your interest and consideration in writing to me. You may be sure that the contents of your communication will be afforded appropriate consideration by this Bureau.

In the event you receive additional information which you believe to be of interest to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, please feel free to communicate directly with the Special Agent in Charge of our Boston Field Office whose address is 100 Milk Street, Boston 9, Massachusetts.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____



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6 AUG 29 1945 65
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 156580/PLC
#86-0710
11/12/99 SPICKER/JS

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AUG 25 1 16 PM '41
 RECEIVED-MAIL ROOM
 FBI
 U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

[illegible]

My office would agree to the fact that the Board of Directors of the company is not interested in the company's future and is not interested in the company's future and is not interested in the company's future.

I would appreciate your letter of August 31, 1962, and especially

DESL. AL. TEMPL:

ВЕРН. МАШИ
ДО МАШИНИСТОВ ЗАЛЕД
М. Г. ВЕРН. МАШИ

11/15/22
88-0110
DATE 1-27-81 BY 1352 RDD/MS
THIS DOCUMENT IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/15/22 BY 1352 RDD/MS

RECORDED

ушлар 52° 10' 52

INB:LOJ

Bath Maine Aug 21

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover —

My dear Sir: — As I have
turned in some things to
you and one you don't
think me for much
your own big nature —

I will not wait any
of your time, who when
the two civilians who landed
from the German Sub at
Argentina, I don't know any
might be Hitler, its King
of my business, but I think
these 2 should be well checked
Argentina as you will know
is a hot bed of German and
it is a most loyal place

#86-0710
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-21-91 BY 195300/nt

11/12/99 SPICKLES

EX-8

RECORDED

INDEXED

165-53615-18

31 AUG 23 1945

ack'd

LHB/nd

8/21/45

for that RAT to seek even
 they say he is dead but
 is he, I don't think he
 is I presume you have loved
 those two who left that
 sub, they surely had to
 be covered and they did
 not come in on an
 any sub for any good
 purpose.

I am not trying to tell
 you what to do you know
 but I am still worried
 about those 2 men and
 they are not there for any
 good purpose.

Yours
 L. E. Earle

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
 FBI
 EARLE
 AUG 23 4 16 PM '45
 RECEIVED
 12/23/45

AUG 23 1945

Just back to cover 8/23-45

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

FILE NO. 109-1

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE 8-11-45	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8-7,9,10,11-45	REPORT MADE BY J. BERNARD COOK (A) JBC:CNS
TITLE REPORT THAT ADOLF HITLER IS IN ARGENTINA NORMAN M. STINEMAN - INFORMANT			CHARACTER OF CASE FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTER <i>Arg. Sec mat - B</i>

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

STINEMAN alleges that his informant, a life long friend whose name he refuses to disclose, flew 675 miles west from Florianapolis, Brazil, on one occasion and 450 miles north northwest from Buenos Aires to a ranch near the base of the Andes Mountains, in company with a group of Germans. This ranch is reported by STINEMAN to be in the vicinity of the hideout of ADOLF HITLER. According to STINEMAN, HITLER is presently residing there with a group of his former henchmen. STINEMAN presently employed at the Veterans Bureau as a structural engineer.

- C -

REFERENCE:

Bureau letter dated August 3, 1945.

EX-8

RECORDED

DETAILS:

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Bureau letter of reference set forth information to the effect that NORMAN M. STINEMAN had transmitted information to the effect that HITLER was at the present time in Argentina, together with hundreds of his Nazi associates. According to the information in the possession of STINEMAN, these Nazis were presently directing the construction of great industrial plants in that country, which were designed and equipped to be converted quickly to the manufacture of long range robot bombs for the destruction of cities in the

APPROVED AND
FORWARDED:SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

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5 - Bureau

2 - Washington Field

COPY IN FILE

32 AUG 13 1945

RECORDED

INDEXED

58 AUG 27 1945

WFO 109-1

United States and Brazil.

This hideout was purported to be beneath a German owned hacienda located about 675 miles west from the Brazilian port of Florianapolis and 450 miles northwest of Buenos Aires.

Mr. NORMAN M. STINEMAN presently resides at 4612 49th Street, N. W., and was interviewed at the Washington Field Office by the writer. Mr. STINEMAN stated that he had transmitted the information in his possession concerning the whereabouts of HITLER to Senator KILGORE and also to ~~VINCENT DE PASCAL~~, Post Office Box 888, Montevideo, Uruguay, who is a foreign correspondent for the "Chicago Times". STINEMAN stated that he obtained DE PASCAL's address from a Mr. KENT, first name unknown, the Washington representative of the "Chicago Times".

When Mr. STINEMAN was interrogated concerning the source of his information, he stated that a life long friend of his had told him in the strictest confidence that HITLER was presently residing in Argentina, near the base of the Andes Mountains, and instructed him explicitly never to reveal his name as the source of this information. According to STINEMAN this life long friend speaks many languages fluently, including German, Spanish, Portuguese and French. STINEMAN stated that he did not know his occupation, but did know that for the last twenty years he had traveled all over the world, particularly in South America. He stated that he apparently represents various countries and various corporations in many different localities. On one particular occasion STINEMAN'S informant was selling manufacturing equipment in South America.

According to STINEMAN his informant had told him that on one occasion he posed as a German national and flew 675 miles west from the Brazilian port of Florianapolis with a group of German nationals. STINEMAN stated that they landed at a ranch near the base of the Andes Mountains and during the course of their trip he had ascertained that this ranch was nearby the hideout of ADOLF HITLER and a group of his cohorts.

On another occasion, according to STINEMAN, his informant again posed as a German citizen and flew from the port of Buenos Aires, Argentina, 450 miles north northwest from Buenos Aires to this same ranch. STINEMAN stated that his informant could not recall any town near this ranch and, therefore, could not identify the particular spot in which the purported hideout of HITLER is located. He stated that he had informed Senator KILGORE that the ranch was located 450 miles northwest of Buenos Aires, whereas, it was more nearly 450 miles north northwest of Buenos Aires.

WFO 109-1

STINEMAN stated that his informant had been in South America in May or June of this year and had contacted him in Washington, D. C. upon his return from South America. It was at this time that STINEMAN was informed that HITLER was presently hiding out in Argentina.

STINEMAN refused under any circumstances to reveal the source of his information, in view of the fact that he had given his word of honor that he would not reveal the name of his informant. However, he did state that his informant apparently was in constant travel status, but that when he was in the United States he spent most of his time in New York City. He also stated that his informant was about his, STINEMAN'S, age, Jewish and a very brilliant man, speaking many languages. STINEMAN stated that he never did ascertain his informant's connection with any business concern or any Government, but believed that he associated himself with anybody who needed his services.

STINEMAN stated that his informant added, just prior to his departure, that HITLER has shaved off his mustach and dyed his hair blond. Other than the above changes, his appearance has not been altered to any great extent.

NORMAN STINEMAN promised that upon the next occasion that his informant contacted him, he would try to prevail upon the informant to reveal his name to this office in strictest confidence, and also to give any additional information that he might have in his possession. STINEMAN stated that he knew of nothing further concerning the information about the whereabouts of ADOLF HITLER, other than that reflected above.

In order to ascertain the reliability of NORMAN M. STINEMAN, a background check was made of this individual.

Special Employee NICHOLAS MANFREDA checked The Credit Bureau and Stone's Mercantile Agency at Washington, D. C. for a record on NORMAN M. STINEMAN with negative results. A check of the indices of the Washington, D. C. Police Department failed to reflect any record on this individual.

NORMAN M. STINEMAN is not listed in the Washington, D. C. Telephone Directory or the City Directory.

It was ascertained that NORMAN M. STINEMAN was employed at the Veterans Administration, Washington Field Office, 1436 U Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. A check of his personnel file at Room 190 Veterans Administration Building, Vermont Avenue and H Streets, N. W.

WFO 109-1

reflected that STINEMAN was born February 21, 1887, and has been employed as a structural engineer at the Veterans Administration, Grade PNS-4 at a salary of \$3800.00 a year since February 1, 1945. Prior to this time he was employed at the War Production Board and the Foreign Economic Administration as an engineer at a salary of \$4600.00, from June 21, 1943 to January 31, 1945.

STINEMAN'S file at the Veterans Administration reflected that he was employed for five and one half years as a bridge designer for the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, Chicago, Illinois. He was also employed for a period of ten years as a structural engineer consultant for the Portland Cement Association, Chicago, Illinois, and for thirteen and one half years by the Concrete Publishing Corporation as editor of the magazine "Concrete". His personnel file reflects that his permanent residence is 1313 Central Street, Evanston, Illinois, and that his sole dependent is HAZEL W. STINEMAN, wife.

At the War Production Board prior to his transfer he received an efficiency rating of "very good", dated February 17, 1944.

No further investigation is being conducted by the Washington Field Division unless advised to the contrary by the Bureau, and this case is being considered closed.

- CLOSED -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **WASHINGTON, D. C.**FILE NO. **109-1**

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE 8-11-45	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8-7,9,10,11-45	REPORT MADE BY J. BERNARD COOK (A)	JBC:CNS
TITLE REPORT THAT ADOLF HITLER IS IN ARGENTINA NORMAN M. STINEMAN - INFORMANT			CHARACTER OF CASE FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTER	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

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- C -

REFERENCE:

Bureau letter dated August 3, 1945.

DETAILS:

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Bureau letter of reference set forth information to the effect that NORMAN M. STINEMAN had transmitted information to the effect that HITLER was at the present time in Argentina, together with hundreds of his Nazi associates. According to the information in the possession of STINEMAN, these Nazis were presently directing the construction of great industrial plants in that country, which were designed and equipped to be converted quickly to the manufacture of long range robot bombs for the destruction of cities in the

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 2 - Washington Field		<p>ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11/26/91 BY 1565 DOP/BL #86-0710 11/12/99 SPICK/KJS</p>	

L-50a

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Mumford _____
 Mr. Jones _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

FROM BUENOS AIRES 8-6-45 NR 166 6-05 PM EWT

Adolf REPORTS HITLER IN ARGENTINA. NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS TO DATE

RECEIVED 8-6-45 6-22 PM EWT MD

57 AUG 11 1945

RECORDED

EX-30

S.F. C.H.G.

37 AUG 8 1945

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

AUG 7 55 PM '45
RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

OUT

Intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated
to the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in
order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

RECEIVED
F.B.I.
AUG 7 1945

AUG 7 2 23 PM '45

RECORDED

EX-30

AUG 8 1945

REPORTS FILED IN ARGENTINA. NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS TO DATE.

RECEIVED 8-6-45 6-55 PM EDT

FROM BUREAU AIRS 8-6-45 IN 185

E.T.

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Coffey
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Jones
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Mr. Nease
- Mr. Gandy

L-50a

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Mumford _____
 Mr. Jones _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Mr. Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

FROM BUENOS AIRES

8-2-45

NR 155

3-54 PM EWT

REPORTS Adolf HITLER IN ARGENTINA. NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS TO DATE.

RECEIVED 8-2-45

4-05 PM EWT

MD

RECORDED

EX-6

39 AUG 4 1945

76 AUG 10 1945

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

AUG 3 9 12 AM '45

RECEIVED-CARSON

F.B.I.

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

OUT

AUG 3 8 42 AM '45
RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

DECODED CODE

FBI RADIOGRAM

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E.A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

THE OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP
WASHINGTON

August 1, 1945.

Mr. John Edgar Hoover,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Attention: Mr. W. J. Powell.

I enclose for your information and possible action
copies of correspondence from our Miami Postal Station
covering a communication from Norman M. Stineman, 4612 Forty
Ninth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. to Mr. Vincent de Pascal,
Foreign Correspondent, The Chicago Daily Times, Chicago, Illinois
and being forwarded to Vincent de Pascal, Box 888, Montevideo,
Uruguay.

Sincerely yours,

J. P. Wolgemuth
J. P. Wolgemuth,
Executive Liaison Officer.

Adolf Hitler

Enclosures:

Copies of two letters.

Copy of outside and inside cover.

RECORDED

EX-27

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

24

35 AUG 14 1945

Memo Wash Field -
Legat Montec B.A.
FEC-8-3-45 letter

EX-27

24

70 AUG 29 1945

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY 152588P/RTK
ON 11-26-91
#86-0210
11/12/99
SPICER/SS
See Mat. B.

AUG 8 9 43 AM '45
RECEIVED-CARSON
F.B.I.
U.S. DEPT. OF JUST.

RECORDED
INDEXED

copy of certificate and justice order
copies of the letters
enclosures:

ENCLOSURE
J. E. ROSEN
J. E. ROSEN

attached
and report forwarded to Director of Bureau, Box 100, Washington,
D.C. for information. The Director will also be advised of this
matter. It is requested that you advise the Director of any
developments in connection with this matter. Very truly
yours,
J. Edgar Hoover, Director

Enclosure: Mr. J. E. Rosen

Very truly yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosure: Mr. J. E. Rosen
Director of Bureau
Washington, D.C.

Very truly yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

WASHINGTON
THE OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

THE OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP
DISTRICT POSTAL CENSOR
Miami 31, Florida

July 26, 1945

Subject: Letter Proclaiming Knowledge of Hitler's Whereabouts.

To: Chief Postal Censor, Washington 25, D. C.

We are attaching a copy of a letter intercepted today from Mr. Norman M. Stineman, 4612 Forty Ninth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. originally addressed to Mr. Vincent de Pascal, Foreign Correspondent, The Chicago Daily Times, Chicago, Illinois and being forwarded to Vincent de Pascal, Box 888, Montevideo, Uruguay by the Chicago Daily Times, in which the writer asserts knowledge of Hitler's whereabouts in Argentina and the activities of various other Nazis in that country.

We know nothing about Mr. Stineman nor what his reliability may be and the information which he is furnishing seems very improbable, still since he seems so urgent about the matter we thought we had better relay you this information even though it does stem out of Washington. We have released the letter.

CHESTER B. FOX
District Postal Censor

Encls: 1
1 Copy of Letter

DECLASSIFIED BY 156582P/ATC
ON 11-26-91
86-0710
11/12/99 SPICLK/SS

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCLOSURE

65-53615-16

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Norman M. Stineman
4612 Forty Ninth Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

July 17, 1945.

Mr. Vincent de Pascal
Foreign Correspondent
The CHICAGO DAILY TIMES,
Chicago, Illinois.

My dear Sir:

DECLASSIFIED BY 156589/ptc
ON 11-26-91
86-0710
11/12/99 SPICKKFS

Today's Washington POST prints a condensed version of your dispatch to the TIMES concerning the belief that Hitler is in Argentina. I therefore hasten to pass on to you certain information that reached me in the middle of June, the source of which I can not under any circumstances disclose. You are in a position to investigate for yourself.

The Information I have is that Hitler is in Argentina; and, as you well know, so are hundreds of other leading Nazi scoundrels, preparing for their next onslaught against civilization.

Through co-operation of Government officials of Argentina, these Nazis are directing the construction of great industrial plants in that country, disguised as steel mills, but designed and equipped to be converted quickly in the manufacture of long-range robot bombs for the destruction of cities in the United States and Brazil.

Equipment is being installed also for the manufacture of a new weapon concerning which not even a hint has been given out.

Hitler is in hiding in a luxurious underground retreat, built underneath a great German-owned hacienda. Two "doubles" are with him. The body resembling Hitler, found in Berlin by the Russians, is that of another "double" who was murdered and planted there to deceive the Allies.

This hiding place is located about 675 miles West from the Brazilian port of Florianopolis, and 450 miles Northwest of Buenos Aires.

The Western Entrance to the elevators that lead to the retreat consists of a stone wall operated by photo-electric cells that in turn are activated by code signals flashed from ordinary falshlights. The wall promptly slides to the left, permitting automobiles to enter, after which the wall slides back into place.

Let me urge you by all means not to disregard this letter, but to give it a thorough investigation.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) Norman M. Stineman.

65-53615-16

ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(Subcover addressed to:

Mr. Vincent de Pascal
Foreign Correspondent
The CHICAGO DAILY TIMES
Chicago, Illinois.

(Please Forward)

(Outside cover.)

Foreign Desk
The TIMES,
Chicago Picture Newspaper
Chicago, Ill.

Mr. Vincent de Pascal
Box 888
Montevideo,
Uruguay.

65-53615-16

ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

THE OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP

WASHINGTON - 25

August 8, 1945.

Carson C.H.C.
A. J. J.

Mr. John Edgar Hoover,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Arg. - Sec Mat - B.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Attention: Mr. W. J. Powell.

Please refer to my letter of August 1, which transmitted to your Bureau copies of correspondence covering the communication from Norman M. Stineman, 4612 Forty Ninth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. to Mr. Vincent de Pascal, Foreign Correspondent, The Chicago Daily Times, Chicago, Illinois and being forwarded to Vincent de Pascal, Box 88, Montevideo, Uruguay. The Miami postal station has now made available a photostatic copy of the original communication which they intercepted and I am passing on a copy for whatever purpose it may serve.

Sincerely yours,

J. P. Wolgemuth
J. P. Wolgemuth,
Executive Liaison Officer.

EX-6

RECORDED

DECLASSIFIED BY 15658AP/102
ON 11-26-91

#86-0710

11/12/99

SPICK/SS

Enclosure:

Photostat of orig. com.

EX-6

ENCL

attached
126
815
G.H.C.
8

EX-6 RECORDED

& INDEXED

65-53615-15

AUG 14 1945

126

337
58 AUG 24 1945 65~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

NOV 13 9 34 AM '45
RECEIVED-CARSON
F. B. I.
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED

RECEIVED

RECEIVED

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK
SUBJECT: [Illegible]

RECEIVED

RECEIVED

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK
SUBJECT: [Illegible]

WASHINGTON

THE OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/12/99 BY SP1 CLK/JS



ENCLOSURE

65-53615-15

01

NORMAN M. STINEMAN
4612 FORTY NINTH STREET, N. W.
WASHINGTON 16, D. C.

July 31, 1945

Mr. Vincent de Pascal
Apartado Postal 888
Montevideo, Uruguay

My dear Sir:

A week or so ago, after learning of your dispatch to the CHICAGO DAILY TIMES concerning the rumored presence of Hitler in Argentina, I mailed to you via. the head office of the TIMES, certain information on this subject that came into my possession in the middle of June. Since then, Mr. Kent's office here in Washington has kindly obtained your address for me. Partly because of this more direct means of reaching you, and partly because some additional information has reached me, I am now repeating the essentials of my previous letter.

The information I received in the middle of June, which has in some part been confirmed by your dispatch to the TIMES, is that Hitler is in Argentina, and has been there since the latter part of May of this year (my previous letter says since early in June).

Likewise, hundreds of other leading Nazi criminals are in Argentina, preparing for another onslaught against civilization.

Through the co-operation of certain pro-Nazi high government officials of Argentina, these Nazi scoundrels are directing the construction of great industrial plants in that country, having the appearance of steel mills, but designed and equipped to be converted quickly to the manufacture of long-range robot bombs for the destruction of cities in the United States and in Brazil.

Machinery is being installed also for the production of a new weapon on which not even a hint has been given out.

Hitler is in hiding in a luxurious underground retreat, built underneath the buildings of a large German-owned hacienda.

Two "doubles" are there with Hitler. The body

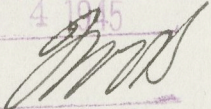
MT

83908

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/18/99 BY SP10R/JS

I certify that this is a true photostatic copy
of a document given me by an authorized
Censorship Official on AUG 4 1945


Photostat Operator CPMIT

Page 2 --

resembling Hitler, found in Berlin by the Russians, is the body of another "double" who was murdered and "planted" there in the hope of leading the Allies to think that Hitler is dead.

This hiding place in the northern part of Argentina is located about 675 miles west from the Brazilian port of Florianopolis, and about 450 miles to the north-northwest of Buenos Aires.

The western entrance to the elevators that lead to the retreat consists of what appears to be a stone wall, but which is operated by photo-electric cells which, in turn, are activated by code light signals flashed from ordinary flashlights. Upon such activation, the wall slides to the left, permitting automobiles to enter, after which the wall slides back into place.

Let it be added further that on May 25, Hitler was seen being driven in a gray Daimler car down the Avenida de Mayo as far as the Government Buildings, where the car slowed down while passing the buildings, and then returned to the Jockey Club. There Hitler had luncheon with a wealthy German banker. Hitler was observed to be without his moustache, and his hair is bleached to a light blond. Only the two "doubles" at the retreat continue to wear the little black moustache and black hair so well known from newspaper pictures of Hitler.

The U.S. Ambassador to Argentina has been directed to investigate the reports of Hitler's presence in Argentina. Undoubtedly this is a direct result of your newspaper dispatch to the TIMES.

I have no suggestions to make. You, as a trained newspaper man, will know far better than I, what to do about it.

Yours very truly,

Norman M. Stineman
Norman M. Stineman

MI 083909
NY

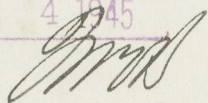
CONFIDENTIAL

SPECIAL NOTICE --- This contains information taken from private communications, and its extremely confidential character must be preserved. The information must be confined only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it be widely distributed, or copies made, or the information used in legal proceedings or in any other public way without express consent of the Director of Censorship.

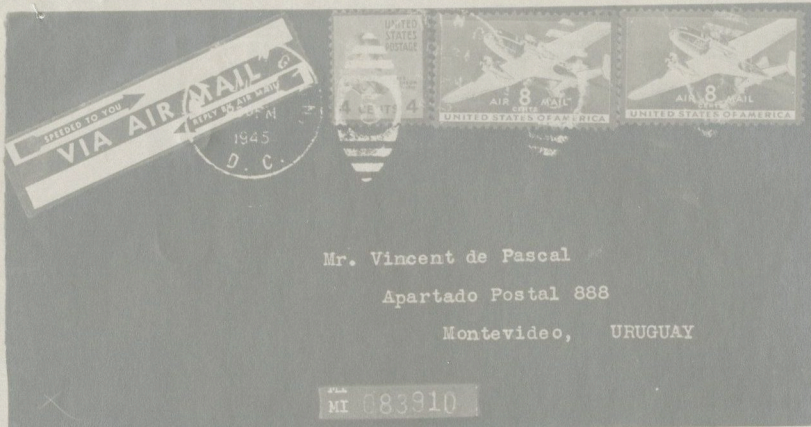
BYRON PRICE, Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/18/99 BY SP10K/JS

I certify that this is a true photostatic copy
of a document given me by an authorized
Censorship Official on AUG 4 1945



Photostat Operator: CPH



CONFIDENTIAL

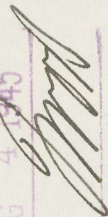
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BYRON PRICE, Director.

NORMAN M. STINEMAN
4612 FORTY NINTH STREET, N. W.
WASHINGTON 16, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/2/99 BY SP10K/SS

I certify that this is a true photostatic copy
of a document given me by an authorized
Censorship Official on AUG 4 1945



Photostat Operator (NAME)

65-52615-15

FEC:MMS

~~SECRET~~ - AIR COURIER

Date: August 3, 1945

DECLASSIFIED BY 1565 SDC/ptc

ON 11-26-91

To: Mr. E. J. Martin # 86-0710
The American Embassy
Montevideo, Uruguay 11/12/99ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE BY

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: Reports that Adolf Hitler is in Argentina
Foreign Political Matter

There are attached hereto two copies of a censorship intercept of correspondence between Norman M. ~~X~~Stineman and Vincent ~~X~~de ~~X~~Pascal, a Foreign Correspondent for the Chicago Daily Times located at the present time in Montevideo, Uruguay.

You will recall De Pascal was the author of sensational reports that Hitler was in Argentina. You will further recall that efforts to obtain from De Pascal the source of his information about Hitler's presence in Argentina were unsuccessful.

This censorship intercept is merely being furnished for your information.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 3
AUG 3 1945 P.M.
cc: Mr. James P. Joice, Jr.
The American Embassy
Buenos Aires, Argentina
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

RECORDED

INDEXED

AUG 9 1945

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

6 AUG 22 1945

337

SECRET ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE
Airtel con
* VTC 3 JUNE 80 P.M.
ADVISED
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

CONFIDENTIAL - ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11/19/92 BY SP-8 JAC/STP
 DECLASSIFIED BY 1252 JAC/STP

~~SECRET~~ - VIA COMBINE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: August 14, 1945

FROM : *RCH* SAC, Los AngelesSUBJECT: ROBERT DILLON AND REPORT ON
ADOLPH HITLER HIDEOUT
INTERNAL SECURITY - GALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 156589/PC
#86-0710
11/12/99 SPICLX/TSS

The following information was brought to the attention of the Los Angeles Field Office by SID HUGHES, reporter on the Los Angeles "Examiner", who advised that the information was originally received by an individual on the City Desk of his newspaper.

"ROBERT DILLON, 1611 Vista Del Mar, Hollywood, who it has been ascertained is a radio actor and "bit" parts movie player, reported that certain sources placed Adolf Hitler in hiding in Argentina. According to DILLON, he met a man named GUYDANO, who is of Spanish-Argentinian descent, at a club in Hollywood, and after several hours of general conversation, GUYDANO told DILLON about a tremendous problem that was bothering him and wanted to know if DILLON would help him. It followed that GUYDANO, who speaks fluent Spanish, was one of four men who met Hitler and his party when they landed from submarines in Argentina two and a half weeks after the fall of Berlin.

"The first submarine reportedly docked at approximately 11:00 at night, and the second submarine about two hours later. Hitler was reported to have been aboard the second submarine and with two women, a doctor, and several other men numbering in or about fifty persons came ashore. Pack horses were waiting for the group, and at daylight an all-day trip inland toward the foothills of the Southern Andes was started, and at dusk the party arrived at the ranch where Hitler and his party are now in hiding. According to GUYDANO, this affair was arranged by six top Argentine officials as far back as 1944, and GUYDANO further reports that if Hitler is apprehended the names of these six top officials will be revealed. GUYDANO is ready also to reveal the names of the three other men who, with GUYDANO, helped HITLER inland to his hiding place.

"GUYDANO advised that he was given \$15,000 for helping in the deal, and wishes to state at this time that he does not want to become any further involved, and realizing that it is only a matter of time before Hitler is apprehended, he is desirous of clearing himself at this time.

"GUYDANO informed that two interesting things were mentioned on the inland trip. One was that the reason the French channel ports held out against the Allies after the fall of Berlin was to allow Hitler to leave from one of

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50 SEP 7 - 1945

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EX-39

164

65-53615-23
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AUG 21 1945
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In Cons
Out Cons

AUG 29 1945
8/30/45

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F. B. I.
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED
SEP 5 10 40 AM '45
NAT. SECURITY SN
F B I
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

Director, FBI

August 14, 1945

them by submarine, and secondly that shortly after leaving France the submarines were fired on by the British gunboat. According to GUYDANO, Hitler is suffering from asthma and ulcers. He has shaved off his mustache and has a long butt on his upper lip. GUYDANO insists that if arrangements can be made he will have a man available to conduct a party to Hitler's hiding place. This man, following GUYDANO's instructions, will meet the interested party at a hotel in San Antonio, Argentina."

Efforts are being made by the Los Angeles Field Office through ROBERT DILLON to recontact GUYDANO, whose whereabouts are unknown at present, for the purpose of conducting a full detailed interview regarding this matter. The Bureau will be advised of the results of this interview at the earliest possible date.

EAF:rg
105-410

L-50a

gd
mk

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Mumford _____
 Mr. Jones _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

FROM BUENOS AIRES 8-7-45

NR 169

Adolfo
 REPORTS HITLER IN ARGENTINA. NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS TO DATE.

RECEIVED 8-7-45 6:51 PM EWT

EX-42
RECORDED513
56 AUG 14 1945

SIS
CHC

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-26-91 BY 1365 SP1/ELK/JS
 #86-0710
 11/12/99

MLL

65-53615-13

32 AUG 9 1945

Adolfo

L-50a

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Mumford _____
 Mr. Jones _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-26-91 BY 15658 JMC

FROM BUENOS AIRES 7-26-45 NR 138 4-11 PM EWT

RE REPORTS HITLER IN ARGENTINA. LOCAL PRESS REPORTS INDICATE PROVINCIAL POLICE DEPARTMENT RAIDED GERMAN COLONY LOCATED VILLA GESSEL, NEAR GENERAL MADARIAGA, LOOKING FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO POSSIBLY ENTERED ARGENTINA CLANDESTINELY VIA SUBMARINE AND DURING SEARCH OF SHORT WAVE RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING SET FOUND. OTHER PREMISES ALONG BEACH NEAR SAME AREA SEARCHED BY AUTHORITIES BUT NO ARRESTS MADE. INVESTIGATION VICINITY VERONICA ARGENTINA REVEALED EXISTENCE OF SEVERAL FARMS RECENTLY PURCHASED BY PRO NAZI GERMANS BUT NO INDICATION OF RECENT UNIDENTIFIED GERMAN ARRIVALS.

UNDERLINED PORTION ACTUAL DECODE AWAITING CONFIRMATION. BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 RECEIVED 7-26-45 4-28 PM EWT MD

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

65-53615-12

AUG 1 1945

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 64-2814-A-56

JUL 26 5 30 PM '45

RECEIVED-CARSON
F.B.I.

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

OUT

JUL 26 5 26 PM '45

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

RECEIVED COPY

FBI RADIOGRAM

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. E. A. Tamm	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Carson	_____
Mr. Egan	_____
Mr. Gurnea	_____
Mr. Hendon	_____
Mr. Pennington	_____
Mr. Quinn	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

COPY:MB

OFFICE MEMORANDUM
FEC:KK

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

FROM : MR. C. H. CARSON

SUBJECT : REPORTS THAT ADOLF HITLER AND EVA BRAUN
ARE IN ARGENTINA

DATE: July 31, 1945

gc

You will recall a news item having its origin with Vincent de Pascual in Montevideo, Uruguay, to the effect that Adolf Hitler and Eva Braun landed from the German Submarine U530 prior to the surrender of that vessel to the Argentine authorities on July 10, 1945, at Mar Del Plata, Argentina.

DETAILS:

#86-0710
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 SSM/MT
SP10K155

The Legal Attache in Montevideo, Uruguay, has advised of efforts to learn from Vincent de Pascual the identity of his informant of the source of his information concerning Hitler's presence in Argentina. Pascual has consistently refused to furnish any information in this regard. The Manager of the Press Wireless Service in Uruguay was told by Pascual that the information came from a relative of Pascual's in Buenos Aires, but the identity of the relative could not be obtained.

The Legal Attache concluded that newspapers and political circles in Uruguay are inclined to discredit the report that Hitler and Braun are in Argentina.

RECORDED

65-53615-10

EX - 47

7 1945

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL FILE

256

57 AUG 13 1945

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

64-2814-A-54

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 65

Box: 00034 Folder: 0001 Document: 3

Series:

Copies: 1 Pages: 0

ACCESS RESTRICTED

The item identified below has been withdrawn from this file:

Folder Title: 65-53615 Section1 1 of 3

Document Date: 07-31-1945

Document Type: Miscellaneous

From: Buenos Aires

To:

Subject:

In the review of this file this item was removed because access to it is restricted. Restrictions on records in the National Archives are stated in general and specific record group restriction statements which are available for examination.

NND: 32386

Withdrawn: 02-03-2003 by: David Fort

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 32386 00034 0001 3

L-50

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

FROM BUENOS AIRES 7-31-45 NR 152 10:48 PM EWT

gc
Adolf RE HITLER IN ARGENTINA. CI [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT ARGENTINE POLICE DEPARTMENT HAVY INVESTIGATING POSSIBLE CLANDESTINE LANDINGS FROM U 530 AND SIMILAR CRAFT WITH NEGATIVE RESULT TO DATE, THAT VARIOUS HITLER RUMORS INVESTIGATED BY ARGENTINE AUTHORITIES BUT OTHERWISE UNPRODUCTIVE. INFORMANT APPRISED OF OUR INTEREST IN RUMORS AND PROMISED COOPERATION. IT IS CONSENSUS OF USA MILITARY, NAVAL ATTACHES, BRITISH AND ARGENTINE AUTHORITIES THAT REPORTS THAT HITLER AND EVA BRAUN IN ARGENTINA ARE UNFOUNDED.

RECEIVED 7-31-45 11:32 PM EWT MOC
 UNDERLINED PORTION OBTAINED FROM GARBLE. AWAITING CONFIRMATION.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 SPK/ptc

96-0710

11/12/99 SPICK/KJS

RECORDED

EX - 59

65-53615-N
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
AUG 7 1945
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL - 12

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

50 AUG 17 1945

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RW

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 65

Box: 00034 Folder: 0001 Document: 4

Series:

Copies: 1 Pages: 0

ACCESS RESTRICTED

The item identified below has been withdrawn from this file:

Folder Title: 65-53615 Section 1 1 of 3

Document Date: 07-25-1945

Document Type: Miscellaneous

From: Montevideo

To:

Subject:

In the review of this file this item was removed because access to it is restricted. Restrictions on records in the National Archives are stated in general and specific record group restriction statements which are available for examination.

NND: 32386

Withdrawn: 02-03-2003 by: David Fort

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 32386 00034 0001 4

L-50

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

FROM MONTEVIDEO 7-25-45 NR 257 7:35 PM EWT

REPORTS OF ^{Adolf}HITLER AND EVA BRAUN IN ARGENTINA. REFERENCE OUR RADIOGRAM TO BUREAU AND CABLEGRAM TO BUENOS AIRES JULY 19. VINCENT DE PASCALE RE-INTERVIEWED BY INFORMANT [REDACTED] BUT STILL REFUSES TO DIVULGE SOURCE. PASCUAL BUENCRISTIANO, MANAGER OF PRESS WIRELESS URUGUAYA LTD., WAS ADVISED BY DE PASCALE CONCERNING IDENTITY OF SOURCE. HE TOLD INFORMANT THAT RELATIVE OF DE PASCALE'S IN BUENOS AIRES HAD INDIRECTLY RECEIVED INFORMATION WHICH WAS THEN FURNISHED PASCALE; BUENCRISTIANO REFUSED TO DIVULGE IDENTITY OF RELATIVE IN BUENOS AIRES, SAYING THAT HE HAD BEEN SWORN TO SECRECY. NEWSPAPER AND POLITICAL CIRCLES HERE INCLINED TO DISCREDIT REPORT. NO DISTRIBUTION. RUC TO BUENOS AIRES. ABOVE MESSAGE SENT TO BUREAU AND BUENOS AIRES. B(1) (A)

RECEIVED 7-25-45 8:00 PM EWT MOC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 10/1/91 BY 1565 SDB/MS
 per Release CN 307,906
 1525 SDB/MS 11-26-91
 # 26-0710
 11/12/99 SPICK/JS

Uruguay - Esp. G
 Arg. Esp. G

RECORDED

91 - 28

RECORDED & INDEXED

151

165-53615-9
 FBI
 29 JUL 27 1945

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

22-9
 60 AUG 6 1945

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG: 65

Box: 00034 Folder: 0001 Document: 5

Series:

Copies: 1 Pages: 0

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The item identified below has been withdrawn from this file:

Folder Title: 65-53615 Section 1 1 of 3

Document Date: 07-19-1945

Document Type: Miscellaneous

From: Montevideo

To:

Subject:

In the review of this file this item was removed because access to it is restricted. Restrictions on records in the National Archives are stated in general and specific record group restriction statements which are available for examination.

NND: 32386

Withdrawn: 02-03-2003 by: David Fort

FOIA RETRIEVAL #: 32386 00034 0001 5

L-50

9

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

FROM MONTEVIDEO 7-19-45 NR 247 11:25 PM EWT

h
adolf
 RE REPORT ~~HITLER~~ AND ~~EVA BRAUN~~ IN ARGENTINA. ~~INFORMANT~~ **Conf* [REDACTED] *B(1)(A)*
 INTERVIEWED ~~VINCENT DE PASCALE~~ REPRESENTATIVE OF QUOTE CHICAGO
 TIMES UNQUOTE. LATTER WOULD NOT DIVULGE SOURCE OF INFORMATION
 ON WHICH HE BASED NEWS DISPATCH THAT HITLER AND EVA BRAUN ARE
 IN ARGENTINA BUT STATED THAT HE BELIEVES SOURCE IS TRUSTWORTHY.
 INFORMANT IS CONTINUING EFFORTS TO ASCERTAIN SOURCE AND IS
 ARRANGING TO INTERVIEW ~~GUILLERMO KORN~~, ARGENTINE EXILE, WHO MAY
 HAVE FURNISHED INFORMATION TO DE PASCALE. DE PASCALE HAS VERY
 QUESTIONABLE REPUTATION HERE AND HIS REPORT IS NOT GIVEN CREDENCE
 LOCALLY. INVESTIGATION CONTINUES. THIS SENT TO BUREAU AND
 BUENOS AIRES.

RECEIVED 7-19-45 11:37 PM EWT MLL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE *10/19/91* BY *1565 SDP/RWS*
per Release
1565 SDP/nte
86-0710
11/12/99
11-26-91
SPICK/55-88

RECORDED
 INDEXED
CHC

arg. Esp. G
 EX-68 RECORDED
101
165-53615-8
 35 JUL 26 1945
Chasing

256
 If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated
 outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in
 order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

5 2 AUG 2 1945

L-50

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Coffey _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Hendon _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

F. B. I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

FROM BUENOS AIRES 7-24-45 NR 134 7-57 P.M. EWT

REPORT HITLER IN ARGENTINA. DATA AVAILABLE THIS OFFICE CONTAINED IN REPORT OF SPECIAL AGENT W. T. BAKER JULY 18 ENTITLED SURRENDER OF GERMAN SUB U 530, MAR DEL PLATA. CONCERNING RUMOR RE LANDING SAN JULIAN, ARGENTINA, BRITISH VICE CONSUL THERE NOW REPORTS HE DISCOVERED TWO SETS FOOT PRINTS LEADING IN ONE DIRECTION ONLY FROM HIGH WATER MARK THEN ACROSS MUD FLATS TO SHORE PROPER NEAR SAN JULIAN. AT POINT WHERE FOOT PRINTS ENDED TIRE MARKS FOUND INDICATING CAR HAD BEEN TURNED AT RIGHT ANGLE TO SHORE. FOOT PRINTS MUST HAVE BEEN MADE ABOUT JUNE 25 WHILE FLATS COVERED WITH FLOOD WATERS AS AREA FROZEN THIS TIME OF YEAR. EFFORTS BEING MADE TO TRACE CAR. INQUIRIES CONTINUING AT VERONICA.

RECEIVED 7-24-45 8-41 P.M. EWT MMK

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 SP/MLC
 #86-0710
 11/12/99 SP 102K/JS

RECORDED
 EX - 22

65-53615-7X W
 62-26760-484
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 AUG 1 1945
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
 INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

57 AUG 1 1945

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 64-2814-11-55

MMK

JUL 25 9 10 AM '45

RECEIVED-CARSON

F. B. I.
DEPT. OF JUST.

OUT

JUL 25 8 30 AM '45

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

OUT

JUL 27 9 11 AM '45

JUL 26 7 01 PM '45

RECEIVED SECURITY DIV.

RECEIVED-CARSON RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

F. B. I.

DEPT. OF JUST.

RECEIVED

JUL 27 1945

RECEIVED

JUL 27 1945

TO DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM SAC, NEW YORK
SUBJECT: [Illegible]
[Illegible text follows]

RECEIVED

JUL 27 1945

RECEIVED

JUL 27 1945

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

FBI RADIOGRAM

COPY:RJR

302 Eastern Parkway,
Brooklyn, N. Y.,
July 20, 1945

dlp
TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

In today's New York Times there appears a photograph of a U-BOAT CREW SURRENDERS IN ARGENTINA. I call your attention to the man, second from left with bowed head, on the clipping of this photograph, attached hereto, which I retouched a bit by putting on a small mustache on the clean shaven face.

adolf
If this is not Hitler, I will eat my new hat in the front of the Times Building in the center of Times Square. But if it proves to be the real McCoy, of which I am firmly convinced, something should be done about it at once.

What do you say?

Very truly Yours,

LEONARD MASON.

TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Please check on it and do something about it.

LEONARD MASON

A Good American Citizen.

RECORDED

65-53615-7
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUL 21 1945
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL - 8

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 64-2814-39

dlp
70 AUG 4 1945

Received from the State Department
through Liaison channels
Date 7/28/45 *H/3*

Carson

CHG

10

PARAPHRASE OF INCOMING STATE DEPARTMENT TELEGRAM

L
mph 10
SECRET

FROM: BUENOS AIRES

TO: STATE DEPARTMENT

DATE: JULY 18, 1945

NUMBER: 1577

Adm. o
RE: HITLER ESCAPE STORY

The story by JOSEPH ~~NEWMAN~~ in the July 15 NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE was telephoned by Mrs. VINCENT ~~DE~~ PASCUAL to her husband in Montevideo. The original story as exhibited at the Embassy makes no definite reference to HITLER. It was "Mystery Surrounding Life or Death and Whereabouts of HITLER Now Transferred From Berlin to Argentina". The Embassy has no information concerning the recent speech by General BASILIO B. ~~PERTINE~~.

Arg. Esp. - C

8-10-45

C. H. J.

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&
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199

EX - 65

65-53615-6X

62-26760-482

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30 AUG 4 1945

RECORDED

EX - 6

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7/25/45

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28 AUG 10 1945

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U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICERECORDED
&
INDEXED

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EX-68

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WASILLO, B. WASILLO.

The Embassy has no information concerning the recent speech by General Dorsch and whereabouts of HILTON. It was "Mystery surrounding life or nonexistence. The original story as depicted at the Embassy makes no mention was telephoned by Mrs. VINCENT, in personal to her husband in the story by JOSEPH HERMAN in the July 12 NEW YORK HERALD

RE: HILTON ESCAPE STORY

NUMBER: 1234

DATE: JULY 18, 1945

TO: STATE DEPARTMENT

FROM: MIAMI AIRS

SECRET

PARAPHASE OF INCOMING STATE DEPARTMENT TELEGRAM

Handwritten notes in red ink:
 "Handwritten from the State Department"
 "Handwritten from the State Department"

Handwritten notes in blue ink:
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 "B-2"
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 SP 104753
#86-0710
ROUGH DRAFT, 1/12/99

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. E. A. Tamm ✓
Mr. Clegg ✓
Mr. Coffey ✓
Mr. Glavin ✓
Mr. Ladd ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tracy ✓
Mr. Carson ✓
Mr. Egan ✓
Mr. Gurnea ✓
Mr. Hendon ✓
Mr. Pennington ✓
Mr. Quinn Tamm ✓
Mr. Nease ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

FROM BUENOS AIRES

7-14-45

NR 103

11:12 AM

GERMAN SUBMARINE LANDINGS ON ARGENTINA COAST. VARIOUS RUMORS
CURRENT BUENOS AIRES REGARDING LANDINGS FROM GERMAN U530
PRIOR TO SURRENDER. ONE REPORT FROM SOURCE OF UNKNOWN
RELIABILITY TO EFFECT THAT ABOUT JUNE 28 A SUBMARINE SURFACED
OFF TERRITORY OF SANTA CRUZ ZAOWN OF SAN JULIAN AND LANDED TWO
UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS, ONE A VERY HIGH RANKING GERMAN ARMY
OFFICER AND THE OTHER AN EVEN MORE IMPORTANT CIVILIAN. SUB-
MARINE REPORTEDLY REFUELED BY SAILING VESSEL NEAR THAT POINT.
ANOTHER REPORT RECEIVED FROM SOURCE OF UNKNOWN RELIABILITY
THAT HITLER WAS LANDED IN ARGENTINA APPROXIMATELY JUNE 20, THAT
HIS FACE WAS DISFIGURED AND THAT ARGENTINE ARMY MAJOR LEON
BENGOA LLAMAS OF ARMY WILL ESCORT HITLER TO SECRET HIDING PLACE
IN CHACO TERRITORY. ALL RUMORS BEING INVESTIGATED.

FIRST UNDERLINED WORD ACTUAL DECODE
SECOND UNDERLINED WORD OBTAINED FROM GARBLE.

RECORDED & INDEXED

RECEIVED: 7-14-45
CORRECTED: 7-14-45

11:44 AM EWT RBH
4:10 PM EWT

39 JUL 21 1945

every effort should
be made to run this
rumor down by 3 BL.

bl.

RECORDED

COPIES DESTROYED
R 406 NOV 4 1960

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

26 AUG 5 1945

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 64-2814-A-38

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

Mr. James P. Joice, Jr.
The American Embassy
Buenos Aires, Argentina

RADIOGRAM -- URGENT
CIPHER PAD

RE: REPORTS ADOLF HITLER IN ARGENTINA. BUREAU INTENSELY INTERESTED IN ALL
RUMORS CONCERNING WHEREABOUTS OF HITLER, PARTICULARLY RUMORS HE AND ~~EVA~~ BRAUN
MAY BE IN ARGENTINA. ADVISE DAILY BY RADIOGRAM FOR THE PRESENT RESULTS OF
ALL INVESTIGATION BASED ON RUMORS AND LEADS ON WHEREABOUTS HITLER.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/29/91 BY 1565 SDR/RWS
CN 367,906

per Release

1565 SDR/RWS 11-26-91

#86.6710

11/12/99

SPICKLES

Encoded by Eap Time 2355-0110
Checked by _____ Time _____
Filed by _____

TUO

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS
JUL 30 8 51 AM '45

Serial #572
C.H.
D.H.
E.H.
W.

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

RECORDED & INDEXED

45-53615-5

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Mumford _____
Mr. Jones _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

SENT VIA

76 JUL 28 1945

CONF 22 1042

9:52 PM

Per

JUL 25 1945

led to con
725th

Out Conn 7/26/45 Eg

Mrs. Gough
 Mr. Moore
 Mr. Smith
 Mr. Jones
 Mr. Whitford
 Mr. Hudson
 Mr. Carlson
 Mr. Kohl
 Mr. Lucas
 Mr. Foster
 Mr. Nichols
 Mr. Ford
 Mr. Graham
 Mr. Collier
 Mr. Stone
 Mr. E. V. Lewis
 Mr. Larson

EX-12

JUL 19 7 47 PM '84
INDEXED
RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

OUT

JUL 20 8 27 AM '45

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

11/19/00
2000
12/2/00
11-22-01
DATE 10/21/01 BY 12/2/00
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

VIT INVESTIGATION BASED ON RUMORS AND FEARS ON AMNESTYBOURIS HILITE*
WVA BE IN VOGELINIV* VDAISE DUTIX BY KVDICOVN FOR THE PRESENT NEGOTIIS OF
RUMORS CONCERNING AMNESTYBOURIS OF HILITE* PUBLICLYVITX RUMORS HE WMD EAV EVON
BE: BECHIS VDOFF HILITE IN VOGELINIV* BONEVA INLESETX INTERESTED IN VIT

СТІННИЙ БУД
БУДИНОК - ПОВІТРЯНИЙ

Владимир Владимирович
Иванович Иванов
И. И. И. И. И. И. И.

TRANSMIT THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE TO:

TO: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CC-120



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
INFORMATION SHEET

File No. 105-53615 , **Serial** 4 ,
for your information: Serial 4 missing,
only empty enclosure

B

49

Adolph Hitler
~~Adolph Hitler~~ - photograph

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1525 GPP/mtc
86-0710
11/12/99

SPICK/KS

File
Link





161

INDEXED

105

EX - 8

65-53615-4

NOT RECORDED

33 JUN 9 1945

89

sent back to [illegible]

Re

July 5th 1945 J. H. Porter
1826 Curtis St.
New York
Califore

am Hansen

J. H. PORTER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1/26/91 BY 12580/ste
#86-0718
11/12/99 SPICKES

Sir:

Adolf Hitler

many thanks for your letter of 6-27-1945
in answer to my letter of 6-15-1945
if it is not too much to ask you, what
do you intend to do about those concerned
in it, just curious on my part only else,
as I actually hate all evildoers evildoers
murder or delays

U

Kindly send or hand them in hand clipping
to our Representative

J. J. Anderson
you please you kindly

NO ack.
Chronic
re

65-53615-3X1

RECORDED

162-26760-186

INDEXED

FBI
37 AUG 22 1945

EX-25

File-5-Pd

57 AUG 30 1945

SP

ENC. attached
87

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/11/99 BY SP1CKK/SS

161

65-53615-3X1
~~62-26760-186~~

WHY? THEY ASK.

To The San Francisco Examiner:

Why aren't our American boys coming home who have served overseas for three years and have eighty-five points or over?

The reason is lack of space on the boats but we want to know WHY there is room for all these foreign brides and their children and our boys who have been fighting and dying for our country can't get home.

Why aren't these foreigners made to stay in their own countries until victory is ours. Let our tired and weary Yanks come home.

MRS. JOHN REYNOLDS,
MRS. JOHN LOCKE, MRS.
FRANK A. LOUX, MRS.
ANN M. SCHWAGERL,
MRS. JOHN EDNOFF,
FRANCES NEAR, MRS.
ROBERT COOPER, MRS.
J. H. WILLIAMS, MRS.
FLORENCE GRAY WINTER.

The Examiner does not print anonymous letters in The Editor's Mail Box, nor letters addressed to any one but The Editor of The Examiner. Letters must contain name and address, though both will be withheld if the writer expresses a wish to have them withheld.

65-53615-3X1
~~62-26760-486~~

e the Peace **PERMANENTLY.** Bring Our

San Francisco Examiner Editorial Page —JULY 5, 1945

Washington, D.C., Likes Letters

YES, the Congressman does read the letters he gets from his constituents—and he generally answers them, a courtesy that may be due partly to the fact that the Congressman does not have to pay postage on official business.

The Senators and Representatives assiduously follow the mail that they receive, because in that way they know what their constituents are thinking about, how they are thinking, and a letter is proof that the constituent is in earnest in advancing his thoughts.

The Congressman, in the Upper or Lower House, is a "representative" of

the people. He is not bound to follow even the consensus of his constituents' views—he should know more on the subject than the remote citizen does. But the Congressman must give consideration to those views, explain himself, and so far as the facts warrant, reflect the majority opinion of his constituency.

But the men in Washington won't know what those views are unless the citizen writes—so **WRITE YOUR CONGRESSMAN** when you have a definite idea on legislation. In fact, it is your **DUTY** to do that.

LINGAYEN

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 152584/ptc
#86-0710

11/12/99 SPK J

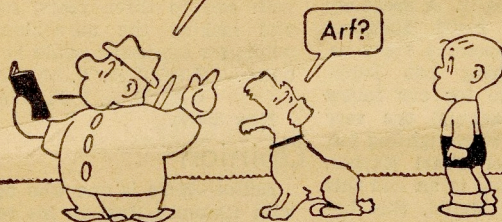


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7-5

"This'd make a wonderful shot! Congress would stand and cheer—and you'd be applauded in every movie house! Too bad I'm out of film!"

Most psychiatrists rely on a rather brutal shock treatment in this type of aphasia case. But, of course, most psychiatrists haven't got a magic wand . . . Open wide, Gorgon. While I refer to my Fairy Godfathers' Handy Pocket Guide . . .



7-5

METROPOLIS

PAGE ONE, PART TWO

San Francisco Chronicle

CCCCAA

THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1945

PAGE 11

GRIN AND BEAR IT

By Lichty



7-5 ©1945, Chicago Times, Inc.

"I did NOT say yesterday that I wrote the Declaration of Independence!—I merely said if I lived 170 years ago I MIGHT have written it!"

Four-Alarm Fire

77 Homeless as Flames Sweep Through Five Buildings Here

A spectacular four-alarm fire, which drove 200 tenants to the street in their night clothes and made 77 of them homeless, swept through five frame buildings at Sutter and Octavia streets at 1:10 yesterday morning.

The flames illuminated the sky over a wide area and sparks spread as far as Geary and Hyde, a distance of six blocks, causing a small fire here, which was quickly extinguished. Four firemen and three

Police Lieutenant Jerry Coughlin said he had to restrain many scantily clad tenants from rushing back into the burning buildings to obtain additional clothing.

No. 1 Engine was responding to the fourth alarm when it spotted the small fire at Geary and Hyde. It stopped, put out the blaze and continued to its original destination.

Treated at Central Emergency Hospital were Clyde Wilson, 60, 1547 Octavia

SAFETY VALVE

Hate

Editor—With amazement and sorrow, I have read the answers to Clarence E. Rust's letter protesting our atrocities in the war, in Japan specifically. A great cry of "Remember Pearl Harbor!" shuts out our horizons from us, and with nothing but belly-thought-out hate for our fellow man we turn against the very things we think we're fighting for. Let us remember Pearl Harbor, in truth, and bring to an end this out-Heroding of Herod, this becoming fascist ourselves to stamp out fascism, this continuing, unnecessary slaughter of the sons of the earth. NAOMI McLANE.
Oakland.

Margarine

Editor—I would like to predict that ration points for margarine will soon be raised to the required butter points, on one excuse or another. The earlier low points for margarine, together with its low price, resulted in so many people using it as to frighten the butter people, and they will manage to persuade OPA to keep on raising, two points at a time. E. G. BARTLETT.
San Francisco.

Bilbo

Editor—Hurrah for Chester Rowell for his column June 30 against Bilbo and his anti-democratic filibuster on FEPC! I agree with every word he says. I would just like to make one further conclusion. He points out that each Senator not only represents his locality but the whole country. We in California are just as concerned with a Senator from Mississippi as with those we elect. It is therefore in our interest to see that the anti-poll-tax bill is passed, so that all Representatives in Congress really represent the people, and not allow a few representing the reactionary Southern oligarchy to filibuster and kill democratic measures.

CHARLOTTE TRAVIS.

San Anselmo.

Krupp

Editor—The news that Alfred Krupp, the German munitions king, may be tried as a war criminal is a real move in the direction of preventing another war. Aren't the men who made World War II possible the greatest criminals? The big industrialists, big bankers and big estate owners of Germany took the big Nazis to their bosoms and shared their wealth and power with them.

San Francisco. JAMES BARD.

Replacement

Editor—To many thousands of soldiers sweating out V-E Day in the ETO, seeing the film, "Two Down and One to Go," offered little, if any, encouragement on prospects of getting home soon. Our interpretation of the picture was that releases from the Army depend entirely on the home boys becoming 18 years of age.

There is a large reservoir of healthy men in the States between the ages of 18 and 35 who have stayed out of the Army through deferments of one kind or another. We have men in the Army qualified to fill any civilian job in the States who are entitled to be sent home. Their chances of getting home within the next two years

depends upon replacements available.

If all civilian men deferred for other than physical disqualification were now drafted in the next six months, thousands of soldiers with one to three years' service and lacking the miraculous 85 points for discharge, could be sent home. S/SGT. K. V. MOORE.

CPL. E. A. RUTTKAY.

New York.

Opinion

Editor—Here is one who agrees with Clarence Rust in his recent comment in the Safety Valve. I believe there must be many millions of the same opinion. Mr. Rust shows that he does some thinking on his own and that he definitely is not in the class of our "14-year average."

ALICE WEAVER SCOTT.

Piedmont.

Meat

Editor—Up here our restaurants are closing, our meat supply stopped, black markets handy. I was wondering when the squandering nuts in Washington are going to give us a break, or do they want us to take it ourselves. We had meat all week until OPA closed our small slaughterhouse, so we can't get any meat.

PETER E. RAUSCHER.

Crescent City.

FEPC

Editor—During this war that has finally bared the sickening brutalities of the master race ideal in operation, America at home was provided with an official conscience to scourge its own master racists. Along with billions to equip our war, and hundreds of millions to regulate our civilian economy, we afforded ourselves one small half-million dollar agency to nudge us when our prejudice imperiled our productivity. I refer to the President's Committee on Fair Employment Practices, the FEPC.

If some turn of fate had permitted Hitler to conquer America, he would have found many men here to adapt and carry out his racial theories without a twinge of conscience. It is these same men who are now throttling the FEPC. To them it is an intermeddling irritant. Conscience always will be irritating to those beyond its summons.

STANLEY VAN VLIET WHITE.

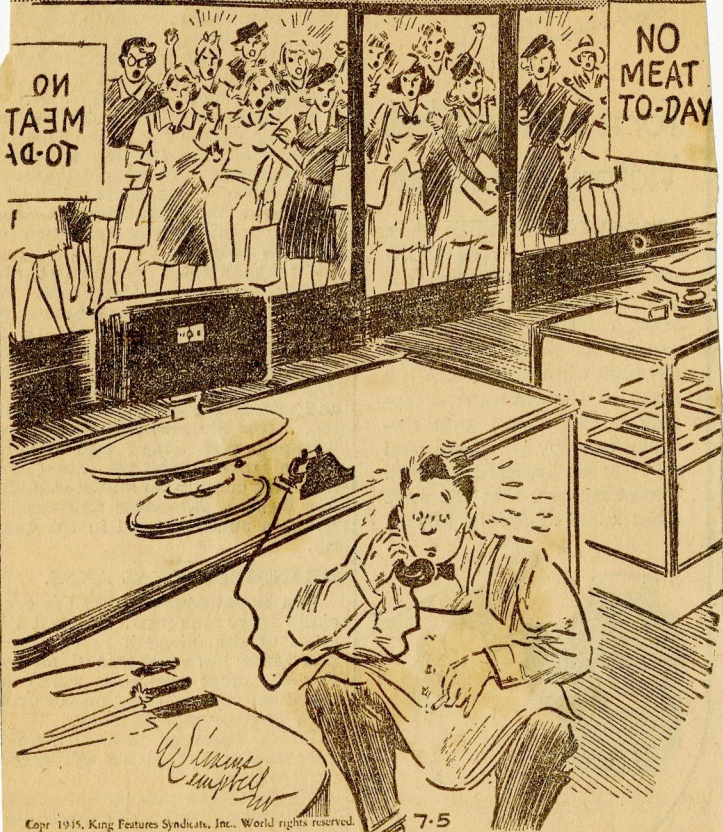
Redwood City.

Tolerance

Editor—It is quite the fashion for our people of today's America to emphasize the stamping out of the enemy doctrine of imperialism as exemplified by the recently defunct Italian and German governments, and by the swiftly crumbling imperial militaristic empire of Japan. But do we consider that we ourselves have recently in California miserably failed to measure up to our high sounding pretensions of equality and fair treatment of our own racial minorities? We note with indeed a profound sense of shame acts of terrorism promoted in Fresno and Tulare counties by hoodlum elements against American citizens of Japanese ancestry. Surely it is of doubtful credit to us to boast of our Nation's democracy when we are faced by the factions of intolerance and bigotry.

Fresno. GEORGE A. ERICSON.

LOUIS' MEAT MARKET



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7-5

"Police Department? I haven't done anything! I just have no meat and I want a police escort home!"

HWC:FVB

June 27, 1945

65-53615-3X
Mr. J. H. Porter
1036 Curtis Street
Menlo Park, California

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1525829/PC
#86-0710

RECORDED
32-XII
Dear Mr. Porter:

I have received your communication postmarked June 15, 1945, and want to thank you for your interest and courtesy in writing to this Bureau.

In the event you receive additional information which you believe to be of interest to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, I want you to feel free to communicate with the Special Agent in Charge of our San Francisco Field Office which is located at One Eleven Sutter, Room 1729, San Francisco 4, California.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Coffey
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
★ JUN 27 1945 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

5 JUL 10 1945
228
306

Patman
W. L. R. C.

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
E. B. I.
RECEIVED-MAIL ROOM
JUN 30 1945

m

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 27 1945
MAILED 2
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 27 3 15 PM '45
RECEIVED-MAIL ROOM
F B I
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

[Handwritten signature]

Director
John Edgar Hoover

Special Agent

San Francisco

State Office which is located at One Eleven Street, Room 1150, San Francisco, is
free to communicate with the Special Agent in Charge of the San Francisco
to be of interest to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I want you to feel
in the event you receive additional information which you believe

would be of interest to your interest and possibly in relating to this Bureau.
I have received your communication dated June 27, 1945, and

Very truly yours,
J. H. Tolson

Walter E. Clegg
Jesse Clegg
J. H. Tolson

11/19/52
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-52 BY 2888/UC

62-23012-BX

JUN 27 1945

HAC:LAB

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 PRL/PLT
#86-0710
11/12/99 SPK/LJS

more news that my
being interest to you Mr Hoover

I have a hunch that Hitler
his wife is living
so where is the

South Sea Islands
I maybe wrong, it is just
a hunch;

And he maybe in NY
or Brooklyn J. H. PORTER

who know different?

Respectfully yours
J. H. Porter
11-26-91
65-53615-3X
32 JUN 29 1945
EX-107

ack
6-27-45
hwc. fub

RECORDED
INDEXED

191 californic
F/b

ENCLOSURE
1945

Adolf Hitler

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-24-91 BY 152589/102
#24-0710

THE BRIGHTER SIDE 11/12/99 SPICK/D5

Just an Idea! Hitler in U.S.?

By DAMON RUNYON

Copyright, 1945, King Features Syndicate, Inc. Distributed by International News Service.

I THINK Hitler may be hiding in the United States.

It is just an idea, of course.

Marshal G. K. Zhukov, the Russian conqueror of Berlin, thinks Der Fuehrer may have lammed to Spain in a plane (hah, a rhyme!) and is being harbored by Franco, but that is just an idea, too.

You ask where in the United States?

There you have got me.

But in line with the logic of the keener criminal mind which reasons that safety for the fugitive lies in the crowd and where you are least expected to be, it might be on Manhattan Island in New York City.

Brooklyn is a good place, too.

Only dumb lamasters take to the open spaces or the hills where the population is scarce. There you leave trails and movement is quickly noted because it is unusual. Besides the means of subsistence are difficult to obtain.

You can live a long life and die in New York City without your next door neighbor giving you a second glance or bothering to inquire your identity or pursuits.

I imagine Hitler, without his Charley Chaplin moustache and with his bangs trimmed, would be a most commonplace looking fellow who could stand next to you at the bar of a cider stube in Yorkville drinking apple juice and not attract your attention.

He is supposed to have married his sweetheart, Eva Braun, two days before Berlin fell. She is no doubt with him in life or death and if the former, she and

her Adolf could wander hand in hand along Broadway, and may be doing so at this very moment.

They could be living at one of our swanky Fifth Avenue hotels in great luxury speaking only German and they would be dismissed as merely a couple of the rich refugees who have crowded our high toned taverns the past few years, an offense (I may say) by their ostentation and display to a large number of good Americans.

Papers?

Who asks the stranger in our midst for papers except under the most unusual circumstances?

How did Hitler and his Eva get here?

The same way the Nazi spies used to get here, I suppose. By submarine that landed them somewhere along the eastern coast. It may have been by plane but the submarine seems more logical.

And what happened to the submarine?

Did it surrender, or was it beached somewhere and did all the members of the crew come ashore to mingle with the throng?

Now, look. If you are going to make this too tough for me I will have to quit you. I have not yet expanded my idea to cover every conceivable point.

Anyway, all I am trying to do is to lay the foundation for the American legend of Hitler, which, as I told you some time ago, will gradually develop through the years until the newspapers of the next generation will see Hitler in almost every conflict with an ac-

cent and an obscure background that dies in the community.

And they will see Mrs. Hitler, the former Eva Braun, in almost every bedraggled old bagpipe panhandling in the streets, though why I should depict either of the pair as ultimately destitute I do not know. They have to wind up bums to make the story good, though the truth probably is that Der Fuehrer glommed plenty and planted it somewhere.

I do not know if there are any charges against Mrs. Hitler but her old man is War Criminal No. 1 and it seems to me the Allies ought to offer a reward for information leading to his apprehension which is the way the FBI eventually got John Dillinger who was a No. 1 criminal of his time and kind, too.

John was walking around the streets of Chicago in the safety of the crowds and also a disguise, and was even going to the movies when the dame who became notorious as "The Woman in Red" put the finger on him to get the reward. John was killed by the FBI fellows when leaving the theater. A big reward might turn up a stool pigeon on Hitler.

My idea does not encompass the possibility of Der Fuehrer attending the movies, like Dillinger. I just have not given that angle any thought as yet, but should that be Adolf's intention he better skip one at the little Carnegie I saw if he does not want his conscience (?) to cause him to give himself up. That is the film that depicts his prison camp atrocities.

65-53615-3X
ENCLOSURE

JDD:rol

65-53615-3

June 23, 1945

RECORDED

Mrs. L. L. Anderson
Box 584
Wausau, Wisconsin

Dear Mrs. Anderson:

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your communication dated
June 19, 1945.

Your courtesy and interest in bringing this information
to my attention are indeed appreciated, and you may be assured your letter
will receive appropriate consideration.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

cc - Milwaukee (With copies of incoming)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 SPICER/SS

RECEIVED-MAIL ROOM

JUN 23 5 38 PM '45

EAT
JDD

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Coffey
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 15
★ JUN 25 1945 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

65-26760
65-53615

Hanson, Ric,
June 19, 1945

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Washington, D.C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1805 SP/10C
#86-0710
11/12/99 SP 102K/53

Dear Mr. Hoover -

I've written to you before and I
want to relieve myself of a peculiar
situation. I have read we do not believe
Hitler is dead. Last summer, do not
remember month, I was up town
shortly before 12 noon or very shortly
after 1 o'clock P.M. Several people were
seemingly coming out of a car by the
American National Bank and looking
rather strangely at the surroundings.
One man looked so much like Hitler it
shocked me and bothered me and I
wondered should I call the police
attention. That maybe it's a wrong idea.
Well, it still bothers me. The man who looked
like Hitler looked down at me & I stared

Adolf Hitler

RECORDED & INDEXED

65-53615-3
FBI
30 JUN 21 1945

EX - 20

ack K #1
XDD
6/17/46
C. Mulvaney

JUN 22 5 09 PM '45

RECEIVED SECURITY DIV
FBI

JUN 28 2 15 PM '45
RECEIVED INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

RECEIVED 11 18 AM '45
SELECTIVE SERVICE
HATCH ACT SECTION
FBI
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED
INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

JUN 28 1 27 PM '45

RECEIVED ROSEN DIV. 6
FBI
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED

JUN 23 9 08 AM '45

ESPIONAGE SECTION

FBI

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

2 At him. I had to look up at him. His eyes were expressionless. Meek but expressionless. (I guess expressionless) His mustache covered his whole upper lip. He wore a certain shade of brown hat & his mustache a certain shade of brown as I remember it. He was a pretty good sized man. Any one could tell he was a stranger. I mentioned when I got home what I had seen. I never saw anyone looked like Hitler. I had seen him. I really feel I should tell you.

There's a young man by name John Weichman ^{here} whose father-in-law has money and I have heard that every time the son-in-law is called to the board the father-in-law makes a big fuss. Now I wonder why our boys have to serve who have no money & lost their security, fathers, whose little children are dependent upon ~~their mothers~~ to support their mothers.

I feel I should report the Hitler incident to you, even tho' I may be wrong over

concerning the war who looked
like Hitler. I'm sure they were stages

Sincerely

Mrs L. L. Anderson

Box 584.

MRS. L. ~~L.~~ ANDERSON

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, Sioux Falls

DATE: June 13, 1945

SUBJECT: INFORMATION FURNISHED BY
MISS SADIE P. WAGNER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 15658 DPH/ML

86-0710
11/12/99

SPC/KJS
PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

For your information please be advised that MISS SADIE P. WAGNER, Credit manager of the Fante Bros. Store, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, reported to this office today that she understands that an uncle of HITLER is owning and operating one of the largest ranches located near East Bernard, Texas. MISS WAGNER was unable to furnish the name of this party other than his first name is ADOLF, and the fact that HITLER is named ADOLF after this uncle.

The above is furnished for whatever action you deem appropriate. AGENCIES

AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 7/26/77 HS/ry

WH/aw
cc - Houston

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EX - 72

HWC:WMJ

June 18, 1945

Mr. Joseph A. Ledoux
Post Office Box 642
Bristol, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Ledoux:

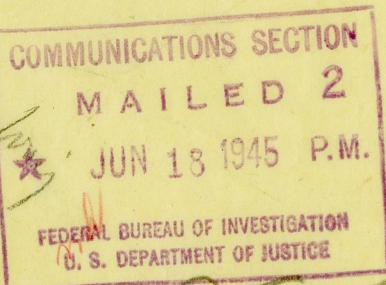
I have received your letter of June 11, 1945, and want to thank you for your interest and courtesy in writing to this Bureau.

In the event you receive additional information which you believe to be of interest to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, I want you to feel free to communicate with the Special Agent in Charge of our New Haven Field Division which is located at 510 The Trust Company Building, New Haven 10, Connecticut.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1565 gdp/ste
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Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

74 JUL 2 1945

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 13 1942 P.M.
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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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Bristol Conn June 11 - 1945

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HWC

Dear Mr Hoover Adolf Hitler

I like to give you all the information
I know about Hitler Adolf. Hee go from
Germany to Argentina in submarine with
3 other mans to Argentina when he get- to
the border. He destroy the 3 mans that-
navigate the sub? And he put a time bomb
in the sub and blow it- to the bottom and
get- to the border by plane that- was waiting
for him. Hee have his face all fix up or
left up he dont- look the same. And he
give his name as Fritz Miller. That all
I know about him. I dont- know Argentina
more then my dog. But I have that- told
to me. by Dr Couchman in a speratist-
meeting. If that- will help I would like

FRITZ MILLER

65-53615-2X

39 JUN 20 1945

EX - 72

File-5 ps

DR COUCHMAN

- 2 -

I hat-very much that he have his medicine
what he deserved.

Hoping that I put you in the right track
to find him

Very truly yours
Joseph A. Ledoux

JOSEPH A. LEDOUX

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

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Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
 New York 7, New York

SLD:VW
 65-4309

April 28, 1944

Director, FBI

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-22-91 BY 156552/ptc
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Dear Sir:

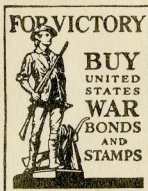
The District Intelligence Office, Third Naval District, has given me what purports to be a copy of the birth certificate of Adolph Hitler. I am enclosing a photostatic copy of this certificate, which is reportedly reproduced from the original in the parish offices of Braunau-on-the-Inn on September 7, 1933. According to a representative of the District Intelligence Office this document records the fact that in the city and parish of Braunau-on-the-Inn, dioces of Linz, in the country of upper Austria, there was born on the 20th day of April, 1889, one Adolph Hitler, son of Alois Hitler, Imperial Customs Official, and Klara Pail of Spittal, lower Austria; and on the 22nd day of April, 1889, Adolph Hitler was baptised according to the Roman Catholic rites. Johann and Johanna Pienk, Vienna III, Lowingasse 28, served as baptismal sponsors.

The above is being submitted to you for your information and as of possible interest.

Very truly yours,

E. E. Conroy
 E. E. CONROY
 Special Agent in Charge

Enclosure



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DEEP COMMUNICATION
ENVELOPE ATTACHED

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington D. C.

Dear Sirs :

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 11-26-91 BY 136580/ptc
86-0710
11/2/99 SPCK/JS

Please investigate with
possible without delay.

Adolph Hitler, leaving
Germany, possibly by submarine
for Sanctuary in Argentina
S. A.

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DEPT OF JUSTICE

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

C-287



Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

September 4, 1944

CAG:FOS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-91 BY 1525 SPK/1/55
#86-9710
11/12/99

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: Possible Flight of Adolph Hitler to
Argentina

EATamm

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Coffey
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Kramer
- Mr. McGuire
- Mr. Piper
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Beahm
- Miss Gandy

Many political observers have expressed the opinion that Adolph Hitler may seek refuge in Argentina after the collapse of Germany.

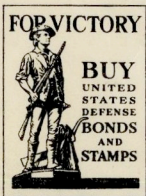
Political ramifications lend credence to this possibility when it is recalled that the duly appointed Argentine Consul Hellmuth, ostensibly assigned to a Consular post in Spain, had plans which included clandestine meetings with Hitler and Himmler for the arranging of importing arms and technicians into Argentina. Hellmuth, intercepted by the British at Trinidad, never completed his mission.

Argentina remains a mysterious maze of questionable characters. Merry Fahrney, who will be recalled for her notorious affair with the German diplomatic representative in New York, is presently residing in Buenos Aires. Fritz Mandl, former Austrian munitions king and ex-husband of Hedy Lamarr recently converted his bicycle factories into an Argentine plant for the manufacturing of munitions. Arnulfo Arias, pro-Axis ousted President of Panama, conducts a long range political campaign from Buenos Aires. Frederich Karl von Zedlitz, well known as the sweetheart of the American industrialist Vivien Kellems, still claims to be in Argentina as the postwar planner for the German cartel Metallgesellschaft.

A large wealthy German colony in Argentina affords tremendous possibilities for the providing of a refuge for Hitler and his henchmen. One of the members, Count Luxburg, has been mentioned as operating a ranch which would serve in providing a haven.

By the very nature of any plans formulated for the abandoning of Germany in its collapse, it is virtually impossible to substantiate any allegations with regard to Argentina's serving the Nazis after defeat; however some significance may be attached to the fact that Argentina remains silent despite all the accusations that she will serve as a terminus for Hitler after a non-stop flight of 7,376 miles from Berlin to Buenos Aires in an especially constructed plane or as a passenger in a long-range submarine.

This matter continues to be the subject of a coordinated investigation by the Bureau representatives throughout the world. Information developed to date has, of course, been furnished to other interested governmental agencies.



D.A.

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Respectfully,
D. M. Ladd
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27 SEP 8 1944

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Hedy Lamarr

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HITLER HEARTENED BY DEAL IN MUNICH

Sudeten Grab Strengthened Illusion He Could Act With Entire Impunity

The fortnight ending with the cession of the Sudeten region to Germany, at the end of September, 1938, and marking the prelude to the destruction of the Czechoslovak State, gave Europe the most acute crisis it has experienced up to that time since the end of the First World War. Encouraged by his triumph over France and England in the Sudeten dispute, Hitler occupied the whole of Czechoslovakia less than six months later and began almost immediately to prepare for the showdown with Poland. The latter development brought him into armed conflict with the Western democracies and, ultimately, with the United States.

The Sudeten crisis was preceded by months of violent agitation by the Sudeten Germans under the leadership of Konrad Henlein. Originally the Henleinists demanded only autonomy with the Czechoslovak State. Gradually, however, under incitement from Berlin, they expanded their demands to a scope which made agreement with Prague extremely difficult, if not impossible.

Moved by the desire to facilitate a settlement in the hope of preventing a European war, for which the great democracies were unprepared, Great Britain dispatched Lord Runciman to Czechoslovakia with instructions to bring about an adjustment that would avert German armed intervention. He labored in vain for many weeks. Finally, it appeared that the Henleinists were determined to reject any plan of settlement except direct annexation of the Sudeten country to Germany. After fanning their agitation and disorders to the point of civil war, Henleinists informed Lord Runciman that the Sudeten question was no longer an internal one for Czechoslovakia.

Hitler Talks Self-Determination
At the same time, in an address at Nuremberg, Hitler frankly raised the question of "self-determination" for the Sudeten. It became clear that the conflict was one between Czechoslovakia and Germany. The situation reached a climax on Sept. 14, when the concentration of German troops on the Czech frontier made Hitler's invasion appear a matter of hours.

In a move in British diplomacy, Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain rushed by airplane to Berchtesgaden for a conversation with Hitler in an effort to avert a military invasion of Czechoslovakia and the embroilment of England and France in war with Germany. Upon his return to London Mr. Chamberlain reported to the House of Commons that he had no doubt that "my visit alone prevented an invasion for which everything had been prepared." It appeared that the sole hope of averting a conflict that threatened the incorporation of the Sudeten country into Germany.

A plan for effecting this transfer was then worked out by French and British experts, delimiting the new frontier. With this plan, to which Czechoslovakia was compelled to assent, Mr. Chamberlain returned to Germany. He again met Hitler, this time at Godesberg. To Mr. Chamberlain's surprise, Hitler was not satisfied with the plan of settlement. He simply handed to the Prime Minister a map indicating the territory he proposed to occupy beyond the confines embodied in the plan agreed to by the French and the British, together with a memorandum, which Mr. Chamberlain characterized as an ultimatum, announcing Hitler's intention to march into Czechoslovakia on Oct. 1. Nor was Hitler willing to agree to a guarantee of the integrity of the remaining parts of Czechoslovakia.

The last phase of the crisis followed quickly. It ended in Munich. Hitler got what he wanted, and in some sections of the territory in dispute even more. On Sept. 29 an agreement was signed ending the crisis. Within the next few days, marching in accordance with the conditions agreed upon at Munich, German armies occupied the Sudeten country and such other strips of territory as had been ceded by the Czechs. Shocked by these developments, the world sat back to see whether peace actually had been saved.

One immediate consequence of Munich was the resignation of the Czechoslovak Government, including President Eduard Benes. A new Government took over. The rest of the world hoped that within its narrower territorial confines Czechoslovakia would find it possible to live in peace.

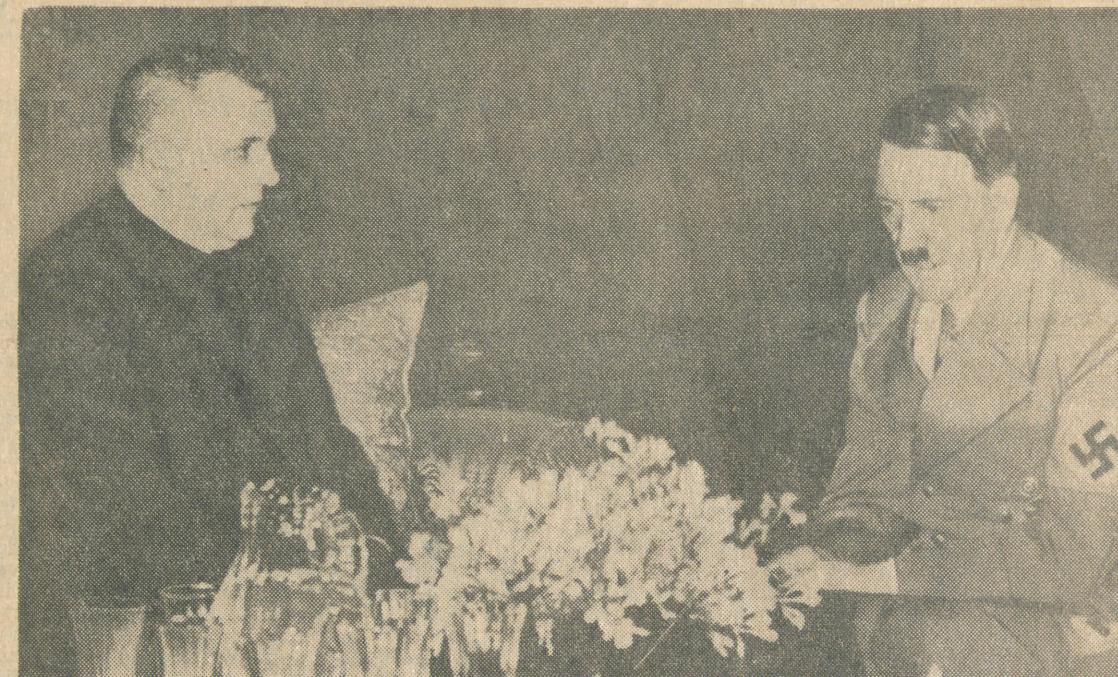
A New Crisis Follows
But a new crisis soon made itself manifest. It came from Slovakia, where the Hlinka party and Hlinka Guards, similar to Nazi Storm Troopers, agitated continually for autonomy, a demand which soon was extended to independence. German agents, active among the Slovaks, did their best to fan these sentiments, until finally, early in March, 1939, the Prague Government took steps to crush the Slovak movement. Slovak Premier Tiso, a tool of Germany, appealed to Hitler. Events then followed rapidly.

On March 12 anti-Czech demonstrations, provoked by German agents, broke out at Bratislava, Slovak capital. Immediately the German press and radio unleashed the usual blares of denunciation against the Czechs. Then Dr. Tiso, who meanwhile had been driven from office by the Czechs, took a plane for Berlin. He was received with full military honors. He conferred with Hitler. German troops were ordered to the Czech border.

HITLER'S ROLE AS A WAR LORD: FAMOUS MEETINGS BEFORE AND DURING THE CONFLICT



In Munich in 1938 when he won the consent of Britain and France to march into Czechoslovakia. Left to right: Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain, Great Britain; Premier Edouard Daladier, France; Hitler, Premier Mussolini, Italy, and Count Ciano, Foreign Minister of Italy.



Another meeting. The Slovakian Premier Joseph Tiso at the Reich's Chancellory in Berlin just before Czechoslovakia was dissolved and taken under the "protection" of the Reich. Tiso, upon returning to his country, immediately asked for German "protection."

Frantisek Chvalkovsky, Foreign Minister, arrived in Hitler's capital. They met with Hitler for three hours. There followed a communiqué declaring that President Hacha had "trustfully laid the fate of the Czech people and country into the hands of the Fuehrer of the German Reich."

Already German troops were across the border, marching into Bohemia on the excuse of restoring "order." The Czechs submitted under threat of aerial bombardment of Prague. Hitler proclaimed that Czechoslovakia "has ceased to exist." On the morning of the same day the German troops arrived in Prague, greeted with jeers from the populace. With them came the Gestapo. German clerks took over the National Bank. In the late afternoon Hitler himself arrived in the Czech capital to sleep in the Hradshin Castle, seat of the Bohemian kings, the Habsburgs and of the Czech democracy.

On March 15 Moravia and Bohemia were annexed to the Reich. They were made German protectorates. The Hitler swastika was raised over public buildings. Persecutions of Jews were unleashed. Mass arrests of prominent liberals began. From the Hradshin, Hitler issued a proclamation setting forth the new status of the country.

Bohemia and Moravia were proclaimed to be German protectorates on the ground that they were, once, many centuries ago, part of the Holy Roman Empire. Germany now needed them for her "Lebensraum." Meanwhile, Slovakia requested that she, too, be taken under Germany's rule as a protectorate. Hitler granted the "request."

Only one portion of Czechoslovakia thus remained outside the German Reich. This was the Carpatho-Ukraine, which Hungary now annexed, thus obtaining a common frontier with Poland. Hitler's plan was to do this.

He was planning to do this Hungary what he did to Czechoslovakia.

On March 16, after a hurried tour of Bohemia and Moravia, Hitler rode into swastika-bedecked Vienna. Behind him, at Prague and in other Czechoslovak cities, stayed the Gestapo. Another wave of arrests, estimated at several thousand, followed. Many suicides of Jews and liberals were reported. The occurrences were a repetition of what happened when the annexation of Austria and the occupation of the Sudeten country.

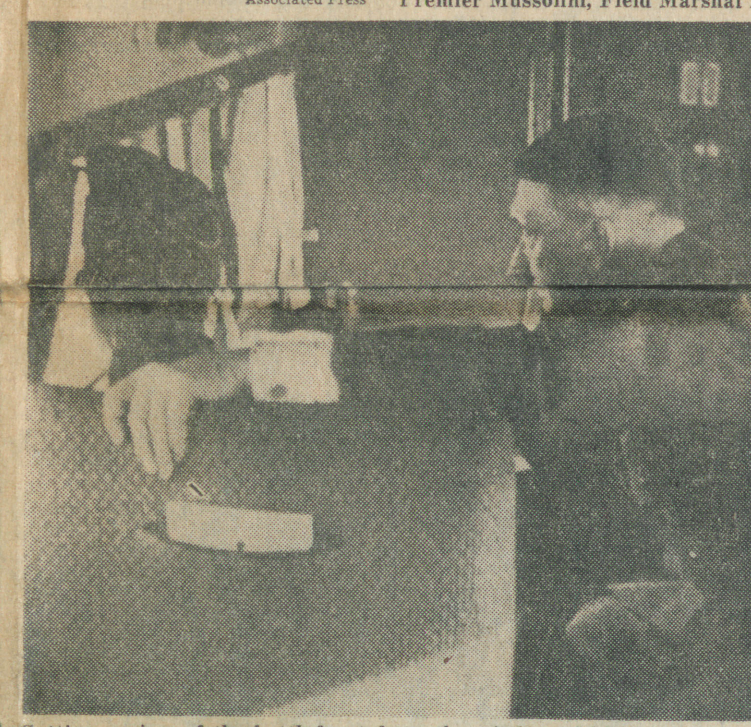
On March 18 Hitler named the "Reich Protector" for Bohemia and Moravia. He was Baron Konstantin von Neurath, former Nazi Foreign Minister, president of the Nazi secret Cabinet Council.



The speech which started World War II. Hitler, on Sept. 1, 1939, announcing to the Reichstag that Germany was at war with Poland. Great Britain and France immediately declared war against Germany.



Congratulating his Gestapo Chief, Heinrich Himmler, when he appointed the latter Minister of the Interior in 1933.



Getting a view of the battlefield from the window of his special plane.



Hitler in high and low spirits. In 1940 he danced his famous jig after the fall of France. At the right he looks over damage caused in a German town by Allied bombers.

Hitler Won Way to Unique Power; Bent Most of Europe to His Will

Continued From Page Eight

munists were the incendiaries, while Goering proclaimed that documentary material to prove this charge would soon be made public. The burning of the Reichstag produced a profound impression. Masses of people believed the Communists were actually responsible. Hitler as the savior of the nation and, indeed, in the elections a week later he won his greatest victory, but with only 43 per cent of the votes cast.

Later, at a trial conducted by the Nazi Government itself, a group of Communists accused of starting the fire were acquitted. Among them were the German Communist leader, Torgler, and the Bulgarian Communist, Dimitroff. The latter subsequently became the general secretary of the Communist International.

Marinus van der Lubbe, a former Dutch Communist of distinctly queer mind, who was supposed to have been found in the Reichstag Building at the time of the fire.

Widespread belief in Germany and abroad, on the basis of extensive investigation, was that the Hitlerites themselves set fire to the Reichstag, with van der Lubbe as their tool, to enhance their chances in the election.

After the election Hitler proceeded at full speed toward establishment of his dictatorship. The laws issued by him and Goering, who was Minister-President for Prussia, vested the Government with dictatorial power. All Communist members of the Reichstag were ordered arrested, as were many Social Democrats. They were thus prevented from attending the Reichstag session called

for March 23. Bills were introduced affirming and extending the Government's absolute authority.

Storm Troopers, displaying pistols, were stationed in the Reichstag, and in the Kroll Opera House, filling the aisles between the members' benches. "Choose between peace and war!" shouted Hitler to the terrorized representatives of the people as he demanded passage of the bills.

The Social Democrats alone voted in the negative, but Hitler had his majority. He was now the "legal" dictator of Germany. On June 27 he threw Hugenberg, leader of the Conservatives, out of the Government and the Nazis ruled supreme. Obviously, the dictatorial powers vested by Hitler from the Reichstag was for four years, until April 1, 1937, but actually it meant the end of democracy in Germany.

On March 12, 1933, President von Hindenburg decreed that the Nazi swastika, Hitler's party emblem, should be incorporated in the black-white-red ensign as part of the official flag of Germany.

With supreme power in his hands and millions of Storm Troopers ruling the country like an army of occupation, Hitler then proceeded to destroy the last vestiges of opposition. He abolished the Socialist, Communist and Democratic parties, smashed the trade unions, suppressed the entire opposition press, drove all Republicans from Government and civil service positions, filling all available posts with his party friends and supporters.

Even the Nationalist party, the party of the conservative Junkers and industrialists, was dissolved, while the Centrist party, the great party of German Catholics, announced its own "voluntary dissolution."

At the same time a wave of anti-Semitic outrages spread all over the country. Decrees depriving Jews of civil rights, of property and the right to work in various professions were issued. There were found expression later in even severer form in the Nuremberg laws.

On April 1, 1933, the Nazis carried out a one-day boycott on Jewish shops and stores, placing guards in front of the establishments and keeping customers from entering. Jews were degraded to an inferior position in German society and virtually deprived of opportunity for existence. Throughout the world, Jews, supported by Gentiles, countered with an economic boycott against Germany. This failed, however, to abate Hitler's merciless campaign.

One of the most shocking episodes of the early period of the Hitler regime was the burning of the books of outstanding German and foreign authors. The books consigned to funeral pyres in the streets and public squares of Berlin and other leading cities represented the scientific, artistic and liberal heritage of the ages. Their burning was supposed to symbolize the break between the new Nazi Germany and the "shameful" past.

The spectacle served to emphasize the divorce of Nazi Germany from Western culture and civilization. On Dec. 1, 1933, a decree proclaimed the "unity of the Nazi party and the State." By this decree Hitler meant that all labor organizations, youth organizations, universities, schools, parties and individuals had lost their identity and were merged, so far as the Nazis were concerned, in the State.

But despite the great power already wielded by him, his position was not yet entirely secure, not even in his own party, where the so-called left wing, led by Captain Roehm, was manifesting dissatisfaction over Hitler's inclination to seek coordination of the State with the army as against the Storm Troopers, who regarded themselves as the real force that carried the Nazi party to victory.

Around Captain Roehm, who at one time aspired to supreme leadership of the party, had gathered also Nazi elements disappointed in Hitler's failure to make good on his economic policies, policies akin to bolshevism, and his inclination to play politics with the big trusts and industrialists, against whom he had waged in the days when he was denouncing "capitalism" in efforts to gain the ear of the workers.

Fearing a revolt of the Storm Troopers, or rather of that group under Roehm that threatened a breach between the Reichswehr and the Government, Hitler announced in June, 1934, that the

Storm Troop organizations would take a vacation for a month beginning July 1. During that period it was intended to disband those formations considered unreliable and reorganize the entire Brownshirt army. This met resistance and Roehm demanded a showdown.

On June 30 and the following day Roehm received it. Under Hitler's personal direction Roehm and his associates were murdered. Among the victims of the "purge" was also General von Schleicher. In a Reichstag speech on July 13, Hitler sought to justify the purge as punishment for revolt against his authority and declared that the welfare of the German people required drastic action. He said the number killed was seventy-seven, but other sources declared it exceeded 1,000.

Scarcely had the consternation caused by these executions died down when the nation was treated to another surprise. On Aug. 2, 1934, President von Hindenburg died on his estate at Neudeck, Prussia. He had been ill for some time. Within a space of a few hours Hitler announced that he had taken over the powers of the President in addition to those of Chancellor, thereby vesting himself autocratic authority never

wielded by any German ruler. He proclaimed himself Fuehrer and ordered a plebiscite for approval of the consolidation of the powers of the President and Chancellor under that title. The plebiscite was held on Aug. 19. The approval vote was overwhelming.

From that moment Hitler embarked upon his bold program in the domain of internal and foreign affairs, a program that led to the mass rearmament of Germany, making her once more a great military power, reoccupation and militarization of the Rhineland, the annexation of Austria, the occupation of Czechoslovakia, the seizure of Memel, Danzig and the Polish Corridor, the destruction of Poland, seizure of Denmark and Norway, the conquest of Holland, Belgium, Luxembourg, France and the Balkans, the invasion of Russia, and the long domination of the European Continent by Nazi Germany.

It all ended, however, in the confirmation of Napoleon's dictum: "Empires die of indigestion." With the fall of Hitler's empire under the blows of Allied arms Germany fell to the lowest state experienced by any nation in modern times.

That was Hitler's contribution to the history of the "master race."

Hitler's 'Intuition' Strategy Helped Hasten Defeat of Germany on East and West Fronts

History will determine Hitler's exact degree of responsibility for the conduct of military operations during the war. It was known that he was frequently in disagreement with his generals, who had been inclined to urge greater caution than he had exhibited on many critical occasions. He was encouraged in his daring at crucial moments before the war by what appeared to him the unwillingness or unreadiness of France and England to enter into collision with Germany.

This was at the time of the German invasion of the Rhineland, the occupation of Austria and during the Czechoslovak crisis of 1938. It is probable that at the time of the diplomatic conflict with Poland, immediately preceding the outbreak of hostilities, Hitler felt that Britain and France would accept another Munich and yield to his demands on Poland. This may be regarded by the future historian as his first great mistake.

The long series of sweeping victories won by the German armies in the early years of the war buttressed his self-confidence, fanned by the adulation heaped upon him by his press, which pictured him as a great military genius. After the fall of France in June, 1940, he gave vent to his exultation by dancing an impromptu jig on the sidewalks of Paris, an act that the newsreels recorded for the entire world to see.

His personal responsibility for the invasion of Russia in June, 1941, was never denied. The great initial victories of the Germans in Russia were also attributed to his alleged uncanny military talents. Less than two years later, however, it had become clear that his invasion of Russia, which cost Germany millions of lives, was another and perhaps the greatest of his errors. For a few months it had seemed that his plans in Russia would be crowned with success, but after the reverses that compelled the German retreat from Moscow he sought to cover up the setback by placing the responsibility on the

political blow dealt to the Axis in Italy he sent a squad of parachutists in September of that year to rescue Mussolini from his confinement behind the Allies' lines. The rescue enabled Hitler to establish a puppet Mussolini government in northern Italy, which functioned until the entire Italian front collapsed under Anglo-American blows. On April 28, 1945, Mussolini was captured by Italian Partisans and executed. At that very time Hitler was reported dead or dying in Berlin.

While Hitler's public appearances declined in frequency with the progress of the war toward the climax of Germany's defeat, his utterances against her opponents grew in violence and vituperation. He ridiculed the Allies' leaders as "military idiots" and boasted that their armies would never be able to land on the Continent.

Proof of the fatal effects of Hitler's interference with his generals in the conduct of military operations was obtained in documents captured by the Allies shortly after their invasion of Normandy on June 6, 1944. By the middle of 1944 it had become clear to German military and civilian leaders that their country had lost the war and that the elimination of Hitler was essential to salvage what was possible from the wreck. A group of conspirators resolved to remove him from the scene. On July 20, 1944, he was painfully burned by a bomb.

The assassination attempt was attributed to a band of generals and other officers. Hundreds of persons, including some distinguished military men involved in the conspiracy, were executed and the Government's terror against "defeatists" was intensified. Hitler gradually disappeared from view, although orders and proclamations continued to be issued in his name. In the last few weeks of the war it had become apparent that he had lost control of the situation.

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65-53615-X24

TRANSIA TION FROM GERMAN

Country: Upper Austria, Diocese: Linz Baptismal and birth certificate

Political District: Braunau am Inn.

Community: Braunau am Inn.

From the birth and baptismal record of the town parish, Braunau am Inn, vol. 19 page 152, it is hereby officially certified that in the year eighteen hundred eighty nine on 4-20, that is, on the twentieth of April, 1889, the following child was born and baptized by the Right Reverend Beneficatio (?) Ignac Probst on April 22nd, 1889 according to Roman Catholic rites.

Name of infant	Adolf
Place of birth, town, (street) house number	Vorstadt 274
Father	Alois Hitler, government customs official.
Mother	Clara, of Johann Poelsl, peasant in Spital in lower Austria and of Johanna, born Hitler, legitimate daughter.
Godparents	Johann and Johanna Pienk Vienna III, Loeweng. 28.
Remarks	(blank)

In witness whereof the parish jurisdictional fulfilment and the accompanying stamp of the parish seal. Roman Catholic parish jurisdiction,

September 7, 1933
Braunau am Inn.
Upper Austria
(signed) Dr. Friedrich Kasberger
locum tenens

Printed and published: Press Association Linz, Ried, Rohrbach, Weis. 4434 33 -2.
No. 90.

Translated by:
Cornelia Paustian
5/11/44
glb

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65-53615-X24

Land: **Oberösterreich**, Diözese: **Linz**.
Polit. Bezirk: **BRAUNAU am INN**.
Ortsgemeinde: **BRAUNAU am INN**.

3. 992

Taufschein

und Geburtszeugnis.



Aus dem Geburts- und Taufbuche der *Stadt* Pfarre **BRAUNAU am INN** Tom. *19* fol. *152* wird hiemit
ämlich bezeugt, daß im Jahre Eintausend *acht* hundert *achtzig* *neun* am *20. IV*,
d. i. am *zwanzigsten April* *1889* folgendes Kind geboren und vom *hochwürdigsten Herrn Pfarrer*
Friedrich Probst am *22. IV* *1889* nach römisch-katholischem Ritus getauft worden ist.

Name des Täuflings	Ort der Geburt Ortschaft (Gasse) Haus-Nr.	Vater	Mutter	Pate	Anmerkung
<i>Adolf</i>	<i>Neustadt</i> <i>274.</i>	<i>Alois Keller,</i> <i>k. k. Zollamtsassistent</i>	<i>Klein, geb.</i> <i>Johann Döhl,</i> <i>Bauw. in Spital in</i> <i>Nied. Österreich u. d.</i> <i>Johanna, geb. von</i> <i>Keller, eheliche</i> <i>Lebende.</i>	<i>Johann v.</i> <i>Johanna</i> <i>Pirk,</i> <i>Privat</i> <i>Wien III,</i> <i>Lebenz. 28.</i>	



Urkund dessen die pfarrämliche Fertigung und das beigedruckte Pfarrsiegel.

Röm.-kath. Stadtpfarramt
Pfarramt **7. SEP. 1933**
BRAUNAU am Inn, Ob. Öst.

Friedrich Probst

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/11/99 BY SP102K/JS

65-53615-X24

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/11/99 BY SPICELK/SS

Federal Bureau of Investig.
Washington D. C.

Handwritten signature



Der FÜHRER am Hintersee (Berchtesgaden)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/11/99 BY SP 1CHK/JS

65-53615-4



MAY 30 1945

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/11/99 BY SPICKER/JS

65-53615-4



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/11/99 BY SP1026/JS

65-53615-4

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR



~~SECRET~~
LW:vj

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

August 20, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD

RE: ADOLF HITLER

At 6:20 p.m. the New York Office phoned and advised Supervisor Lish Whitson that they had just received information through the technical surveillance on the Soviet Consulate that a woman from the Norwegian Shipping and Trade Commission had just told the Consulate that a flash had been received from their (Norwegian) listening post that Adolf Hitler had been killed on the Eastern Front. She asked if the Soviet Consulate could verify this. The Consulate could not. (S)(u)

Respectfully,

F. L. Welch

F. L. Welch

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Acers _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Mumford _____
Mr. Starke _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Beahm _____
Miss Gandy _____

CLASSIFICATION RETAINED BY 2955 RDS/AB
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED
BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 3/4/92 8/23 med/pte 5/12/92

8/20/43
D.A.
st

11-22-91 1565580/pte
Classified by
Declassify on: OADR
#86-6710

RECORDED

165-53615-X23
FBI
27 AUG 24 1943



DECLASSIFIED BY SPICKK/JS
11/10/91

~~SECRET~~

Classified by 6049
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

116 21 AUG 26 1943

100 DELEVERGE

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F.B.I.
U.S. DEPT OF JUSTICE

AUG 21 9 52 AM '43

RECEIVED-NICHOLS
F B I
DEPT OF JUSTICE

AUG 23 11 21 AM '43

RECEIVED-STARKE

F B I

U.S. DEPT OF JUSTICE

F. I. METER

RECEIVED

...the consulate could not
...the asked if the consulate could
...that would matter had been killed on the
...that a letter had been received from that (consulate)
...gathering and that consulate was that told the consulate
on the consulate that a woman from the consulate
received information through the consulate and that
...that they had that
at 8:30 P.M. the New York office closed and

RE: VIOLENT RIOTS

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

August 30, 1943

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

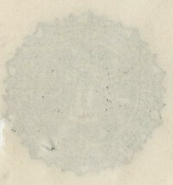
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Mr. Nease
- Mr. Boardman
- Miss Gandy

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~



DIRECTOR

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

TNS:RCL

December 11, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
1900 Bankers' Building,
Chicago, Illinois.

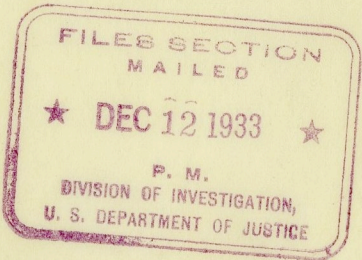
Dear Sir:

Reference is made to a letter directed to
your Office from the Washington Field Office dated
November 29, 1933 relative to alleged plans to assassi-
nate Chancellor Hitler.

You are requested to immediately conduct
the necessary investigation.

Very truly yours,

Director.



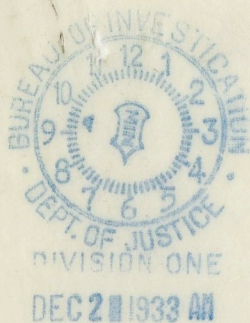
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WA

65-53615-X21

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
DEC 13 1933 P.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FILE

54 OCT 22 1945



311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

November 29, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
1900 Bankers' Building,
Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Sir:

In accordance with instructions from the Division, there are transmitted herewith copies of a memorandum from Assistant Attorney General Joseph B. Keenan dated November 10, 1933, and copies of the enclosure mentioned therein, together with copies of the letter from this office dated October 21, 1933, to the Division and letter from the Division to this office dated November 16, 1933, relative to M. Kimball of Chicago, Illinois, who furnished information to the German Consul of the German Embassy stationed at Chicago relative to alleged plans whereby American Jews would send to Germany an emissary to assassinate Chancellor Hitler, for which information he wanted \$1,000, and also stated that payment of additional \$1,000 should be made after verification.

It is requested that the Chicago office conduct the necessary additional investigation relative to this matter.

Very truly yours,

L. P. Oliver,
Acting Special Agent in Charge.

CAW:CGM
62-2450
Encl.

cc Division

65-53613-	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
NOV 29 1933 P.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
FILE	FILE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 JAP/PL
86-0710

11/12/99 SPICKERIS

Adolf O. Ketter

21

TGK:LL
62-26760

November 16, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

With further reference to the case of DANIEL STERN, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor, Adolph Hitler, there are transmitted herewith copies of a memorandum from Assistant Attorney General Joseph B. Keenan, dated November 10, 1933, and copies of the inclosure mentioned therein.

While the statements made by Mr. H. Kimball, of Chicago, Illinois, have no direct connection with Daniel Stern, the information is similar to that previously received concerning this individual.

The information contained in the memorandum of the Assistant Attorney General, is apparently identical with that contained in your letter dated October 21, 1933, transmitting to the Division information previously received from Inspector Burke of the Metropolitan Police Department, concerning Mr. Kimball.

It is suggested that the Chicago Office be furnished with the information already obtained by your office, relative to this matter, with the request that the necessary additional investigation be performed.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Inclosure No. 679803.

P. M.
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION,
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 RDD/ste
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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

TGK:LL

62-26760

65-53615-X19

RECORDED

November 15, 1933.

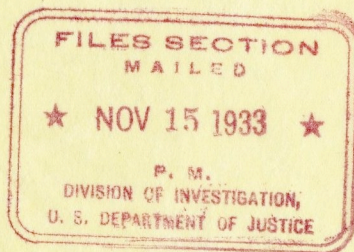
MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL KEENAN.

Receipt is acknowledged of your memorandum dated November 10, 1933, transmitting a translation of a note received by the Secretary of State from the German Ambassador, with regard to statements made by a certain Mr. M. Kimball, of Chicago, Illinois, relative to a purported conspiracy to assassinate the German Chancellor.

I have instructed the Washington Field Office of this Division to make appropriate investigation in this matter, and you will be furnished with a copy of the report outlining the results of such investigation, upon completion of same.

Very truly yours,

Director.



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 SP/pt

#86-0710

11/12/99 SP CLK/JS

54 OCT 22 1945

ADDRESS REPLY TO
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"
AND REFER TO
INITIALS AND NUMBER

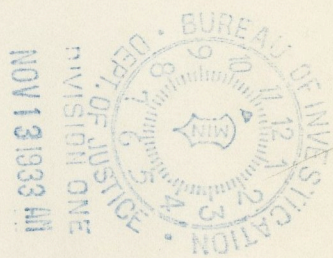
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

HAF:KCC

JBK 1447

235254

November 10, 1933.



MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR,
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION.

There is attached hereto a translation of a note received by the Secretary of State from the German Ambassador with regard to statements made by a certain Mr. M. ~~X~~Kimball, of Chicago, Illinois, relative to a purported conspiracy to assassinate the German Chancellor. The State Department requests advice as to any action that may be taken by this Department in regard to this matter.

In view of the reference of this matter to this Department by the Secretary of State, it is believed that investigation should be made to ascertain all possible information concerning Kimball and whether his information as to plans for the assassination of the German Chancellor is bona fide. Please forward to this Division copies of the reports.

Respectfully,

Joseph B. Keenan

JOSEPH B. KEENAN,
Assistant Attorney General.

Encl.

Adolf Hitler

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NOV 13 1933
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11/15/33
Act. d. referred to
W.F.G.
SWK

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INDEXED

NOV 16 1933

65-53615-X19	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
NOV 11 1933 A.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
Unit One <i>YK</i>	FILE

INITIALS AND NUMBER
AND REFER TO
THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
ADDRESS ONLY TO

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

HAF:KGC

WASHINGTON, D.C.

781 1413

255254

November 10, 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION

There is attached hereto a translation of a note received by the Secretary of State from the German Ambassador with regard to statements made by a certain Mr. M. Kimball, of Chicago, Illinois, relative to a purported conspiracy to assassinate the German Chancellor. The State Department requests advice as to any action that may be taken by this Department in regard to this matter.

In view of the reference of this matter to this Department by the Secretary of State, it is believed that investigation should be made to ascertain all possible information concerning Kimball and whether his information as to plans for the assassination of the German Chancellor is bona fide. Please forward to this Division copies of the reports.

Respectfully,

RECEIVED



NOV 13 1933 AM

JOSEPH B. EDWARDS
Assistant Attorney General

Encl.

22-23242-X19
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
NOV 11 1933 A.M.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

Nov 16 1933

(COPY)

Translation

GERMAN EMBASSY

Washington, D. C.,

November 3, 1933.

Mr. Secretary of State:

I have the honor to inform Your Excellency of the following:

On the twentieth of this month an unknown man, who called himself Mr. M. Kimball of Chicago, appeared at the Embassy and stated that he was ready for the down payment of \$1000 and the balance of \$4000 to furnish thorough information concerning a planned attempt to assassinate the German Chancellor of the Reich. He needed the money for the purpose of satisfying gambling debts made in the Chicago underworld.

He says that plan of assassination originated in the Jewish criminal circles in Chicago, which are connected with an office in London. He says that as presumptive perpetrator there is to be considered a person of American nationality domiciled in New York, and who is in desperate circumstances and upon promise that his dependents will be taken care of in case of need, has already declared himself ready to travel between November 11th and 15th to London in order to receive further instruction there concerning the execution of the assassination. Arrangements have been made, he says, that

His Excellency
Mr. Cordell Hull
Secretary of State of the
United States,
Washington, D. C.

65-53615-X19

(COPY)

- 2 -

the identity of the assassin shall not be established in case of arrest and, in particular, that a connection with the American Jewish circles shall not be shown. The person in question is one who is entirely unsuspected and of whom no finger prints are in existence.

The plan for assassination rests, it is alleged, in the hands of people who have played a prominent role in the anti-German campaign.

Mr. Kimball had already got into contact with the German Consulate General in Chicago prior to his visit to the Embassy. He has received neither there nor here the payment asked and now he has departed to New York where he has applied in the meantime to the German Consulate General there in the same matter.

Full details concerning his personality have already been submitted to the Police official in Washington, Inspector Burke. If desired Mr. Kimball's signature, as written by him, can also be placed at your disposal.

I would be very much obliged to Your Excellency if you would be good enough to have Mr. Kimball watched unobtrusively by the competent authorities and to have investigations made with regard to the alleged assassin and plotters.

Accept, Mr. Secretary of State, the renewed assurance of my highest esteem.

(signed) Luther.

TR: IJ:MCS.

U. S. Department of Justice
Bureau of Investigation

311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.
October 21, 1933.

Mr. Nathan.....
Mr. Tolson.....
Mr. Clegg.....
Mr. Edwards.....
Mr. Egan.....
Mr. Hughes.....
Mr. Quinn.....
Mr. Lester.....
Mr. Locke.....

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1958/pte
86-0710

11/12/99 SPICK/K/S

Dear Sir:

At 3:15 P.M., October 20th, Inspector Burke, of the local police department called me on the phone and informed me that two weeks ago at Chicago a man giving the name of M. Kimball, had reported to the General Consul, of the German Embassy, stationed at Chicago, alleged plans whereby American Jews would send to Germany an emissary to assassinate Hitler. Kimball wanted \$1,000 for the information. He also demanded the payment of an additional \$1,000.00 after verification.

He recently left Chicago and today arrived in Washington for the purpose of conference with the German Ambassador. The German Embassy got in touch with the State Department, which asked the Police Department to render the German Embassy here appropriate assistance. The second secretary to the Ambassador asked Sergeant Truscott, of the local Police Department, to not only shadow this man around Washington, but to follow him to Chicago and vicinity for the purpose of determining his connections. Messrs. Burke and Truscott told me that they, of course, could not leave the District of Columbia and wanted to know whether we would be willing to take up the surveillance at the Union Station upon departure of this individual for Chicago.

After a conference with Assistant Director Nathan, I informed Sergeant Truscott, in the absence of Inspector Burke, that it would not be proper for us to undertake this assignment unless a formal request to do so were forwarded from the Secretary of State to the Attorney General.

RECORDED

Very truly yours,

OCT 27 1933

J. M. KEITH,
Special Agent in Charge

DIRECTOR
NATHAN

23 1933 A.M.

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

FILE

JMK:ps

TNS:LL

~~62-26760-25~~

65-53615-X17

RECORDED
OCT 24 1933

October 23, 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. FRANK M. PARRISH,
ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION.

Reference is made to memorandum dated September 6, 1933, from former Assistant Attorney General Pat Malloy, Department File No. 235254, transmitting a photostatic copy of a translation of a note of August 24th from the German Ambassador, together with its inclosure, regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor.

In connection with this matter, there is transmitted herewith a copy of a letter from the Special Agent in Charge of the Detroit Office of this Division, dated October 5, 1933.

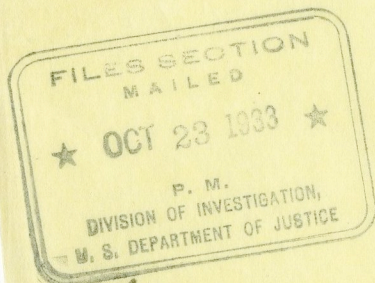
In the absence of a request from you, no further investigation will be conducted by this Division.

Very truly yours,

Director.

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DATE 11-22-91 BY 15658/ptc
86-0710
11/12/99 SPICKER/SS

Inclosure No. 679654.



4 OCT 22 1933

U. S. Bureau of Investigation

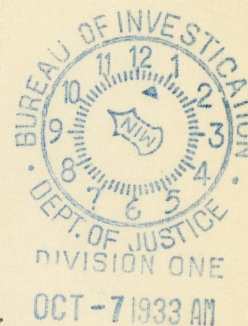
Department of Justice

625 Lafayette Building,
Detroit, Michigan.

October 5, 1933.

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D.C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1958 RPT
#86-0710
11/12/99 SPICKHIS



OCT 24 1933

INDEXED

65-53615-X17

Re - DANIEL STERN

Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor, Adolph Hitler. OCT 7 1933

Dear Sir:-

Referring to the letter from the Washington Field Office, dated September 25, 1933, in the above entitled matter, please be advised that Special Agent D. L. Nicholson interviewed Mr. Leonard Schlafer, who is presently residing at 3767 Edison St., Detroit, Mich., Mr. Schlafer advised that he had absolutely no information whatever regarding a plot or movement to assassinate the German Chancellor, and that he at no time made any statements regarding this matter. He further stated that the only place he had heard any conversation regarding the German Chancellor was in the office of Dr. R. A. Ross, 1706 Eaton Tower, Detroit, Michigan, during August 1933; that at this time while Dr. Ross was working on his teeth, the Doctor stated that he had previously used German drills or burrs but that since Chancellor Hitler had been persecuting the Jews he along with numerous other Doctors in the building, had boycotted all German made products. Mr. Schlafer made no replies to these remarks.

It is to be noted that Leonard Schlafer is a young Jewish boy, 19 years of age, and has the appearance of a clean living and moral individual. He graduated from high school in June 1932 and is presently employed as a clerk by the Chrysler Motor Corporation.

Dr. R. A. Ross, 1706 Eaton Tower, was also interviewed by Agent Nicholson who apprised that during August, 1933, while he was doing dental work for Leonard Schlafer he remarked that he was using German drills, to which Leonard Schlafer replied that he did not wish any German products used on him and some one "should bump Hitler off." Dr. Ross further advised that this statement was not made in a savage way and that he is of the opinion that Leonard Schlafer is not the

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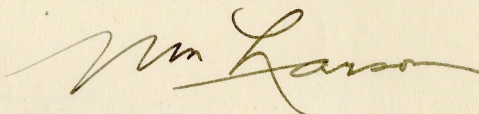
R 207 NOV 1 1960

10/23/33
Memo. Parrish, trans.
cc this let.
JMS.

- 2 -

type of an individual who would be involved in such a plot. Dr. Ross stated that he is 55 years of age, was born and raised in the state of Michigan, and it was also noted that he is quite hard of hearing and is more or less of the gossiping type.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Wm. Larson".

WM. LARSON,
Special Agent in Charge

DLN-ICM
62-698

u

311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.
September 25, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
625 Lafayette Building,
Detroit, Michigan.

65-53615-X16

SEP 26 1933

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

in Case

FILE

Re: ~~Daniel Stern~~,
Threat to Assassinate German
Chancellor, Adolph Hitler.

Dear Sir:

There are transmitted herewith, copies of a memorandum from Assistant Attorney General Pat Malloy and photostatic copies of enclosures therein for your attention at Detroit, Michigan. Although the matter contained in the attached memorandum apparently has no connection with the above entitled case, it is similar in nature to information previously received by the Washington Field Office and for that reason the Division has requested that your office be furnished the information now in the files of this office.

On March 25, 1933, the German Embassy received a letter postmarked at Philadelphia, Pa., March 24, 1933 from an individual signing his name as Daniel Stern, in which he advised that he had asked President Roosevelt to publicly remonstrate with the German Government the outrages upon the Jews in Germany and to demand an immediate and complete end of this persecution. In the event that such a statement was not made, he notified the German Embassy that he intended to go to Germany to assassinate Hitler.

Investigation at Philadelphia failed to disclose the identity of the individual signing himself as Daniel Stern.

Subsequently an additional communication was received by the German Embassy from Colonel C. W. Steinman, Engineer of Lines, Box 166, Tucson, Arizona in which Colonel Steinman states that he accidentally overheard a conversation in Yiddish in the San Carlos Hotel, Phoenix, Arizona which had to do with a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor. Subsequent investigation at Tucson, Arizona failed to disclose any further information concerning the identity of

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BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
DIVISION ONE
SEP 27 1933 AM

-2-

the individuals holding this conversation.

The German Embassy was also in receipt of a letter dated April 21, 1933 written in German and signed by one C. Portugall, which was postmarked April 21, 1933 at New York City, in which this individual also alleges that he overheard a conversation between several Jews in New York concerning a movement on foot to assassinate Hitler and that a young American Jew had already been selected to commit the murder. The New York City Office was unable to locate Portugall for further questioning.

In connection with this matter, I quote herewith a paragraph contained in a memorandum from Mr. Frank M. Parrish, Acting Head of the Criminal Division of the Department, to the Director dated March 31, 1933 with respect to the Daniel Stern matter:

" While it does not appear that the complaint falls within the provisions of any Federal Statute, in view of the request of the State Department, will you please arrange to have the matter investigated".

In the event that you are successful in locating Leonard Schlafer and the other individuals involved, it is suggested that inquiry be made into their sanity and that the status of their citizenship be determined. No further investigation is being conducted in this matter by this office and it will only be necessary for you to furnish necessary copies of reports to the Division for transmittal to the Department.

Very truly yours,

J. H. HANSON,
Acting Special Agent in Charge.

TGM:JGM
62-2450
Encl.

CC:Division ✓

TNS:CJ

62-26760-18

65-53615-X15

RECORDED

September 13, 1933

SEP 14 1933

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 [signature]
#86-0710

Dear Sir:

11/12/99 SPICK/KJS

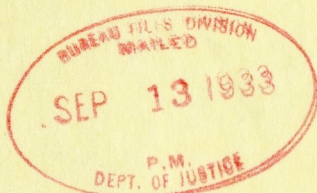
With further reference to the case of DANIEL STERN,
Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor, Adolph Hitler, there
are transmitted herewith copies of a memorandum from Assistant
Attorney General Pat Malloy and photostatic copies of the
enclosures therein. While this apparently has no connection
with Daniel Stern, the information is similar to that received
from Colonel C. W. Steinmann at Phoenix, Arizona.

It is suggested that the Detroit office be furnished
with the information already obtained by your office, relative
to this matter.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Encl. #676666



ms

win

JUS [signature]
54 OCT 22 1945

K
W
ADDRESS REPLY TO
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"
AND REFER TO
INITIALS AND NUMBER

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

PM

1497

WASHINGTON, D. C.

HAF:KCC

235254

September 6, 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR,
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION.

There is attached hereto a photostatic copy of a translation of a note of August 24 from the German Ambassador, together with its enclosure, containing a statement which Doctor R. A. Ross of Detroit, Michigan, made before the Secretary to the German Vice Consul in that city, regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor.

The Secretary of State requests that this matter be investigated and the results communicated to his department for transmission to the German Embassy. Will you please, therefore, arrange to have the necessary investigation made, furnishing this Division with copies for transmission to the State Department.

Malloy

PAT MALLOY,
Assistant Attorney General.

2 Encl.

no
K W
92
cc

Letter to
Wash. Field
9/13/33
JMS

RECORDED

INDEXED

65-53615-X15	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
SEP 6 1933 A.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
Unit One	FILE

Declassified Authority NND 323000
COPY:DJW:SS
COMP: mlms

TRANSLATION

GERMAN EMBASSY

Clev. 107.

The German Embassy has the honor to transmit herewith to the Department of State a copy of a declaration which Dr. R. A. Ross, Dentist, 1706 Eaton Tower, Detroit, Michigan, made before Luella E. Schneider, Secretary to the German Vice Consul in Detroit. Dr. Ross reports a conversation with Mr. Leonard Schlafer, 2959 Gladstone Avenue, Detroit, Michigan, who is alleged to have told him about an intended attempt on the life of the German Reich Chancellor.

The German Embassy would be grateful to the Department of State if this communication could be examined as to its correctness, and if occasion should arise, the steps which may appear necessary be taken in the matter.

Washington, D. C. August 24, 1933.

Tr IJ:WCW

65-53615-X15

A b s c h r i f t .Strictly confidential.

Statement made by Dr.R.A.Ross (Dentist)
 1706 Eaton Tower,
 Detroit, Michigan
 to Luella E.Schneider (Stenographer)
 814 Hammond Bldg.,
 Detroit, Michigan.

Mr.Leonard Schlafer -- 2959 Gladstone Avenue, Detroit,Michigan, was referred to Dr.Ross by his uncle, Dr.N.H.Schlafer (M.D.) - 1702 Eaton Tower, Detroit. Dr.Schlafer formerly was Chief Surgeon at the Receiving Hospital (this city) but for the last two years has had his offices in the Eaton Tower on the same floor where Dr.Ross is located. Leonard Schlafer had to have some work done on his teeth and called at Dr.Ross' office with a brother and cousin. The latter two waited in the Reception Room while Leonard Schlafer went into the Doctor's private office and then closed the door. Dr.Ross commenced to do the work and just happened to mention to Leonard Schlafer that he would use some German drills, and thereupon Leonard Schlafer became savage and told the Doctor that he didn't want German drills used on him; that "they" are going to select about a half dozen men to do away with Hitler and that he(Leonard Schlafer) had volunteered and hoped that he will be selected as one of them. Doctor Ross then asked him how they would get into Germany. Leonard Schlafer then said they would be dropped from an aeroplane in Germany and right where they want to do, also that they were going through Switzerland. Leonard Schlafer works somewhere on Broadway (this city) but Dr.Ross does not know where. He is about 22 years of age, husky built and his features are more German than Jewish. Dr.Ross is of the impression that this is being planned in New York and it would be well to immediately investigate the matter as there might be something to it. The boy appears to be quite smart and Dr. Ross believes he is serious in his statements.
 Detroit, Mich; August 15, 1933.

(sgd.) Luella E. Schneider.

65-53615-X15

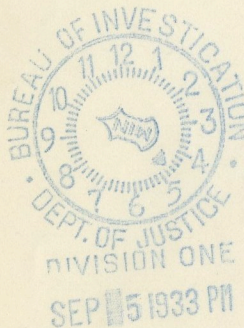
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BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
DIVISION ONE
SEP 7 1933 PM

U. S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

311 Hurley-Wright Building
Washington, D. C.

RECEIVED



September 2, 1933.

The Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Re: Daniel ~~X~~ Stern--Threat to Assassinate
German Chancellor, Adolph Hitler

With reference to the above-entitled matter, please be advised that all outstanding leads have been completed without any definite information having been obtained as to the identity of the individual who allegedly made a threat to assassinate Adolph Hitler.

Accordingly this case is being closed at the Washington Field Office subject to being re-opened in the event further information is received by the German chancellor.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Dwight Brantley".

Dwight Brantley,
Acting Special Agent in Charge.

TGK:CSM
62-2450

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 12658 SPK/KFS

11-22-91
#860710
11/12/99

SPICK/KFS

INDEXED
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SEP 6 1933

65-53615-X14	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
SEP 5 1933	
Unit One	FILE

54 OCT 22 1945

CAA:RG

~~62-26760~~

65-53615-X13

August 30, 1933.

RECORDED

AUG 31 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT SOLICITOR GENERAL MACLEAN

There is transmitted herewith a copy of the report of Special Agent Clinton Stein, Los Angeles, California, dated August 21, 1933, in the case entitled DANIEL STERN, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor Adolf Hitler, for transmittal to the Department of State, if desired. This is the matter about which Mr. Schoenfeld of the State Department inquired. He desires to transmit this information to the German Embassy as soon as possible.

Very truly yours,

Director.

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DATE 11-22-91 BY 156580/ptc
#86-0710
11/12/99 SPICK/K/JS

Enclosure #660967.

BUREAU FILE DIVISION
AUG 30 1933
53 OCT 24 1933
21

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT Washington

L. A. FILE NO. 62-987

REPORT MADE AT: Los Angeles	DATE WHEN MADE: 8-21-33	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 8/15-16-21/33	REPORT MADE BY: Clinton Stein T
TITLE: DANIEL X STERN			CHARACTER OF CASE: THREAT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: COL. STEINMANN interviewed prior to receipt of reference letter. Advised that in May, 1933, in the San Carlos Hotel, Phoenix, Ariz., he overheard two Jews say HITLER was to be assassinated between May and September, 1933, by an Agent of New York City Jews. Steinmann stated he believed one of hotel's bellboys said one of talkers was a rabbi. Bellboys of the San Carlos Hotel have no recollection of conversation with Steinmann. Records of San Carlos Hotel do not list subject from April to June, 1933.</p> <p>R. U. C.</p> <p>REFERENCE: Telegram and letter from the Washington Field Office, both dated August 14, 1933, and Los Angeles Office letter dated August 18, 1933.</p> <p>DETAILS: AT TUCSON, ARIZONA</p> <p>It was learned at the Postoffice that COL. C. W. STEINMANN is now residing at Phoenix, Arizona.</p> <p>DETAILS: AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA</p> <p>COL. C. W. STEINMANN, 705 North First St., was interviewed on August 16, 1933. He advised that he is a mining engineer by profession, as well as a soldier, and that he had spent 25 years in Mexico in both capacities; that he had been a colonel in the Mexican Army when General Porfirio Diaz was in power. He stated that he is now a citizen of Mexico but a political exile in this country.</p>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE			DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES INDEXED
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Division 2 Washington 2 Los Angeles 2 <i>copy MacLean 8-30-33</i>			RECORDED AND INDEXED: 65-53615-X13 AUG 31 1933 CHECKED OFF: AUG 31 1933 JACKETED:
ROUTED TO: <i>ONE</i>			FILE

He advised that in May, 1933, he was in a room at the San Carlos Hotel visiting a friend and that when the latter left the room for a few minutes and he was left there alone he chanced to overhear a conversation in Yiddish in an adjoining room. The two men he overheard were speaking about conditions in Germany and Chancellor Hitler and the latter's antipathy for the Jews. One of the talkers told the other that Hitler would not last long; that a number of Jews in New York City were sending a man to Germany to assassinate Hitler. They named the German boat on which the assassin was leaving sometime in May, 1933. The assassination was to take place between May and September, 1933. Hitler was either to be poisoned or shot.

COL. STEINMANN said he then went down to the lobby of the hotel to observe the talkers as they went out. He said they were both Jews about 50 years old and quite stout. He could give no other description of them. He stated as they went out he asked one of the bellboys who they were and that he furnished him their names. It is Steinmann's recollection that the bellboy told him one of the Jews was a rabbi but he was not certain that he was told so.

Steinmann said he immediately wrote a letter to the German Embassy in Washington, D. C., advising them of the conversation he overheard and that in that letter he furnished the names of the talkers and the name of the boat the assassin was to sail on. However, when Agent talked to Steinmann he was unable to recall any of those details. Since the name DANIEL STERN was mentioned in the Division wire, Steinmann was asked if that were the name of one of the talkers. He said he did not remember and that he did not believe it was.

Steinmann was very reluctant to discuss this matter, saying that in his letter to the German Embassy he had requested it to never divulge his name. As Agent continued to talk with him he launched into a tirade against the Jews in this country, stating that it will have to take the same action against them within 10 years that Germany has taken.

He advised that he is attempting to patent and market an alloy of lead and copper to be used as bearings, but that the Jews in this country have prevented his financing of same.

With the assistance of J. C. BARNES, manager of the San Carlos Hotel, its register was searched from April to June, 1933, without finding any man by the name of STERN or STEARN registered in. Agent casually contacted the hotel's bellboys. They all know Steinmann but could not recall ever having furnished him the names of any guests or their visitors.

Col. Steinmann was interviewed prior to the receipt of the letter of reference and it is to be noted that his verbal statement conflicts considerably with the letter which he wrote to the German Embassy. No mention was made to Agent of Arthur Brisbane's newspaper columns. Neither was the name of the boat

upon which the assassin was to embark to Germany mentioned in Col. Steinmann's letter to the Embassy as he had verbally advised Agent.

14

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN

CAA:RG

~~62-26760-14~~

RECORDED

65-53615-X12

August 25, 1933.

AUG 28 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL MALLOY

Reference is made to your memorandum of August 21, 1933, and the statement of Colonel C. W. Steinmann regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor, Adolph Hitler.

Special Agents of the Los Angeles Office of this Division interviewed Colonel Steinmann, who advised that in the early part of May, this year, he overheard two Jews in the San Carlos Hotel at Phoenix, Arizona, whose names were not remembered, state that New York City Jews were sending a man to Germany in May in order to poison or shoot Chancellor Hitler, between May and September, 1933. Colonel Steinmann advised that he immediately wrote a letter to the German Embassy in Washington, giving complete details of the conversation overheard, including the names of the parties and the boat the assassin was to embark on. It appears that Steinmann is a political exile from Mexico and is a citizen of that country. It seems that he is strongly pro-Hitler and anti-Jewish in his conversation.

A detailed report of this interview is being forwarded from the Los Angeles Office and will be transmitted to you upon receipt. There appears to be no further action which may be taken.

Very truly yours,

Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 DAP/te

86-0710

11/12/99 SPICK/SS

BUREAU FILES DIVISION
MAILED

AUG 25 1933

P.M.
DEPT. OF JUSTICE

53 OCT 24 1945 21

W
ADDRESS REPLY TO
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"
AND REFER TO
INITIALS AND NUMBER

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

HAF:KCC

PM HAF235254

August 21, 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR,
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION.

Reference is made to my memorandum of May 23 and yours of May 27, 1933, concerning a letter from a certain Colonel C. W. Steinmann regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor, Adolf Hitler.

Will you please advise this Division as to the present status of the investigation of Colonel Steinmann's complaint, furnishing copies of any reports which may have been made regarding the same.

Malloy

PAT MALLOY,
Assistant Attorney General.

RECORDED
&
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AUG 28 1933

*Memo Malloy
8-25-33
caa*

65-53615-X12	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
AUG 22 1933 A.M.	
<i>Ca</i>	
Div. One	FILE

Plot to assassinate Adolf Hitler

Los Angeles, California
August 18, 1933

Special Agent in Charge
Division of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Hurley-Wright Building
Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 JDP/ptc
#86,0718

Dear Sir:

Re: DANIEL X STERN
Threat to Assassinate German
Chancellor Adolf Hitler
L. A. File 62-987

Upon receipt of your telegram of the 14th instant, relative the above captioned matter, Special Agent Clinton Stein of this office, who was then at Phoenix, Arizona, was instructed to contact Col. C. W. Steinmann, and to obtain from him complete details of the conversation overheard by him concerning a purported attempt to assassinate Chancellor Hitler.

I quote herewith the telegraphic report received at this office from Special Agent Stein:

"COLONEL C W STEINMANN ADVISES THAT IN EARLY MAY THIS YEAR HE OVERHEARD TWO JEWS IN THE SANCARLOS HOTEL HERE (PHOENIX) NAMES UNREMEMBERED STATE THAT NEWYORKCITY JEWS WERE SENDING MAN TO GERMANY IN MAY ON NAMED GERMAN BOAT NOW UNREMEMBERED TO POISON OR SHOOT CHANCELLOR HITLER BETWEEN MAY AND SEPTEMBER THIS YEAR STOP STEINMANN ADVISES HE IMMEDIATELY WROTE LETTER TO GERMAN EMBASSY WASHINGTON GIVING FULL DETAILS OF CONVERSATION OVERHEARD INCLUDING NAMES OF TALKERS AND BOAT ASSASSIN WAS TO EMBARK ON STOP COLONEL STEINMANN IS POLITICAL EXILE FROM MEXICO AND ITS CITIZEN STOP INDICATION IS THAT HE IS STRONGLY ANTIJEWISH IN CONVERSATION AND PROHITLER"

Special Agent Stein is returning to this station on the morning of the 19th instant from a road trip, and at that time he will be instructed to prepare a detailed report of his interview with Colonel Steinmann, which report will be transmitted to you airmail.

Very truly yours,

JEPD:AB

CC Division

J. E. P. DUNDY, PARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Special Agent in Charge.

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AUG 22 1933 P.M.

Div. One

2015

U. S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

311 Hurley-Wright Building
Washington, D. C.August 19th
1 9 3 3Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 11-22-91 BY 15658/MT

#86-0710

11/12/99 SPICK/JS

RE: DANIEL STERN -
Threat to Assassinate German
Chancellor Adolf Hitler.

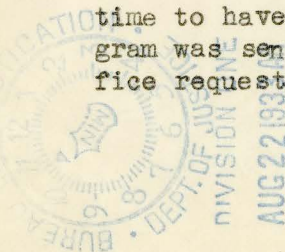
Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter of August 15th requesting to be advised of the status of the above case.

Attention is called to the reports of J. L. Craven, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated 5-3-33, and James E. Amos, New York City, dated 8-10-33. You will note from the report of Agent Craven that investigation at Philadelphia failed to locate Daniel Stern, and the report of Agent Amos reflects that investigation at New York City failed to locate C. Portugall, who had written a letter to the German Embassy with reference to a conversation he had overheard of a movement on foot to assassinate Chancellor Hitler.

A review of the file in this office reflects that under letter of May 27th you forwarded to this office a letter which had been written by Colonel C. W. Steinmann, Engineer of Mines, Tucson, Arizona, to the German Embassy, which stated in effect that he had overheard a conversation wherein an attempt was to be made to take the life of Chancellor Hitler. This case at that time was assigned to Agent Dwight Brantley, of this office, who was shortly thereafter called away on special assignment.

It seems that no action was taken by this office at that time to have Colonel C. W. Steinmann interviewed. However, a telegram was sent from this office on August 14th to the Los Angeles office requesting an interview to be had with Colonel Steinmann with



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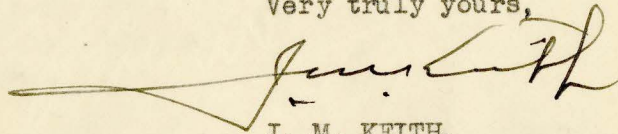
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BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
AUG 21 1933 A.M.	
JUSTICE	
One	FILE

- 2 -

instructions to submit a report immediately. This telegram was supplemented by a letter of even date.

This case has been reassigned and in the future will receive appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'J. M. Keith', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the left.

J. M. KEITH,
Special Agent in Charge

TNS:ps
62-2450

CAA:CSR
62-26760

August 15, 1933

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Please refer to the Division's letter of May 27th and your letter of June 2nd addressed to the New York Office, concerning the allegation that there is a plan to assassinate the German Chancellor, and advise the status of this case.

A copy of this letter is being forwarded to the New York Office and the Division desires that the matter be given immediate attention.

Very truly yours,

Director.

CC New York.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 15658/ptc

#86-0710

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AUG 15 1933

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BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AUG 16 1933 P.M.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

54 OCT 22 1945

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

U. S. Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

CAA:CSH
62-26760

August 14, 1933

Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Edwards	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Hughes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Nathan	
Mr. Tolson	

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Schoenfeld, of the State Department, inquired with reference to the latest communication alleging a plot to assassinate the German Chancellor. This had been forwarded to the Washington local office, which is the office of origin in this case.

I talked with Special Agent Stapleton and an effort will be made to report on the interview with Steinman, who is believed to be in Arizona, this week so that the State Department may advise the German Ambassador.

Respectfully,

C. A. Appel
C. A. Appel.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 156580/pte

#86-0710

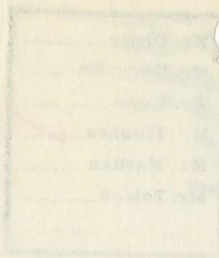
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AUG 24 1933

53 OCT 24 1945^{2/}

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AUG 21 1933 4 PM
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Div. One
VWH



JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

U. S. Bureau of Investigation

Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

August 14, 1933

62-25760
CAG:CH

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Rosenfeld, of the State Department, informed with reference to the latest communication alleging a plot to assassinate the German Chancellor. This had been forwarded to the Washington local office, which is the office of origin in this case.

RECEIVED



I talked with Special Agent Stastson and an effort will be made to report on the interview with Steinman, who is to be in Arizona, this week so that the State Department may be advised of the German Ambassador.

Respectfully,

AUG 15 1933 PM

C. A. Appel.



RECORDED
&
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AUG 24 1933

AUG 24 1933

CAA:LC

August 16, 1933.

~~62-24760-11~~

RECORDED

65-53615-X8

AUG 17 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL MALLOY.

In the case entitled DANIEL STERN, Threat to
Assassinate German Chancellor Adolf Hitler,
 there are transmitted herewith copies of the following
 reports:

<u>Special Agent</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Date</u>
James E. Amos	New York City	8-10-33.

Two copies of the above report are transmitted, one for
 transmittal to the Department of State if desired.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-22-91 BY 15658/mtc

#86-0710

11/12/99 SP CLK/JS



Very truly yours,

Director.

Incl. # 668204

53 OCT 24 1945 al

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

WASHINGTON, D. C.

N. Y. FILE NO. 62-3303

PS

REPORT MADE AT: NEW YORK CITY	DATE WHEN MADE: 8/10/33	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 7/18-23/33	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES E. AMOS
TITLE: DANIEL X STERN			CHARACTER OF CASE: THREAT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

C. Portugall not listed in the telephone or city directories. Also unknown to Postal authorities of the Highbridge Post Office Station. C. Portugall unknown to N. Y. C. Police Dept.

R.U.C.

REFERENCE:

Letter from Washington Field Office, dated June 2, 1933.

DETAILS:

At the Highbridge Post Office Station, Agent interviewed John T. Breunnich, Superintendent, and he advised that their records failed to show any person living in his district who used the name of C. Portugall or Daniel Stern. New York City directories and telephone directories fail to show any person named C. Portugall.

Agent interviewed Capt. William McDermott of the Alien Squad, New York City Police Department, and he advised that his records showed one Portugal (not Portugall). This person was formerly a member of the Trade Executive Board of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, 131 W. 28th St., New York City, and has, as far as he knows, no given name. Capt. McDermott further advised that it was his opinion that this person would not have warned the German Embassy if he had known of a plot to assassinate the German Chancellor, as he is a Jew. He further advised that his office did not have any further record of Portugal, except the one mentioned above, and that he was unknown to any of the members of his squad.

C. Portugal is not now connected with the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union and his whereabouts is unknown.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN

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APPROVED AND
FORWARDED:SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

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2 mally 8/16/33
R.A.A.

UNITED STATES

AUG 12 1933 A.M.

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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CHECKED OFF:

AUG 17 1933

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UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

WASHINGTON, D. C.

N. Y. FILE NO.

62-3303

PS

REPORT MADE AT: NEW YORK CITY	DATE WHEN MADE: 8/10/33	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 7/18-23/33	REPORT MADE BY: JAMES E. AMOS
TITLE: DANIEL STERN		CHARACTER OF CASE: THREAT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER	
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:</p> <p>C. Portugal not listed in the telephone or city directories. Also unknown to Postal authorities of the Highbridge Post Office Station. C. Portugal unknown to N. Y. C. Police Dept.</p> <p>R.U.C.</p> <p>Letter from Washington Field Office, dated June 2, 1933.</p> <p>At the Highbridge Post Office Station, Agent interviewed John T. Breunlich, Superintendent, and he advised that their records failed to show any person living in his district who used the name of C. Portugal or Daniel Stern. New York City directories and telephone directories fail to show any person named C. Portugal.</p> <p>Agent interviewed Capt. William McDermott of the Allen Squad, New York City Police Department, and he advised that his records showed one Portugal (not Portugal). This person was formerly a member of the Trade Executive Board of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, 131 W. 28th St., New York City, and has, as far as he knows, no given name. Capt. McDermott further advised that it was his opinion that this person would not have warned the German Embassy if he had known of a plot to assassinate the German Chancellor, as he is a Jew. He further advised that his office did not have any further record of Portugal, except the one mentioned above, and that he was unknown to any of the members of his squad.</p> <p>C. Portugal is not now connected with the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union and his whereabouts is unknown.</p> <p>REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN</p> <p>DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES</p>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: S New York S Wash. Field		<p>COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:</p> <p>3 Bureau</p> <p>ROUTED TO: BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FILE</p> <p>CHECKED OFF: AUG 17 1933</p> <p>RECORDED AND INDEXED: AUG 14 1933</p>	

U. S.
Division of Investigation,
311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

POSTAL



AUGUST 14 1933

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
619 FEDERAL BUILDING
LOS ANGELES CALIFORNIA

RE DANIEL STERN MISCELLANEOUS INTERVIEW COLONEL C W STEINMANN ENGINEER
OF MINES BOX SIXTEEN SIX TUCSON ARIZONA FOR DETAILS OF CONVERSATION
ALLEGEDLY OVERHEARD BY HIM CONCERNING PURPORTED ATTEMPT ASSASSINATE
CHANCELLOR HITLER SUBMIT REPORT IMMEDIATELY

SEAPLETON ACTING

TNS:ps
Time sent: 3:30 P.M.

cc- Bureau

File 62-2450

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11/12/99 SPICKER/JS

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Enclosure

65-53615-X8
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AUG 15 1933 A.M.
Div. One
FILE

2

U. S.
Division of Investigation,
311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

AUGUST 14 1933



POSTAL

LOS ANGELES CALIFORNIA
619 FEDERAL BUILDING
U S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

RE DANIEL STERN MISCELLANEOUS INTERVIEW COLONEL C W STEINMANN ENGINEER
OF MINES BOX SIXTYEEN SIX TUCSON ARIZONA FOR DETAILS OF CONVERSATION
ALLEGEDLY OVERHEARD BY HIM CONCERNING PURPORTED ATTEMPT ASSASSINATE
CHANCELLOR BITLER SUBMIT REPORT IMMEDIATELY
STAPLTON ACTING

Time sent: 3:30 P.M.
TMS:ps

cc - Bureau

File 62-2450

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 11/19/94 BY 2806-DJO
8/10/93

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
AUG 15 1933 A.M.	
Dist One	FILE

INDEXED

311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

August 14th
1 9 3 3

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
619 Federal Building,
Los Angeles, California.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1525 JSP/ste

#86-8716

11/12/99 SPICK/JS

RE: DANIEL STERN
Threat to Assassinate German
Chancellor Adolf Hitler

Dear Sir:

Supplementing my wire of even date, there is transmitted herewith a copy of a translation of a letter written in German to the German Embassy, in Washington, D. C., by Colonel C. W. Steinmann, who gives his address as Engineer of Mines, Box 166, Tucson, Arizona. This letter was mailed from Phoenix, Arizona on the 24th of April, this year.

I quote herewith a paragraph contained in a memorandum from Mr. Frank M. Parrish, Acting Head of the Criminal Division, of the Department, to the Director, dated March 31, 1933, in response to this matter:

"While it does not appear that the complaint falls within the provisions of any Federal Statute, in view of the request of the State Department will you please arrange to have the matter investigated."

As suggested by my wire, you should interview Colonel Steinmann for the details of the conversation which he overheard to ascertain the identity of the persons involved therein.

It is expected that a report will be received not later than August 21, 1933.

Very truly yours,

65-53615-X8

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

T. N. STAPLETON, AUG 15 1933 P.M.
Acting Special Agent in Charge

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Div. One

FILE

TNS:ps

Encl.

62-2450

cc-Director

311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.
June 2, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge,
United States Bureau of Investigation,
Room 1403, 370 Lexington Avenue,
New York City.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 WJF
#86-0710

Dear Sir:

There is transmitted herewith a copy of a translation of a letter written in German to the German Embassy in Washington, D. C. dated April 21, 1933 and signed by C. Portugall. This letter was received by the German Embassy on April 22, 1933 in a plain white envelope, post-marked April 21, 1933 at 7 a.m. at the High Bridge Station in New York.

For your further information in connection with this matter, there are also transmitted copies of the reports of Special Agent Dwight Brantley dated at Washington, D. C. April 12, 1933 and Special Agent J. L. Craven, dated at Philadelphia, Pa., May 3, 1933 in the case entitled DANIEL STERN - Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor Adolf Hitler. Because of the similarity of the information contained in both letters it is very probable that the threat by Daniel Stern is the one to which C. Portugall has referred. I quote herewith a paragraph contained in a memorandum from Mr. Frank M. Parrish, Acting Head of the Criminal Division of the Department to the Director dated March 31, 1933, in respect to the Daniel Stern matter:

"While it does not appear that the complaint falls within the provisions of any Federal Statute, in view of the request of the State Department, will you please arrange to have the matter investigated."

It is therefore suggested that you make an endeavor to locate C. Portugall and through him obtain any information possible concerning the identity of Daniel Stern. If Stern is located, it is suggested that inquiry be made into his sanity and that the status of his citizenship be determined.

Very truly yours,

J. M. KEITH,
Special Agent in Charge. JUN 3 1933 A.M.

TOK:JGM
62-2450

CC:Bureau
Encl.

65-53615-X8	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
JUN 3 1933 A.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
Div. One	FILE
Div. Four	

April 21, 1933.

To the German Embassy,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

Permit me to call your attention to the following. Having overheard a conversation between several Jews in New York, I learned that there is a movement on foot to assassinate Chancellor Adolf Hitler and that a young American Jew has already been selected to commit this murder. The Jews present were joyfully enthused over this plan.

I communicate this to you in order that if possible any such act might be prevented.

With full esteem,

(signed) C. Portugall.

TRANSLATION.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 [signature]
86-0710
11/12/99 SP 1CLK/SS

CAA:GAL

May 27, 1933.

RECORDED

62-5780

65-53615-X7

MAY 31 1933

Special Agent in Charge,
United States Bureau of Investigation,
Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

With further reference to the case of Daniel Stern, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor Adolf Hitler, there is transmitted herewith a translation of a note of May 11, received through the State Department from the German Ambassador in Washington, together with a translation of its enclosure, a letter from a certain Colonel C. W. Steinmann, regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor.

Please include this in the investigation being conducted by your office.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Encl. 332573.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 SP/ste
#860710
11/12/99 SP1 CLK/SS



CAR:GAJ

May 27, 1933.

RECORDED

~~62-26763-19~~

65-53615-X7

MAY 31 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. PARRISH
ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION

In reply to your memorandum of May 23, the additional complaint of Colonel C. W. Steinmann regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor, Adolf Hitler, has been transmitted to the local office with instructions to conduct an appropriate investigation.

Very truly yours,

Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 SP/ate

86 0710
11/12/99

SR CLK/JS



ADDRESS REPLY TO
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"
AND REFER TO
INITIALS AND NUMBER

FMP

235254

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Mr. Nathan	✓
Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Edwards	
Mr. Clegg	

HAF:KCC

May 23, 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

Referring to my memorandum of May 10 and yours of the 19th, concerning an investigation of allegations that a plan is under way to murder Reich Chancellor Adolf Hitler, I beg to attach hereto a translation of a note of May 11, 1933, received through the State Department from the German Ambassador in Washington, together with a translation of its enclosure of a letter from a certain Colonel C. W. Steinmann, relating to a conversation regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor.

Will you please include this complaint in your investigation, furnishing this Division with copies of the reports.

Respectfully,

Parrish

FRANK M. PARRISH,
Acting Head of the Criminal Division.

2 Encl.

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

65-53615-X7	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 24 1933 A.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
DIRECTOR	NATHAN
Div. Four	

MAY 31 1933

*Reply
5/27/33
[Signature]*

*address
Parrish*

(COPY)

TRANSLATION

(2)

Col. C. W. Steinman,
Engineer of Mines, Box 166,
Tucson, Arizona.

Overheard accidentally a conversation held in Yiddish today in the San Carlos Hotel, Phoenix, and understood partly as follows:

The one was the local Phoenix rabbi, the other a Jew from the Eastern part of the United States who wore a badge of the 33d degree of Freemasons. With money of local Jews, an attempt to murder Chancellor Hitler will be made on the beginning of May, if possible, with poison. If this does not succeed on the first of May, whereby suspicion would fall upon Communists, this would be done in June or July, throwing suspicion on Monarchists. Brisbane, the well known newspaper writer is in on the secret, and is being paid to make the proper background through stirring up of prejudice. An agent with money left New York City for Bremen a week ago. I beg that discretion be used.

Col. C. W. Steinman,

A native of Cologne, a Mexican citizen
of pure German descent.

Tr LSP:WCW.

COPIES DESTROYED
R 207 NOV 1 1960

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 24 1933 A.M.	
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
	FILE

65-53615-X7

(COPY)

TRANSLATION

(2)

GERMAN EMBASSY

The German Embassy has the honor to transmit to the Department of State enclosed herewith a communication received here from a Colonel C. W. Steinmann who gives his address as "Engineer of Mines, Box 166, Tucson, Arizona," together with the original envelop in which the letter was mailed in Phoenix, Arizona, on the 24th of April of this year. Colonel Steinmann reports a conversation in Yiddish alleged to have been overheard by him, according to which a murderous attack is to be made upon the Chancellor of the German Reich. The Embassy would be grateful to the Department of State of the United States if the facts upon which this communication is based were investigated and if as a result thereof the necessary steps were taken.

Washington, D. C., May 11, 1933.

Tr LSP:WCW.

COPIES DESTROYED

R 207 NOV 1 1960

65-53615-X7

DAA:GAY

May 19, 1933.

RECORDED

~~62-26560~~

65-53615-X6

MAY 22 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. PARRISH
ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION

In accordance with your memorandum of May 10th, instructions have been issued to institute an investigation of allegations that a plan is under way to murder Reich Chancellor Adolf Hitler. This is being considered in connection with the investigation of the threat sent by Daniel Stern to the German Ambassador at Washington. Copies of reports will be furnished your Division.

Very truly yours,

Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 B/pte

11/12/99 SPICK/KJS

May 19, 1933.

CAA:GAJ

RECORDED

~~62-55710-9~~
65-53615-X6

Special Agent in Charge,
United States Bureau of Investigation,
Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

With further reference to the case entitled
DANIEL STERN, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor
Adolf Hitler, there is transmitted herewith the original
of a letter written in German to the German Embassy in
Washington, April 21st, signed C. Portugall.

Please give the matter appropriate attention
in an effort to ascertain the truth of the allegations.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Encl. 332807.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 15258/ptc

#86-0710

11/12/99 SP 1CLK/JS



ADDRESS REPLY TO
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"
AND REFER TO
INITIALS AND NUMBER

FMP

235254

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

May 10, 1933.

Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Clegg

MAY 15 1933 AM

HAF:KCC

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

Referring to your memorandum of April 18th, concerning an investigation of a threat sent by one Daniel Stern to the German Ambassador at Washington, to assassinate the German Chancellor, and previous correspondence, I beg to attach hereto a copy of a memorandum from the Secretary of State, together with copies of its enclosures, which consist of an original letter and envelope from the German Embassy, relating to a conversation regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor. It will be noted from the translation that an alleged plan is under way to murder Reich Chancellor Adolf Hitler, and that a young American Jew has already been chosen to perform the act.

In view of the reference of this matter to the Department by the Secretary of State, it is suggested that some investigation be made of the matter and copies of the reports furnished this Division.

Frank M. Parrish
FRANK M. PARRISH,
Acting Head, Criminal Division.

4 Encl.

65-53615-X6
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 12 1933 A.M.
RECORDED
&
INDEXED
MAY 22 1933
DIRECTOR
NATHAN
Dir. Tour

Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Clegg

RECEIVED
MAY 10 1933

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D.C.

May 10, 1933.

RECEIVED
MAY 10 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

Referring to your memorandum of April 18th, con-
cerning an investigation of a threat sent by one Daniel
Stern to the German Ambassador at Washington, to assassi-
nate the German Ambassador, and previous correspondence, I
beg to attach hereto a copy of a memorandum from the Secre-
tary of State, together with copies of the letter which
consist of an original letter and envelope from
Embassy, relating to a conversation regarding a proposed
plan to assassinate the German Ambassador. It is noted
from the translation that an attempt is being made to
murder Reich Chancellor Adolf Hitler, and that a young Amer-
ican Jew has already been chosen to perform the act.

In view of the reference of this matter to the
Department by the Secretary of State, it is suggested
that some investigation be made of the matter and
reports furnished this Division.

RECEIVED
MAY 12 1933



MAY 12 1933 PM

62-33415-11
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 12 1933 A.M.
RECEIVED
DIRECTOR

MAY 22 1933

Handwritten notes and signatures:
Frank M. Parker
Acting Head, Criminal Division
MAY 12 1933 PM
MAY 22 1933
MAY 12 1933 PM

(COPY)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington

In reply refer to
WE

May 8, 1933

The Secretary of State presents his compliments to the Honorable the Attorney General and encloses for such action as may be proper a translation of a note of April 27, 1933, together with its enclosure of an original letter and the latter's covering envelope, from the German Embassy, relating to a conversation regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor.

Enclosures:

From German Embassy, April 27,
1933 (translation), with
original enclosures.

65-53615-X6

Copy: BMS:SS
Comp. MM

TRANSLATION

GERMAN EMBASSY

1 enclosure

The German Embassy has the honor to transmit to the Department of State the enclosed communication, signed "C. Portugall", (postmark New York) in which there is report of a plan to assassinate the Chancellor of the Reich. The German Embassy would be grateful if the proper steps could be taken in the matter.

Washington, D. C., April 27, 1933.

(Initialed "L")

65-53615-X6

Translation.

April 21, 1933.

To the German Embassy,
Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Permit me to draw your attention to the following.
In listening to a conversation between several New York Jews,
I learned that a plan is under way to murder Reich Chancellor
Adolph Hitler, and that a young American Jew has already been
chosen to perform the act. The Jews present were jubilant over
the plan. I am informing you of the above in order to prevent
a possible misfortune.

Very respectfully,

(signed) C. Portugall.

Tr: BHL:MCS

65-53615-X6

April the 21st 1933.Deutsche Botschaft
Washington

Eing.: 22. APR. 1933

Nr. —

An die Deutsche Botschaft
in
Washington D. C.

Geehrte Herren.

Erlauben Sie mir Ihnen auf folgendes
Aufmerksam zu machen.

Eine Unterredung zwischen mehrere New
York Juden gehörend vernahm ich, dass
ein plan unterwegs ist, Reichs Kanzler Adolf
Hitler zu ermorden und dass bereits ein
junger americanischer jude ausgewählt
ist, den Akt zu vollbringen. Die anwe-
senden Juden waren freudvoll erregt
über den plan.

Ich teile diese hier mit mit um wenn möglich
schlimmes zu verhüten.

In voller

Hochachtung

C. Portugall

15-33613-10

April the 21st 1933.Deutsche Botschaft
Washington

Eing.: 22. APR. 1933

Nr. —

An die Deutsche Botschaft

in Washington D. C.

Geachte Herren.

Erlauben Sie mir Ihnen auf folgendes
Aufmerksam zu machen.

Eine Unterredung zwischen mehrere New
York Juden gehörend vernahm ich, dass
ein plan unterwegs ist, Reichs Kanzler Adolf
Hitler zu ermorden und dass bereits ein
junger americanischer jude ausgewählt
ist, den Akt zu vollbringen. Die anwe-
senden Juden waren freudvoll erregt
über den plan.

Ich teile diese hiermit mit um wenn möglich
schlimmes zu verhüten.

In voller

Hochachtung

C. Partigall.

65-53615-X6



To the Secretary
of the German Embassy
Washington D. C.

April the 21st 1933.Deutsche Botschaft
Washington

Eing.: 22. APR. 1933

Nr. —

An die Deutsche Botschaft

in Washington D. C.

Geehrte Herren.

Erlauben Sie mir Ihnen auf folgendes
Aufmerksam zu machen.

Eine Unterredung zwischen mehrere New
York Juden gehörend vernahm ich, dass
ein plan unterwegs ist, Reichs Kanzler Adolf
Hitler zu ermorden und dass bereits ein
junger americanischer jode ausgewählt
ist, den Akt zu vollbringen. Die anwe-
senden Juden waren freudvoll erregt
über den plan.

Ich teile diese hiermit mit um wenn möglich
schlimmes zu verhüten.

In voller

Hochachtung

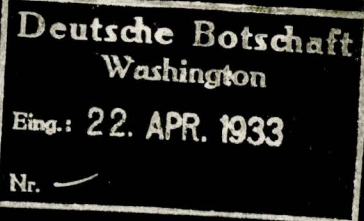
C. Portugal



To the Secretary
of the German Embassy
Washington D. C.



To the Secretary
of the German Embassy
Washington D. C.

April the 21st 1933.

An die Deutsche Botschaft

in
Washington D. C.

Geehrte Herren.

Erlauben Sie mir Ihnen auf folgendes
Aufmerksam zu machen.

Eine Unterredung zwischen mehrere New
York Juden zuhörend vernahm ich, dass
ein plan unterwegs ist, Reichs Kanzler Adolf
Hitler zu ermorden und dass bereits ein
junger americanischer jode ausgewählt
ist, den Akt zu vollbringen. Die anwe-
senden Juden waren freudvoll erregt
über den plan.

Ich teile diese hier mit mit um womöglich
schlimmes zu verhüten.

In voller

Hochachtung

C. Portugal.



To the Secretary
of the German Embassy
Washington D. C.

JLR:CSH

~~62-25760-4~~

May 10, 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. PARRISH, ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION.

In the case entitled DANIEL ~~STERN~~, THREAT TO
ASSASSINATE GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER,
 there are transmitted herewith copies of the following
 reports:

Special AgentOfficeDate

J. L. Craven

Philadelphia,
Pennsylvania

May 3, 1933.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11-22-91 BY 1525 SP/pte

#86-0710
 11/12/99 SPICK/KJS

Very truly yours,

661585.

Director.

Incl.#

BUREAU FILES DIVISION
MAILED

MAY 10 1933

U.S. JUSTICE

54 OCT 22 1945

INDEXED

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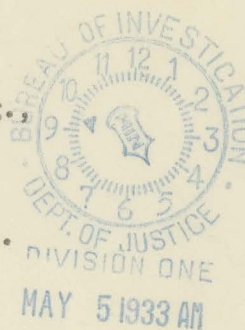
65-53615-X5	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 11 1933 P.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
	FILE

U. S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

735 Philadelphia Saving Fund Bldg.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

May 3, 1933.



Director,
United States Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

In reference to your letter of May 2, 1933,
you are informed that a report has been dictated in case
entitled ~~DANIEL STERN~~, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor
Adolf Hitler, and will be forwarded to the Bureau as of this
date.

Very truly yours,

R. G. Harvey
R.G. Harvey,
Special Agent in Charge.

RGH:AG.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1275889/pte
#86,0710
11/12/99

SP 1 CLK/SS

INDEXED
RECORDED

MAY 5 - 1933

530CT 24 1945²¹

65-53615-X4

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 4 1933 A.M.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NATHAN
Div. One
Div. Four

U. S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

735 Philadelphia Saving Fund Bldg.
Philadelphia, Pa.

May 3, 1933

Director,
United States Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

In reference to your letter of May 2, 1933,
you are informed that a report has been dictated in case
entitled DANIEL BROWN, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor
Kurt Hinner, and will be forwarded to the Bureau as of this
date.

Very truly yours,

R. G. Harvey
R. G. Harvey,
Special Agent in Charge.

RCH:AC

RECEIVED



MAY 4 1933

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-27-91 BY 1042/SP/STP
11/10/99 291624/22

2-23412-X7	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 4 1933 A.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	

MAY 5 - 1933

630CT 24 1933

- 2 -

Mr. A. P. Mowitz, consul, who, after an examination of his files, advised that he has received no information relative to Daniel Stern; further, that he was not advised of any communication addressed to the President or other individual regarding Chancellor Adolf Hitler. Mr. Mowitz stated that, in all probability, it was written by some crank, who is a sympathizer of the Jewish element; that, oftentimes, he is besieged by individuals who make threats upon him, but that they are all of the crank type and he dismisses them and pays no attention to them as he does not consider their threats serious. He stated that, in the event he receives any information relative to Daniel Stern, he will immediately communicate with the Philadelphia Office of this Bureau.

At the U. S. Post Office, agent interviewed Mr. O'Donnell, assistant to the Superintendent of Mails, who advised that his records disclose no information on Daniel Stern; but that, in the event such information is received, he will notify the Philadelphia Office at once.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

FILE NO. 62-963 MEC

REPORT MADE AT: PHILADELPHIA, PA.	DATE WHEN MADE: 5/3/33	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/20-21/33	REPORT MADE BY: J. L. CRAVEN
TITLE: DANIEL STERN			CHARACTER OF CASE: THREAT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Examination of city directory and telephone directories, Philadelphia, discloses one Daniel Stern, address 210 North 35th Street, the Powelton Apartments. Investigation at this apartment discloses that the individual left there nearly a year ago, present whereabouts unknown. A. P. Mowitz, German consul, 1420 Walnut Street, advises he has received no information relative to letter written by subject Stern. No information obtained from Post Office.

- RUC -

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1265 RPTC
#86-0710

REFERENCE:

Report of Special Agent Dwight Brantley, Washington, 4/12/33

11/12/99 SPICK/JS

DETAILS:

AT PHILADELPHIA

Examination of the telephone directories failed to disclose such a subscriber as Daniel Stern listed. Examination of the city directory disclosed one Daniel Stern, Powelton Apartments, 210 North 35th Street, Philadelphia.

DETAILS:

At this address, agent was advised by the janitor that Mr. Stern left the apartment over a year ago and that his present address is unknown; that he appeared to be a very high type person and was highly respected by the other tenants in the apartment house.

At the German consulate, 1420 Walnut Street, agent interviewed

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	RECORDED AND INDEXED:	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 3 - BUREAU 2 - WASH. F. 2 - PHILADELPHIA		BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
		DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
		ROUTED TO:	FILE
		CHECKED OFF:	
		JACKETED:	

VWH:AMP:LC
62-26760

May 2, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge,
United States Bureau of Investigation,
735 Philadelphia Saving Fund Building,
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Dear Sir:

Please refer to the report of Special Agent Dwight Brantley, dated at Washington, D. C., April 12, 1933, entitled DANIEL STERN, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor Adolf Hitler, and advise the result of such investigation as has been made by your office pursuant to the undeveloped leads set out therein.

Very truly yours,

Director.

cc - Washington Field.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 SP/pte
#86-0710
11/12/99

SPICK/SS



INDEXED

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65-53615-X2	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 3 1933 P.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
	FILE

54 OCT 22 1945²¹

VWH:EB

~~62-26760-4~~

RECORDED

65-53615-X1

APR 20 1933

April 18, 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. PARRISH,
ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION.

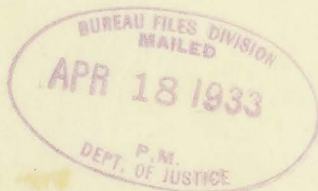
Pursuant to your request of March 31st, an inquiry has been inaugurated into the threat sent by one Daniel Stern to the German Ambassador at Washington, to assassinate the German Chancellor, Adolf Hitler, and there is enclosed herewith for your information a copy of the report submitted by Special Agent Dwight Brantley of the Washington local office dated April 12th, from which you will note that the inquiry is to be pursued at Philadelphia.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Enc. #200043.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 150580/pte
#86-0710
11/12/99 SPICK 155



54 OCT 22 1945

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **Washington, D. C.**FILE NO. **62-2450**

REPORT MADE AT: Washington, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE: 4/12/33	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/11/33	REPORT MADE BY: DWIGHT BRANTLEY CMF
TITLE: DANIEL STERN			CHARACTER OF CASE: THREAT TO ASSASSINATION OF GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

German Ambassador at Washington received a letter containing a threat upon the life of German Chancellor Adolf Hitler. Investigation indicates that the letter containing said threat was mailed in Philadelphia about March 24, 1933. German Ambassador requested investigation by State Department, which referred the matter to the Attorney General of the United States.

-P-

REFERENCE: Bureau letter dated April 5, 1933.

DETAILS:

At Washington, D. C.

With the letter of reference was transmitted a copy of a letter from the German Ambassador at Washington, D. C., to the Secretary of State, which relates to a letter received at the German Embassy in Washington, dated March 23, 1933, which contains a threat to assassinate the German Chancellor Adolf Hitler. This letter is signed Daniel Stern. The letter is as follows:

"March 23, 1933.

DETAILS:

Dear Sir:

I have asked President Roosevelt to publicly remonstrate with your government the outrages upon the Jews in Germany, and to demand an immediate and complete end of this persecution.

In the event that he does not make such a statement, I notify you

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>R. P. Murphy</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	65-53615-X1 APR 13 1933A.M. BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ROUTED TO: <i>One</i> FILE	RECORDED AND INDEXED: APR 18 1933 CHECKED OFF: APR 20 1933 JACKETED:
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 3-Bureau 2-Philadelphia 2-Washington Field <i>COPIES DESTROYED 8207 NOV 1 1964</i>		

-2-

that I shall go to Germany and assassinate Hitler.

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) Daniel Stern.

The German Ambassador,
Washington, D. C."

Special Agent R. E. Newby of the Washington Field Office, who is personally acquainted with Mr. Alfred Lueders, Secretary at the German Embassy in Washington, ascertained from Mr. Lueders that the letter quoted above from Daniel Stern was postmarked, Philadelphia, Pa., March 24, 1933.

Further information concerning the identity of Daniel Stern is not available at the State Department at Washington, nor at the German Embassy.

The German Ambassador requested that the State Department conduct an investigation in the matter, and the Secretary of State referred the matter to the Attorney General who, in turn, referred same to the Bureau.

UNDEVELOPED LEAD:

PHILADELPHIA BUREAU OFFICE

At PHILADELPHIA, PA., will endeavor to locate Daniel Stern and obtain all information, possible, concerning him. He should also be interviewed concerning the threat contained in the letter quoted in this report.

It is suggested that the German Consul in Philadelphia be contacted as it is likely that this official has received letters from the same individual, or may have heard of him through some source.

PENDING

-2-

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT Washington, D. C.FILE NO. 62-2450

REPORT MADE AT: <u>Washington, D. C.</u>	DATE WHEN MADE: <u>4/12/33</u>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: <u>4/11/33</u>	REPORT MADE BY: <u>DWIGHT BRANTLEY</u> CMF
TITLE: <u>DANIEL STERN</u>			CHARACTER OF CASE: <u>THREAT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER</u>

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

German Ambassador at Washington received a letter containing a threat upon the life of German Chancellor Adolf Hitler. Investigation indicates that the letter containing said threat was mailed in Philadelphia about March 24, 1933. German Ambassador requested investigation by State Department, which referred the matter to the Attorney General of the United States.

-P-

REFERENCE: Bureau letter dated April 5, 1933.

DETAILS:

At Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1925 SP/MLT

86-0710

11/12/99 SPICK/BS

With the letter of reference was transmitted a copy of a letter from the German Ambassador at Washington, D. C., to the Secretary of State, which relates to a letter received at the German Embassy in Washington, dated March 23, 1933, which contains a threat to assassinate the German Chancellor Adolf Hitler. This letter is signed Daniel Stern. The letter is as follows:

"March 23, 1933.

DETAILS:

Dear Sir:

I have asked President Roosevelt to publicly remonstrate with your government the outrages upon the Jews in Germany, and to demand an immediate and complete end of this persecution.

In the event that he does not make such a statement, I notify you

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	RECORDED AND INDEXED:	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 3-Bureau 2-Philadelphia 2-Washington Field		CHECKED OFF:	
		JACKETED:	
		ROUTED TO:	
		UNITED STATES	FILE
		BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	

VWH:LC

~~62-25760-5~~

65-53615-X

April 5, 1933.

RECORDED

Special Agent in Charge,
United States Bureau of Investigation,
Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 1565 SP/pte
86-0710

Dear Sir:

There is enclosed herewith a copy of a memorandum received from Mr. Frank M. Parrish, Acting Head of the Criminal Division of the Department, dated March 31, 1933, with enclosures consisting of a translation of a note dated March 28, 1933, from the German Ambassador, together with its enclosure of a letter threatening the assassination of the German Chancellor.

You will note Mr. Parrish states that while it does not appear that the complaint falls within the provisions of any Federal Statute, nevertheless, in view of the request of the State Department he is desirous of conducting an investigation of the matter. You will please, therefore, conduct an investigation in an effort to ascertain the identity of the writer of the threatening letter, and such information as may be available concerning him.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Encl. #211242



54 OCT 22 1945

VWH:LC

~~62-26760-3~~

RECORDED

65-53615-X

April 4, 1933.

APR 5 - 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. FRANK M. PARNISH,
ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION.

The Bureau desires to acknowledge receipt of your memorandum of the 31st ultimo, with enclosures, consisting of a copy of a translation of a note dated March 28, 1933, from the German Ambassador, and an accompanying letter threatening the assassination of the German Chancellor.

In line with your request, the local office of the Bureau has been instructed to conduct an investigation for the purpose of ascertaining the identity of the writer of the threatening letter, and such information as may be available concerning him.

Very truly yours,

Director.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-22-91 BY 15654/SP/MLC

86-0710

11/12/99

SP 12LK/55

BUREAU FILES DIVISION
MAILED

APR 4 1933

ADDRESS REPLY TO
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"
AND REFER TO
INITIALS AND NUMBER

EMP- *HAD*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

HAF:CF

235254

March 31, 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

There is transmitted herewith a copy of a translation of a note dated March 28th from the German Ambassador, together with its enclosure of a letter threatening the assassination of the German Chancellor. These papers have been submitted to this Department by the Secretary of State, and upon inquiry by telephone this office is informed that the State Department desires that the matter be investigated.

While it does not appear that the complaint falls within the provisions of any Federal statute, in view of the request of the State Department, will you please arrange to have the matter investigated, furnishing copies of the reports to this Division.

Respectfully,

RECORDED

&

INDEXED

FRANK M. PARRISH

Acting Head of the Criminal Division.

APR 1 1933 A.M.

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

APR 5 - 1933

65-53615-X	
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
NATHAN	
Div. One	FILE

COPIES DESTROYED

R 207 NOV 1 1960

2 Encl.

1/ threat to assassinate the German Chancellor Adolph Hitler

Adolph Hitler

*File
Lit Washington field
4-4-33
WCH*

copy

an 69

COPY: WE:MLD
COMP: al

TRANSLATION

GERMAN EMBASSY

Washington, D.C., March 28, 1933.

Mr. Secretary of State:

Enclosed herewith I have the honor to transmit a communication received here, wherein the assassination of the Chancellor of the Reich, Mr. Adolf Hitler, is threatened. I would be grateful if an investigation of the matter could be made and the results thereof communicated to me at its conclusion.

Accept, Mr. Secretary of State, the renewed assurance of my most distinguished respect.

(S) F. W. v. PRITTWITZ.

To His Excellency
The Secretary of State of the United States,
Mr. Cordell Hull.

1 Enclosure.

Copy

65-53615-X

Deutsche Botschaft
Washington

Eing.: 25. MRZ. 1933

Nr.

March 23, 1933.

Dear Sir:

I have asked President Roosevelt to publicly remonstrate with your government the outrages upon the Jews in Germany, and to demand an immediate and complete end of this persecution.

In the event that he does not make such a statement, I notify you that I shall go to Germany and assassinate Hitler.

Yours sincerely,

Daniel Stern.

The German Ambassador

Washington, D.C.

COPIES DESTROYED

R 207 NOV 4 1960

65-53615-X